



British  
Geological  
Survey



MONTHLY MAGNETIC BULLETIN

# Jim Carrigan Observatory

August 2023



# Jim Carrigan Observatory magnetic data

## 1. Introduction

Jim Carrigan Observatory is the fourth overseas geomagnetic observatory established by the British Geological Survey (BGS). The installation was a joint venture between BGS and Sperry Drilling Services (SDS), Halliburton in support of directional drilling programmes. SDS operated a prototype station since 1997, which was upgraded by the BGS to a standard high-quality observatory in October 2003.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

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Email: [enquiries@bgs.ac.uk](mailto:enquiries@bgs.ac.uk)  
Internet: [geomag.bgs.ac.uk](http://geomag.bgs.ac.uk)

## 2. Position

Jim Carrigan Observatory is situated at T-Pad, a man-made gravel bed close to the drilling sites at Prudhoe Bay, Alaska, USA. The observatory co-ordinates are:

*Geographic:* 70° 21'21.6"N 211° 12'03.6"E  
*Geomagnetic:* 70° 28'04.8"N 257° 28'30.0"E  
*Height above mean sea level:* 20 m (approx)

The geographical coordinates are measured by a handheld GPS device, which uses WGS84 as the reference coordinate system. The height above MSL is determined from the best available contour maps. The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 13th generation International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2022.5. On-line access to models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at [geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data\\_service/models\\_compass/home](http://geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home)

## 3. The observatory operation

### 3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed and became fully operational from October 2003. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by the Danish Meteorological Institute, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal ( $H$ ) and vertical ( $Z$ ) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination ( $D$ ). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors there is a proton precession magnetometer (PPM) making measurements of the absolute total field intensity ( $F$ ) at a rate of 0.05Hz.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 13-point cosine filter

### 3.2 Absolute observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. Two sets of absolute measurements of the field are made manually once per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine  $D$  and inclination ( $I$ ); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for  $F$ . The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

## 4. Observatory results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

### 4.1 Absolute observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of  $D$ ,  $H$  and  $Z$  (in the sense absolute-variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute  $F$  and the  $F$  computed from the baseline corrected  $H$  and  $Z$  values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured-derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

### 4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in  $D$ ,  $H$  and  $Z$ . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

### 4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of  $D$ ,  $H$  and  $Z$  from the fluxgate sensors, with any gaps filled using back-up data. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

### 4.4 Hourly mean value plots

Hourly mean values of  $D$ ,  $H$  and  $Z$  for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

### 4.5 Daily and monthly mean values

Daily mean values of  $D$ ,  $H$ ,  $Z$  and  $F$  are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

## 5. Conditions of use

The data presented in this bulletin are provided for personal, academic, educational, non-commercial research or other non-commercial use and are not for sale or distribution to third parties without written permission from BGS.

Reproduction of any part of this bulletin should be accompanied by the statement: 'Reproduced with the permission of the British Geological Survey ©UKRI. All rights Reserved'. Publications making use of the data should include an acknowledgment statement of the form: 'The results presented in this paper rely on the data collected at Jim Carrigan magnetic observatory, operated by Sperry Drilling Services, Halliburton and the British Geological Survey with support from BP.'

Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at [geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff](http://geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff)

# Jim Carrigan Observatory

## Absolute observations

Date	Day Number	Declination			Inclination		Total field		Horizontal intensity		Vertical intensity		Observer
		Time (UT)	Absolute (°)	Baseline (°)	Time (UT)	Absolute (°)	Site difference (nT)	Absolute corrected (nT)	Absolute (nT)	Baseline (nT)	Absolute (nT)	Baseline (nT)	
21-Aug-23	233	19:15	15.3634	16.8917	19:27	80.7749	7.4	57125.3	9158.0	9011.7	56386.5	56601.0	TM
21-Aug-23	233	19:43	15.1954	99999.0	19:56	80.7671	7.4	57125.2	9165.6	9010.8	56385.1	56601.0	TM
22-Aug-23	234	01:02	14.9210	16.8933	01:14	80.7499	7.4	57166.6	9189.3	9011.4	56423.3	56600.8	TM
22-Aug-23	234	01:25	14.9009	16.8900	01:35	80.6819	7.4	57150.9	9253.6	9010.8	56396.8	56600.9	TM
23-Aug-23	235	00:47	14.8842	16.8850	00:55	80.7544	7.4	57165.3	9184.5	9009.2	56422.6	56600.8	TM
23-Aug-23	235	01:03	14.8942	99999.0	01:15	80.7114	7.4	57154.3	9225.1	9011.2	56404.9	56600.6	TM
24-Aug-23	236	18:54	15.1996	16.8933	19:05	80.8407	7.4	57138.2	9095.3	9011.6	56409.7	56600.5	TM
24-Aug-23	236	19:15	15.1988	16.8867	19:26	80.7891	7.4	57122.0	9143.5	9010.2	56385.4	56600.8	TM

# Jim Carrigan Obs 2023

Declination : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)

16.89

5min

Horizontal Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)

9009

20nT

Vertical Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)

56602

6nT

Total Intensity : Absolute (Proton F) - Baseline Adjusted Variometer (derived F)

-7.4

20nT

Temperature Inside Variometer Hut

11.7

20°C

Jan

Feb

Mar

Apr

May

Jun

Jul

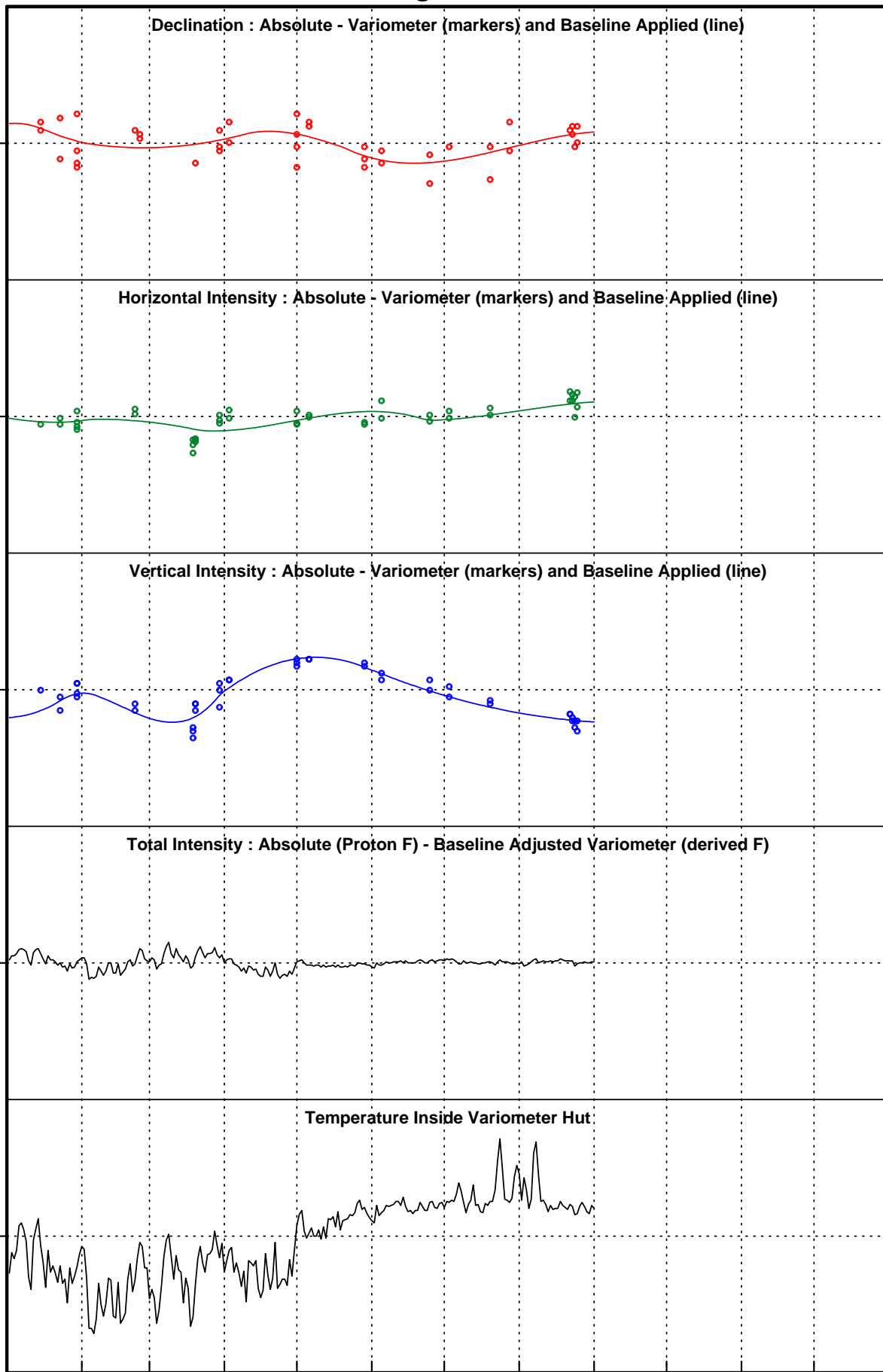
Aug

Sep

Oct

Nov

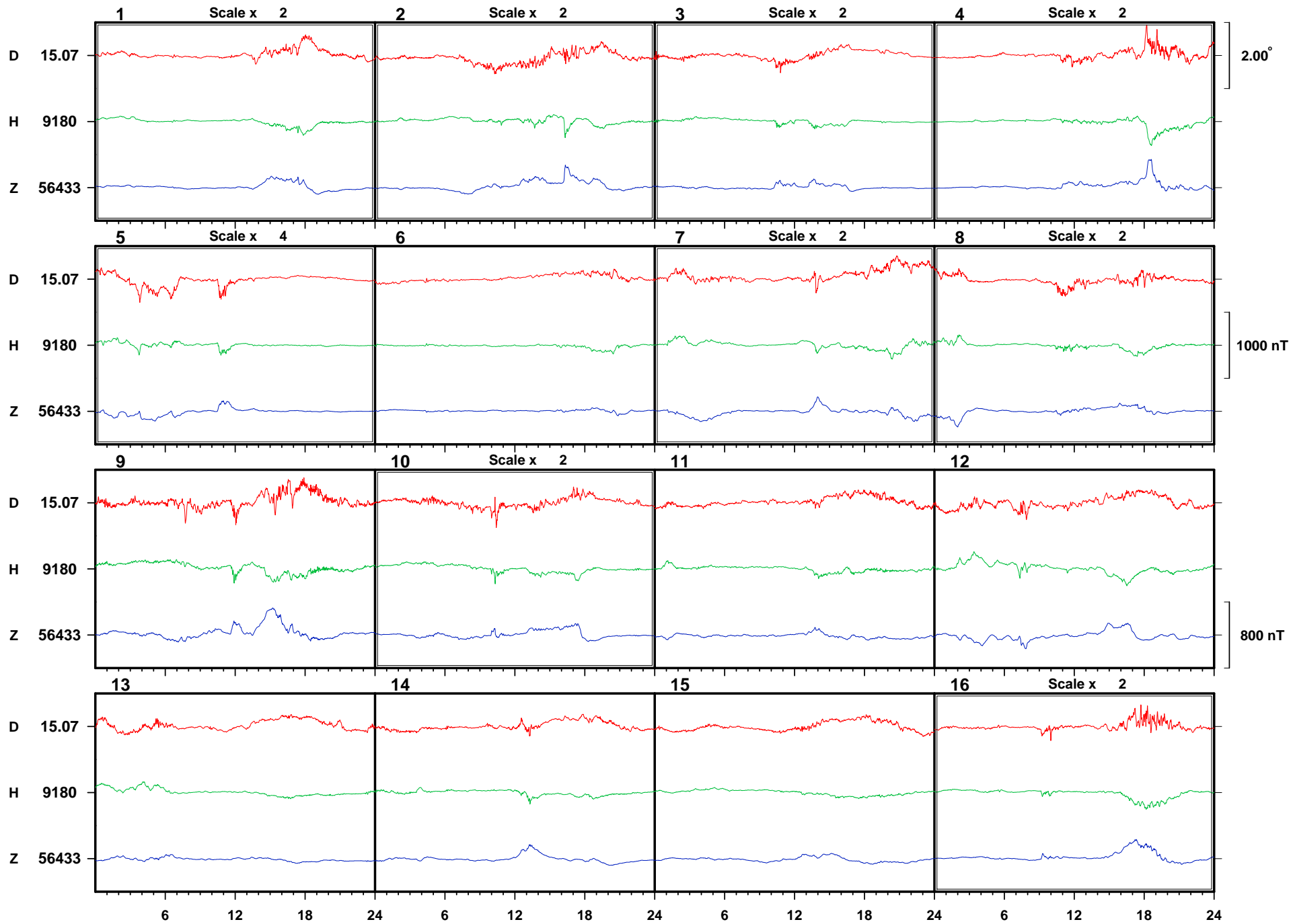
Dec

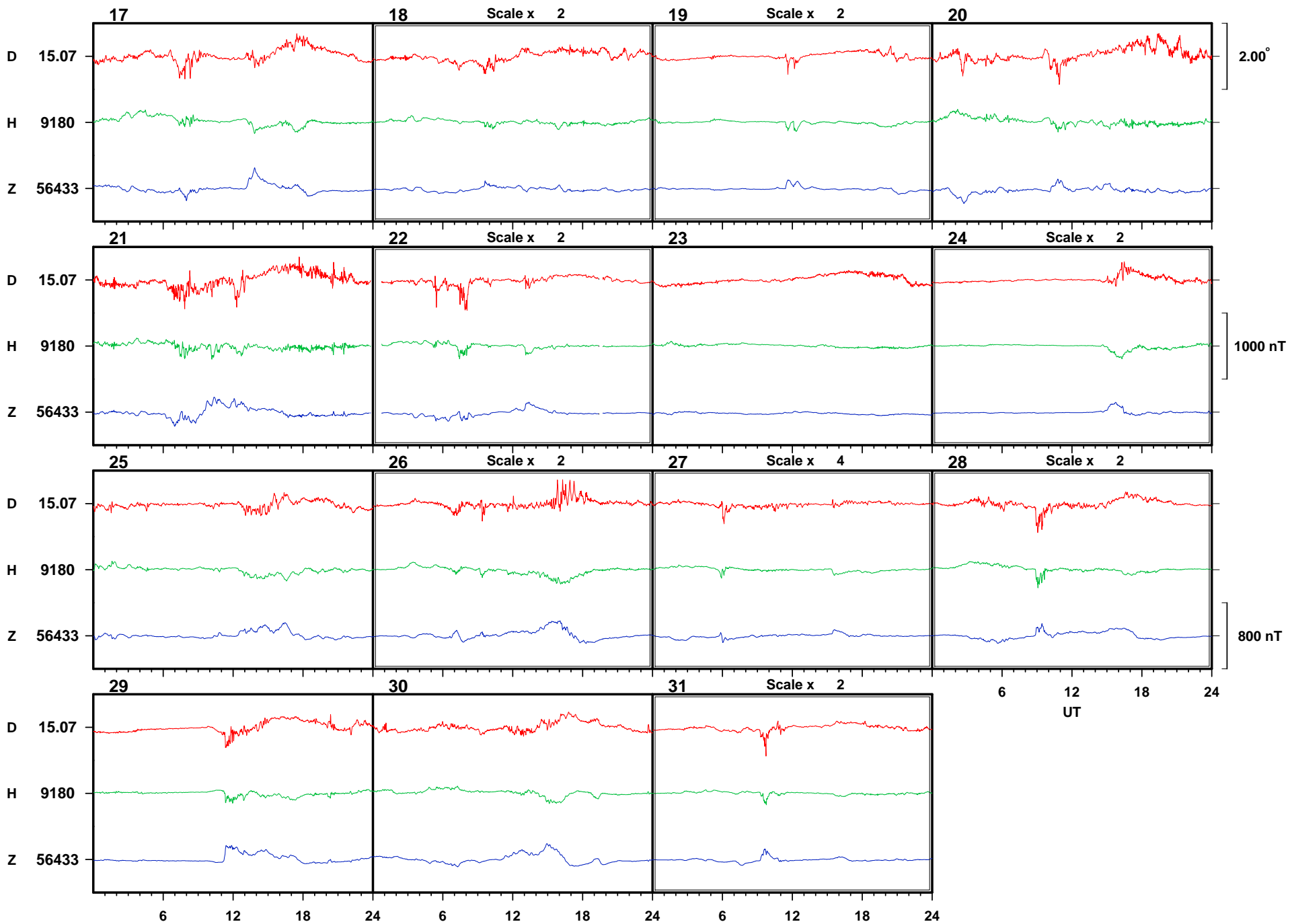


Jim Carrigan

August

2023





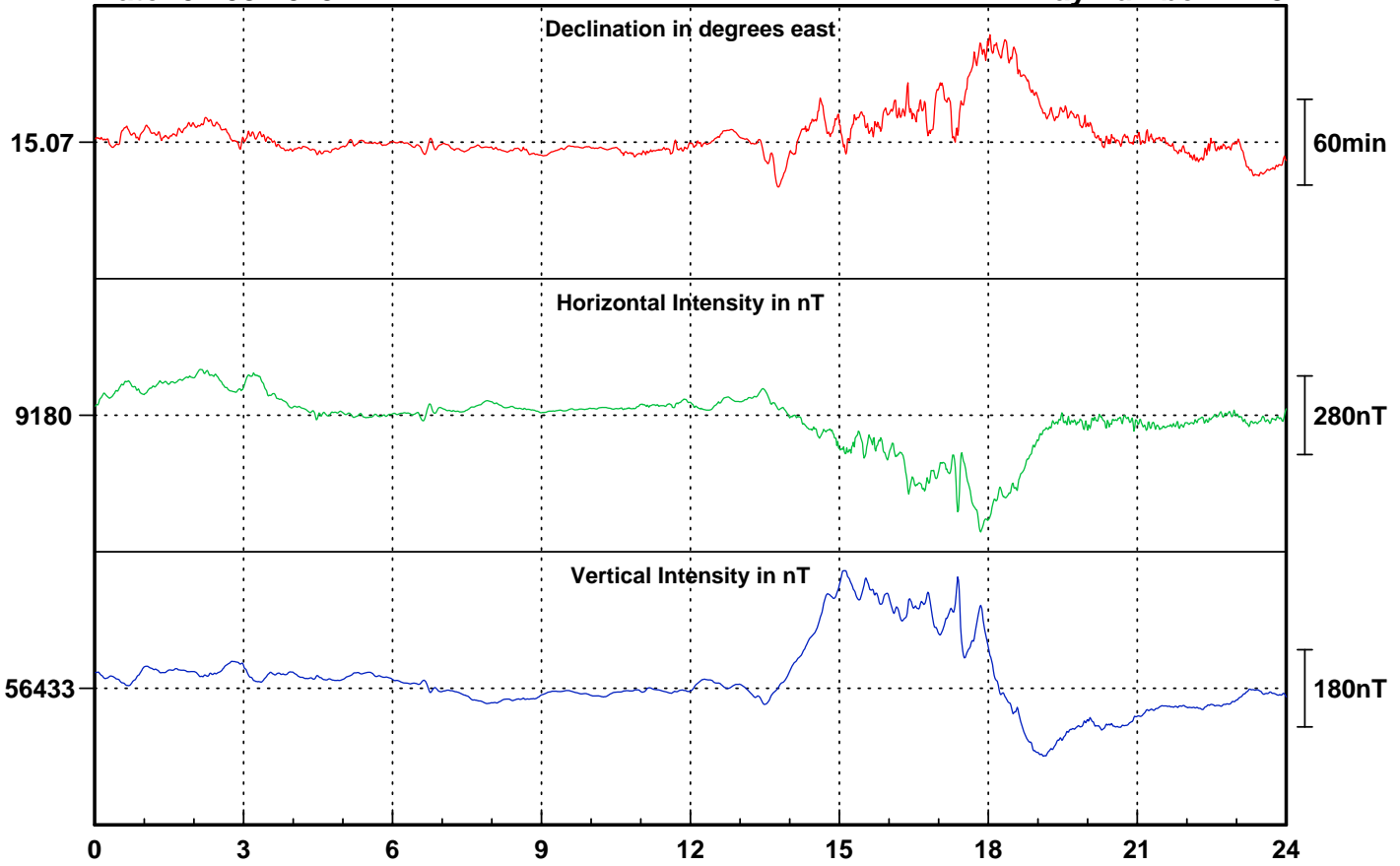
Jim Carrigan August 2023



Date: 01-08-2023

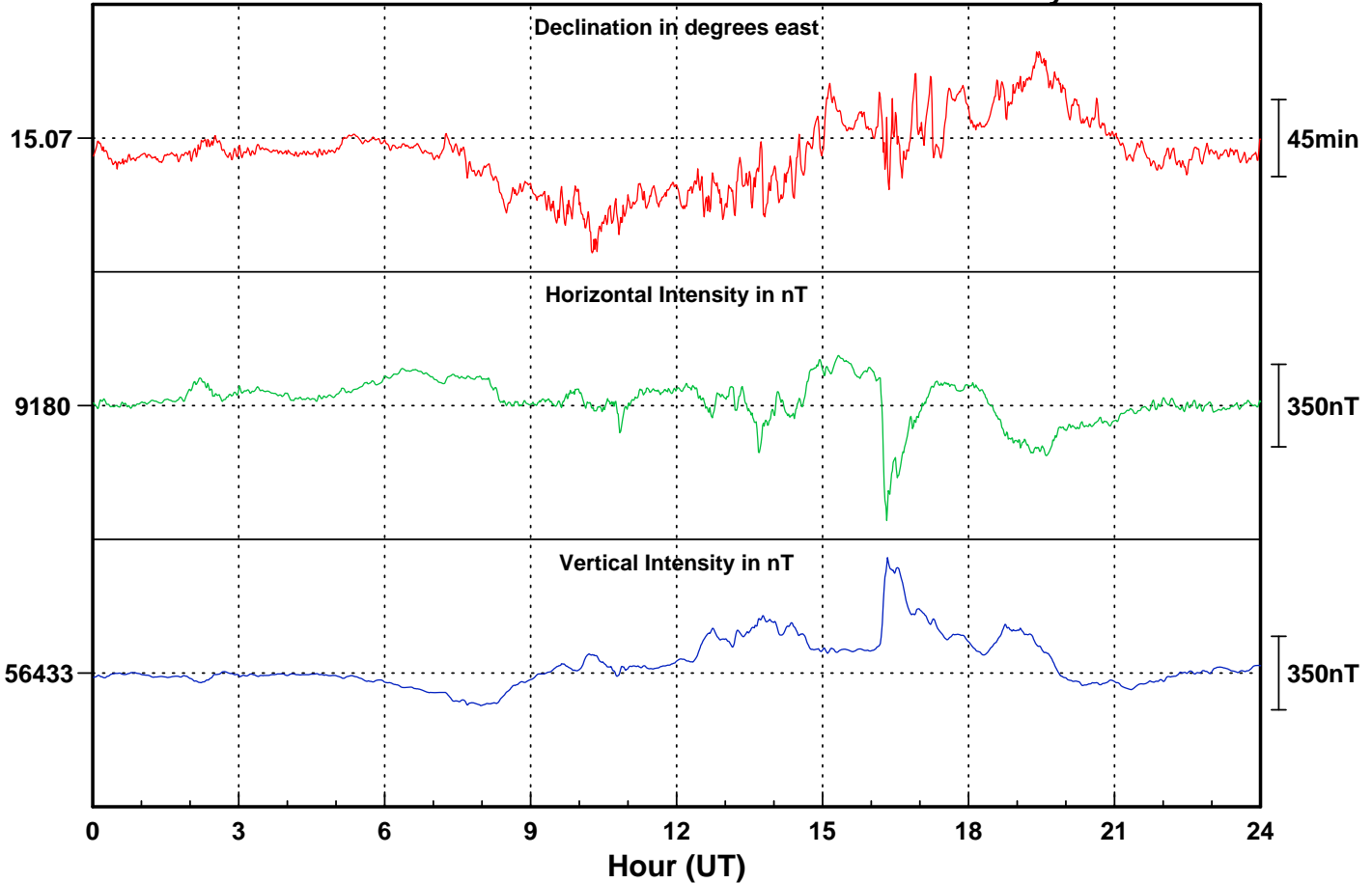
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 213



Date: 02-08-2023

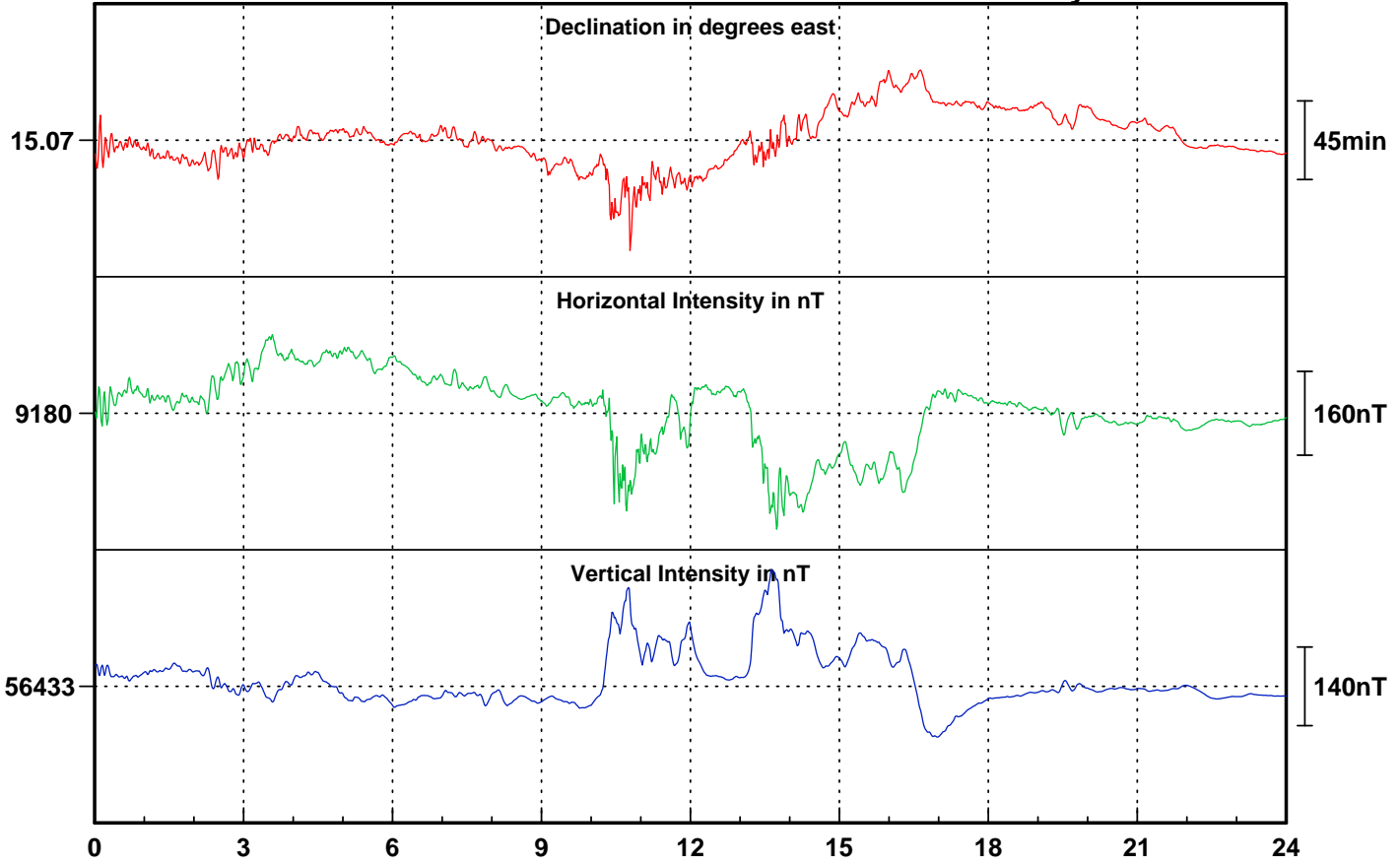
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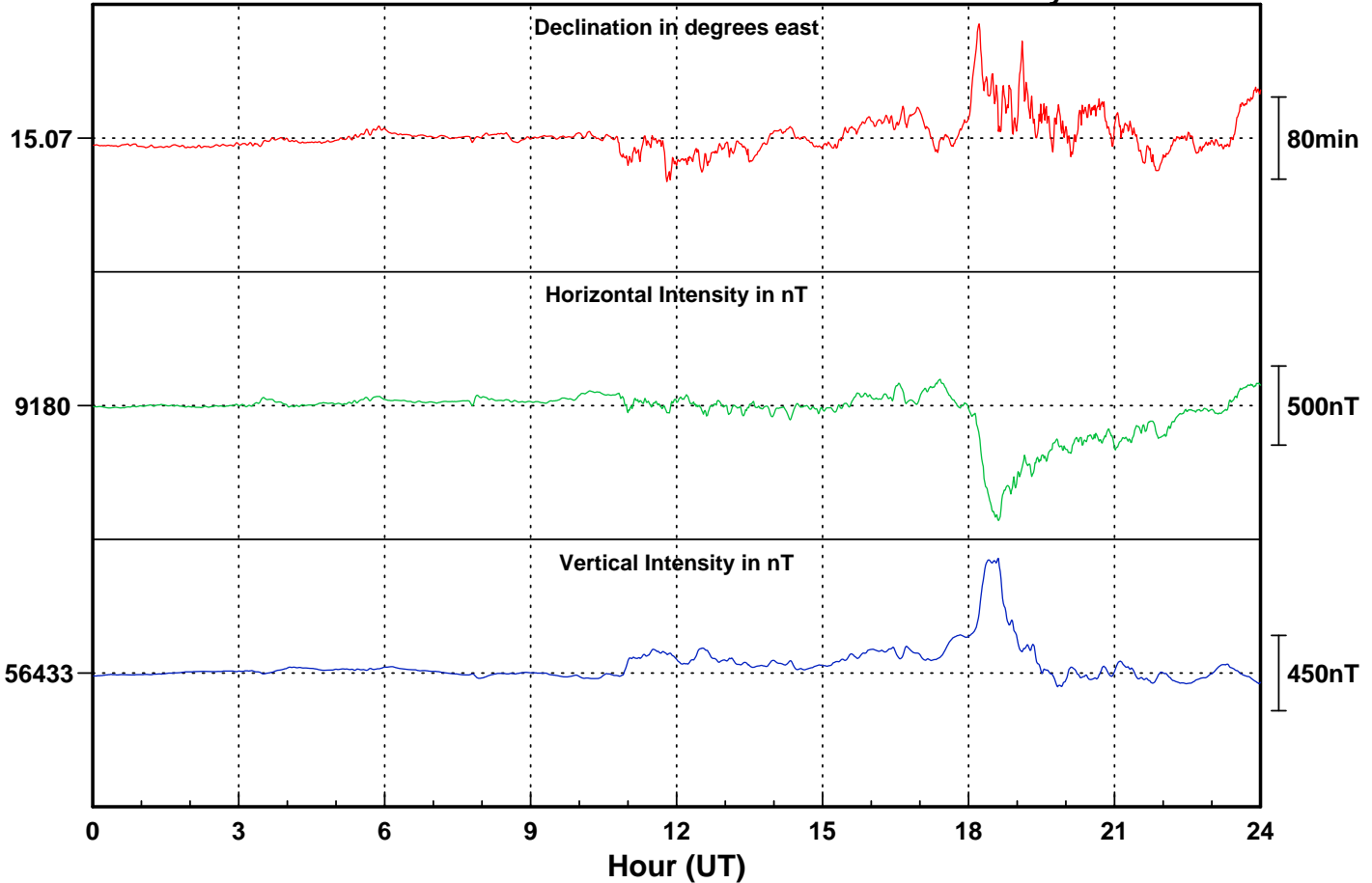
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 215



Date: 04-08-2023

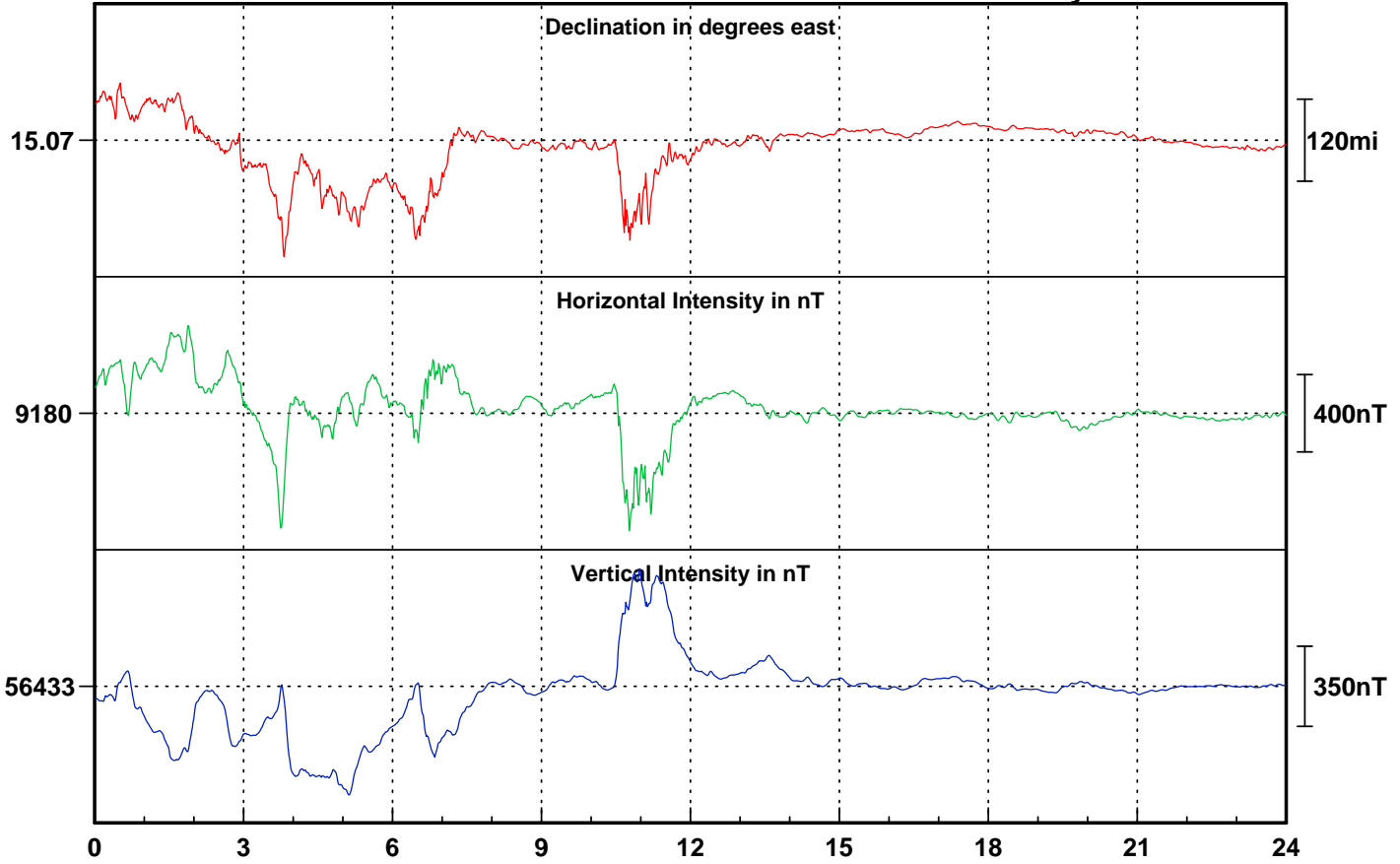
Day number: 216



Date: 05-08-2023

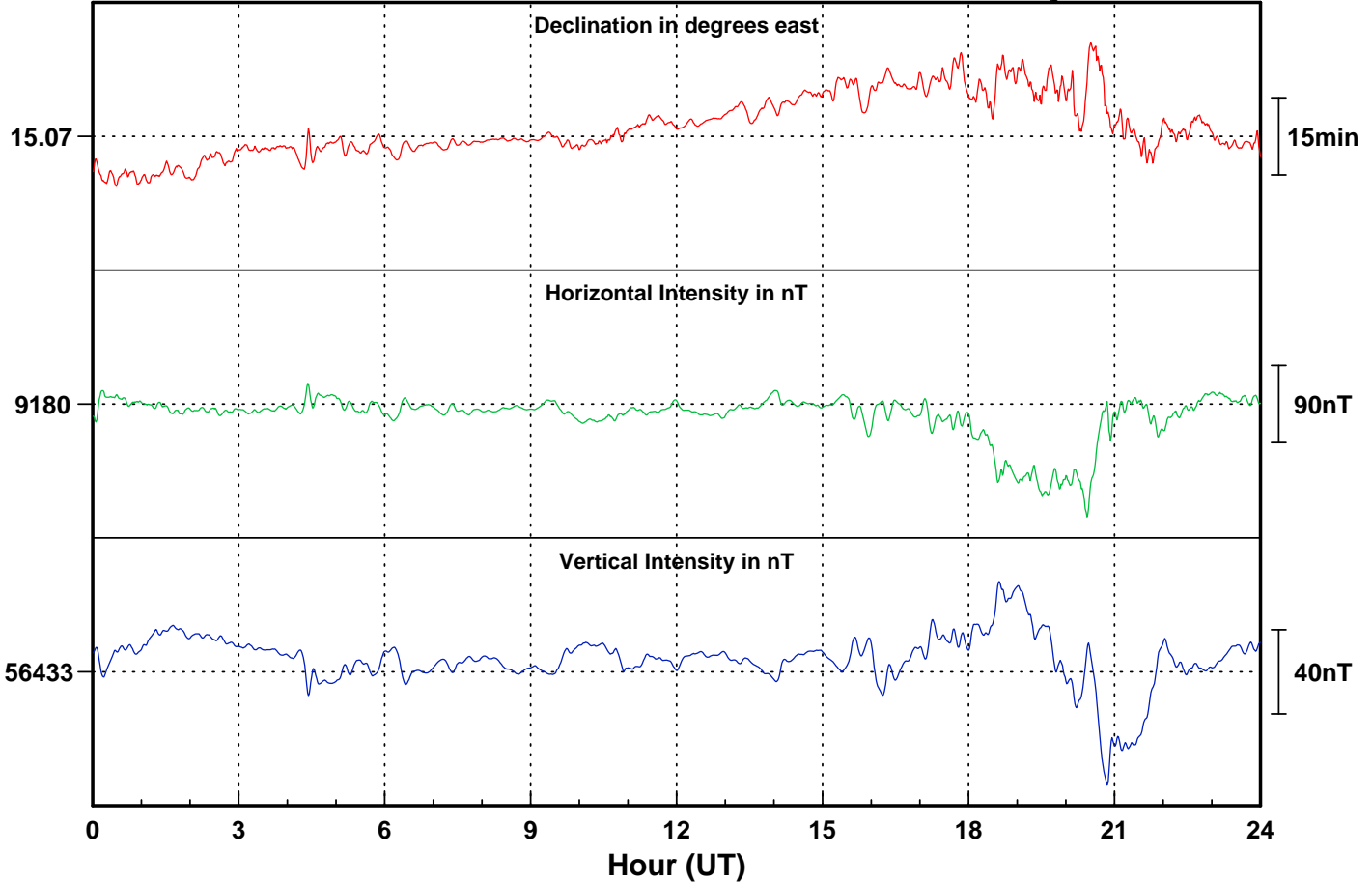
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 217



Date: 06-08-2023

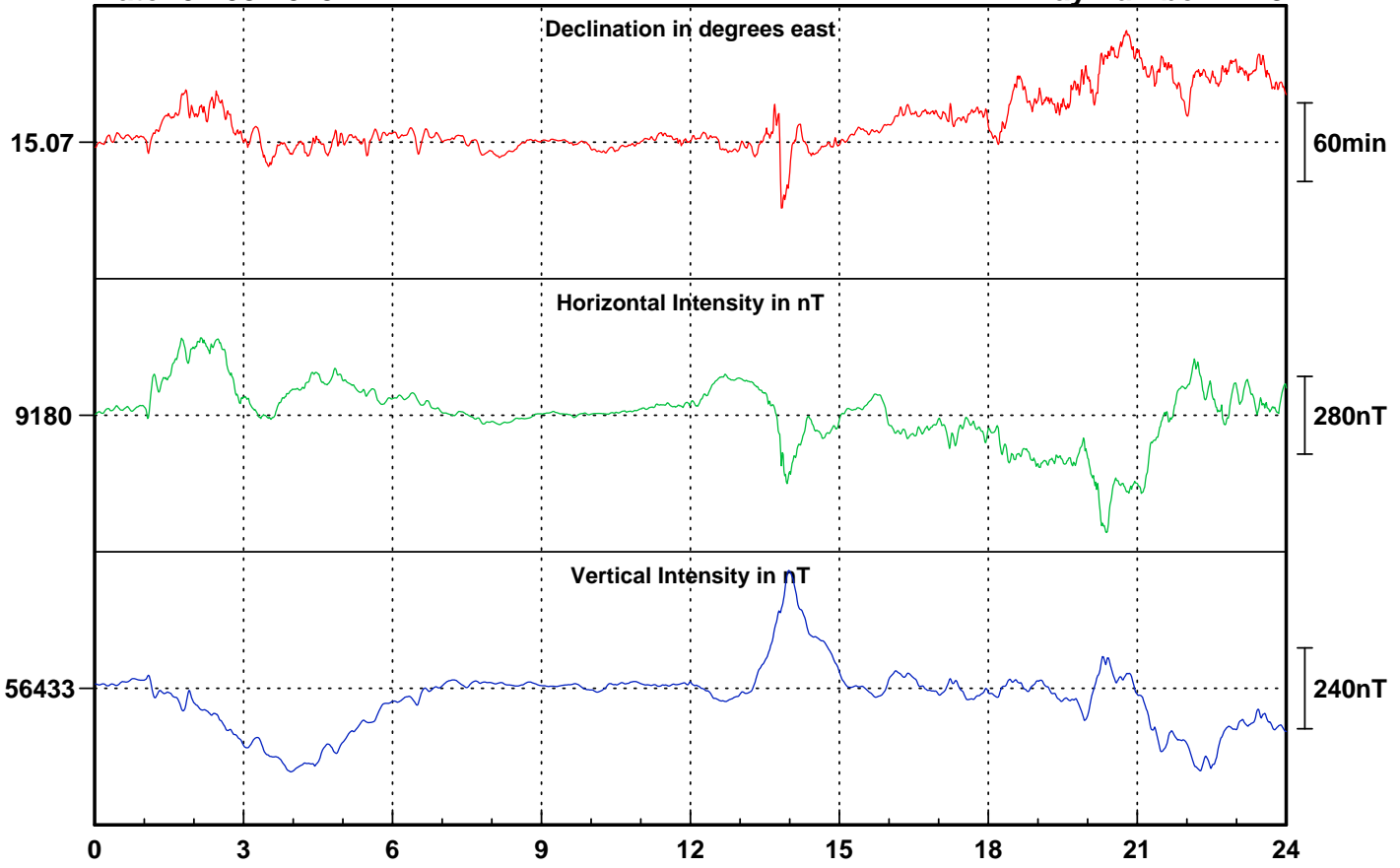
Day number: 218



Date: 07-08-2023

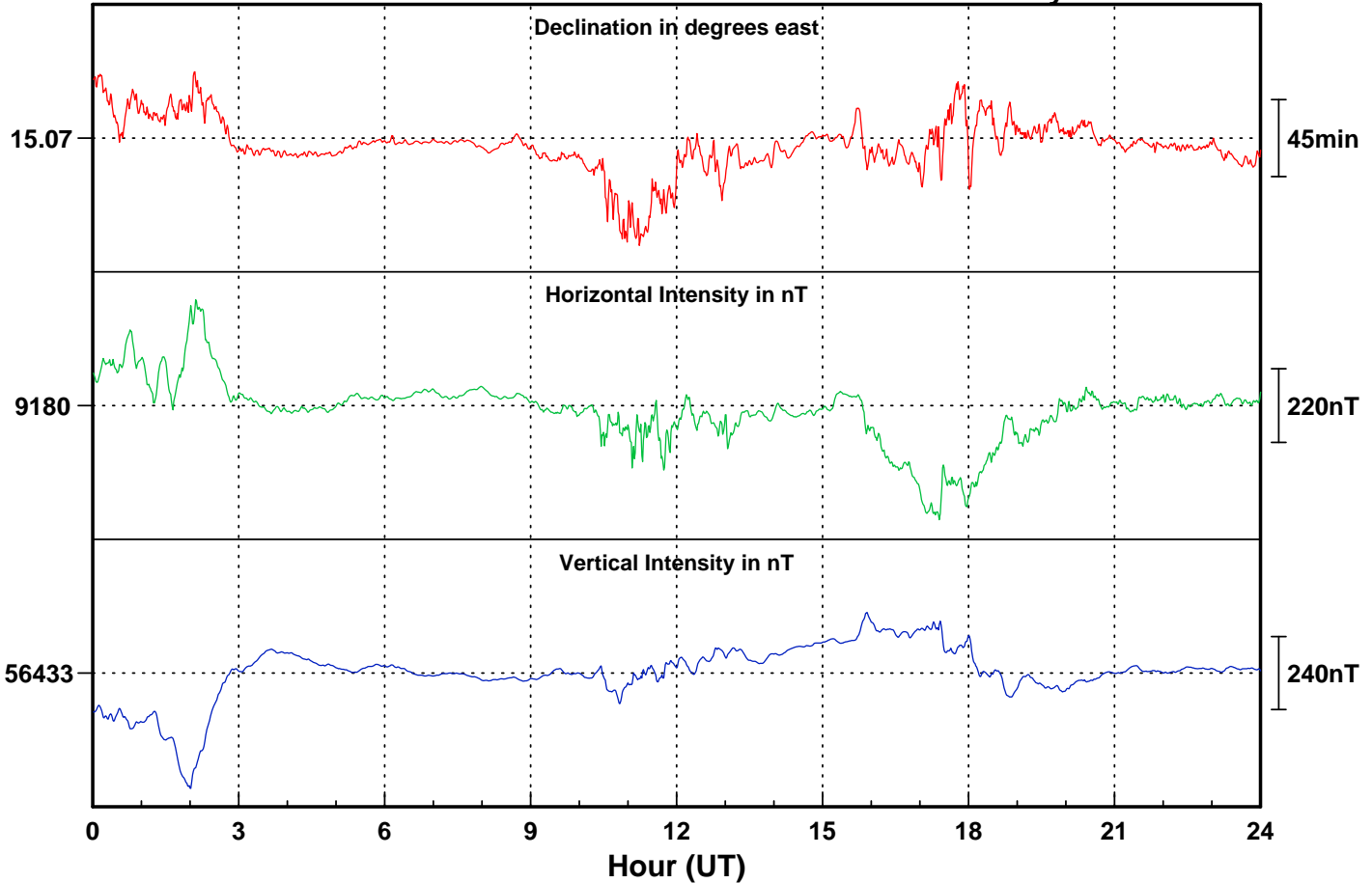
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 219



Date: 08-08-2023

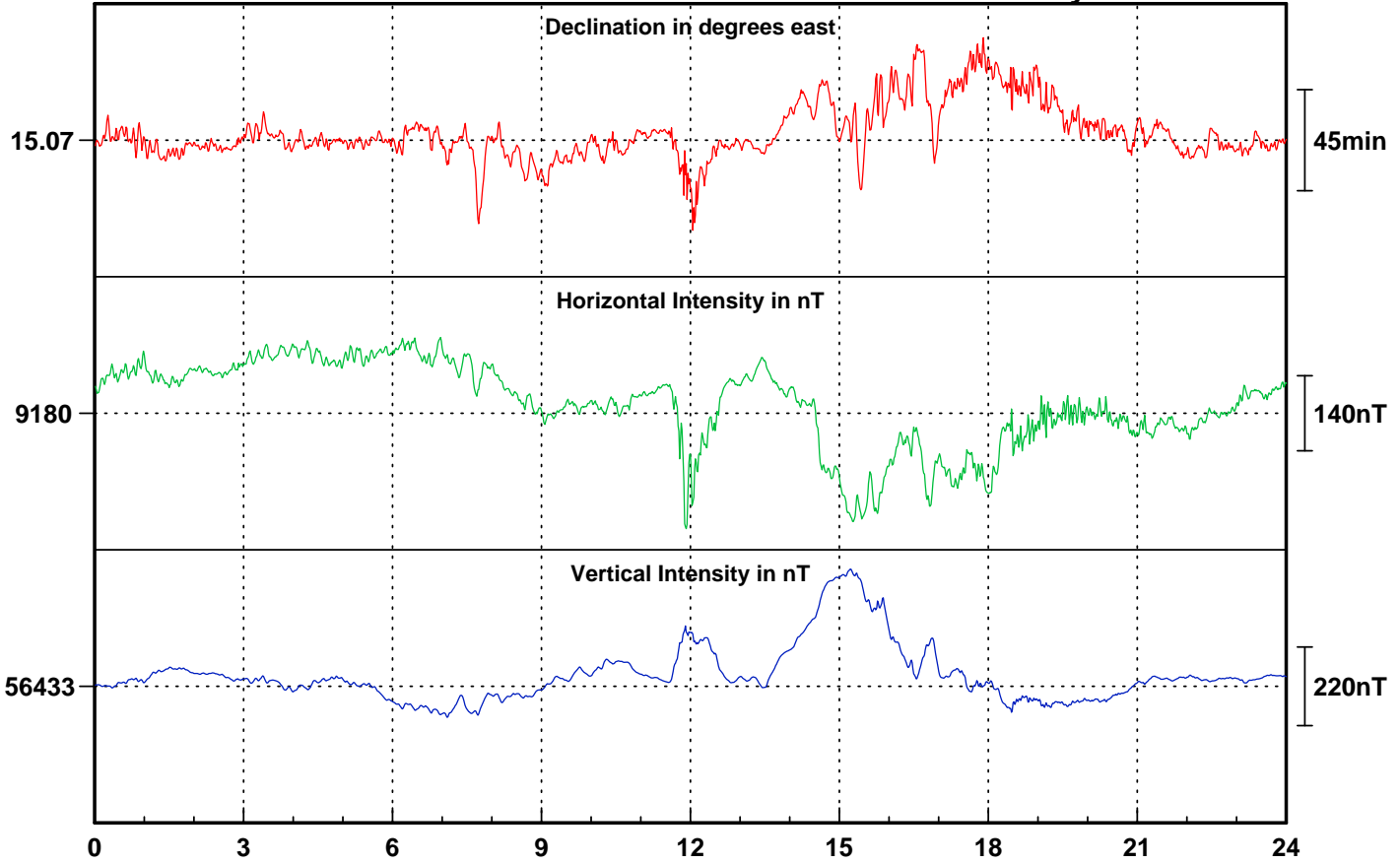
Day number: 220



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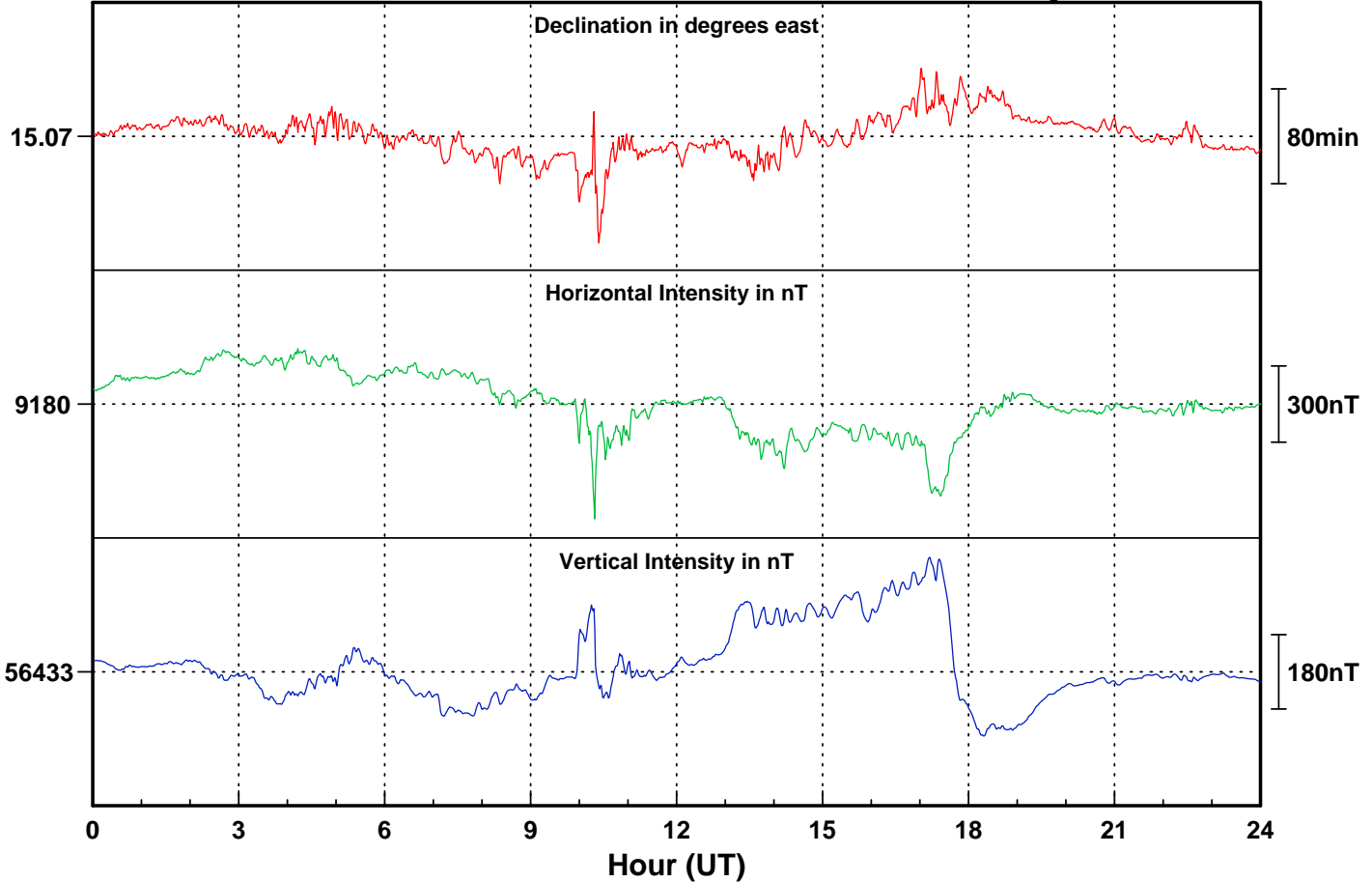
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 221



Date: 10-08-2023

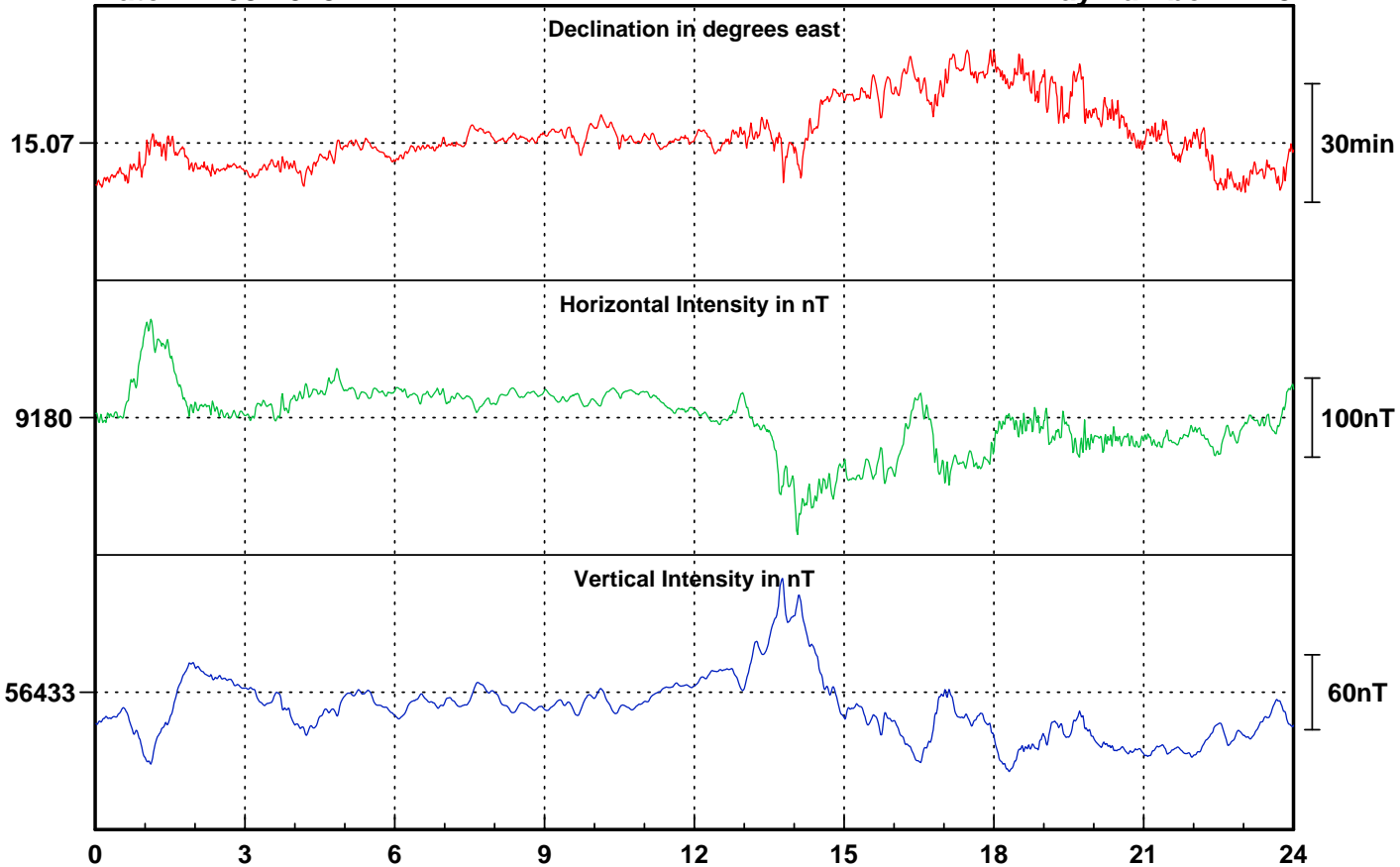
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Date: 11-08-2023

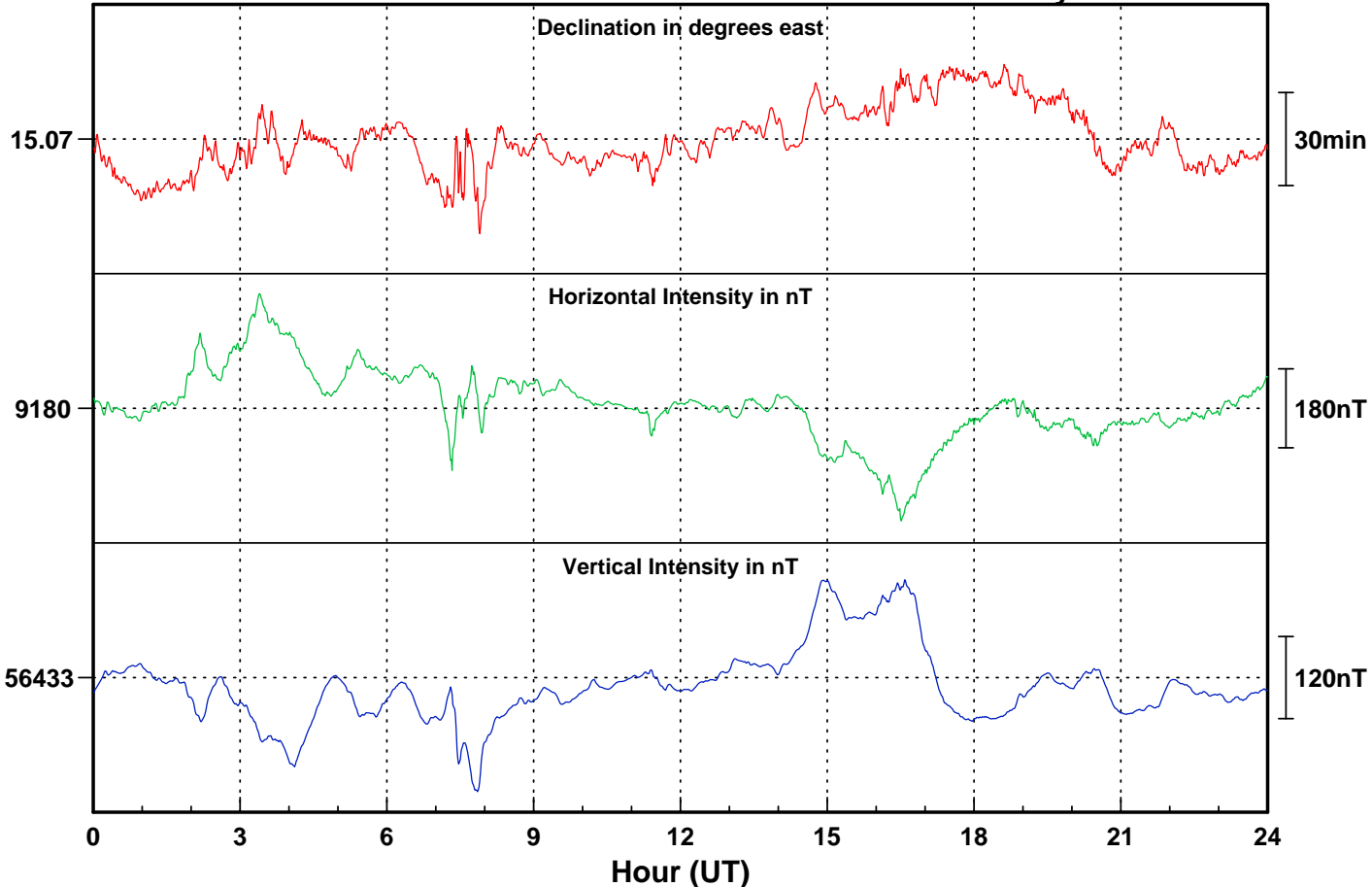
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 223



Date: 12-08-2023

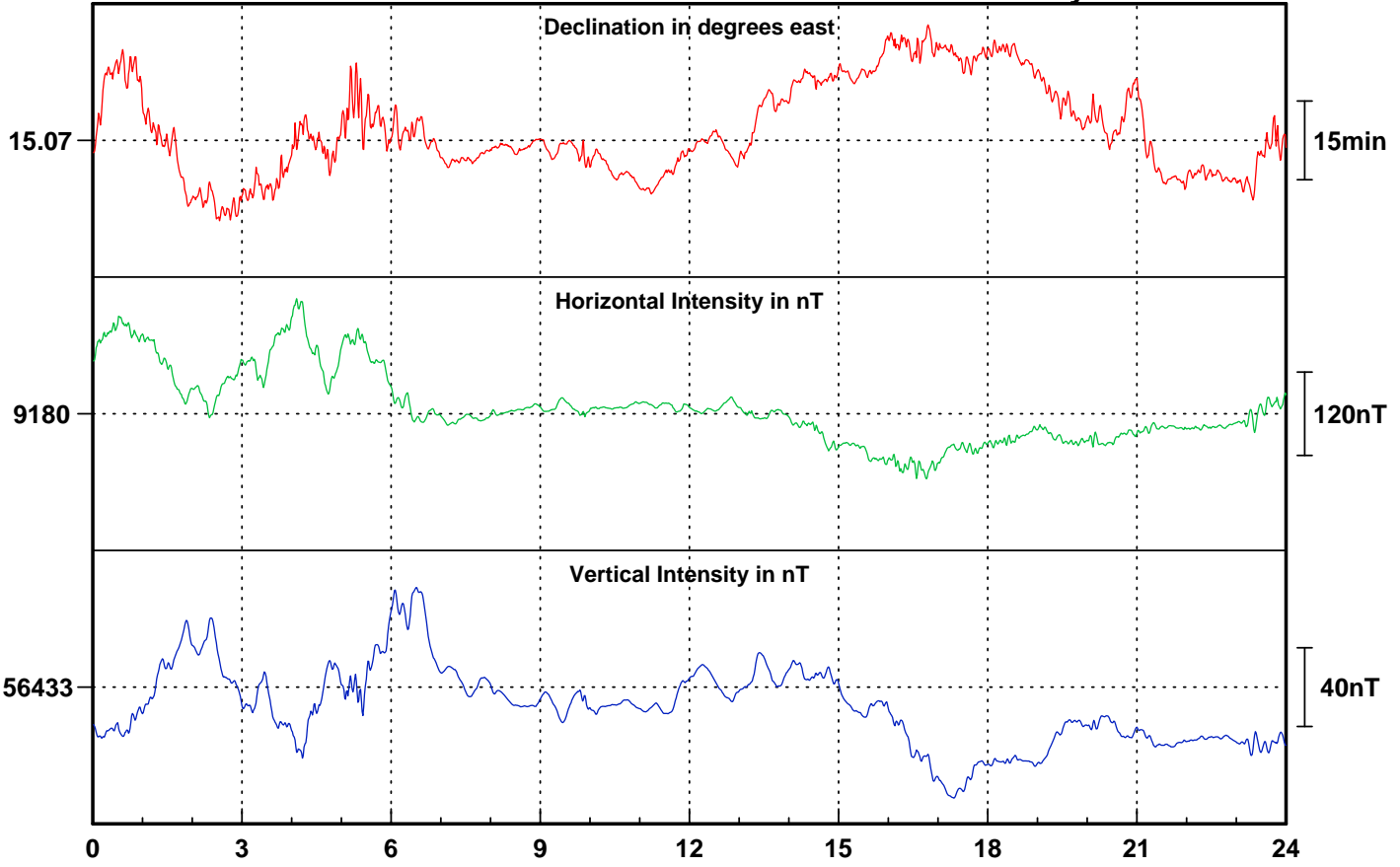
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Date: 13-08-2023

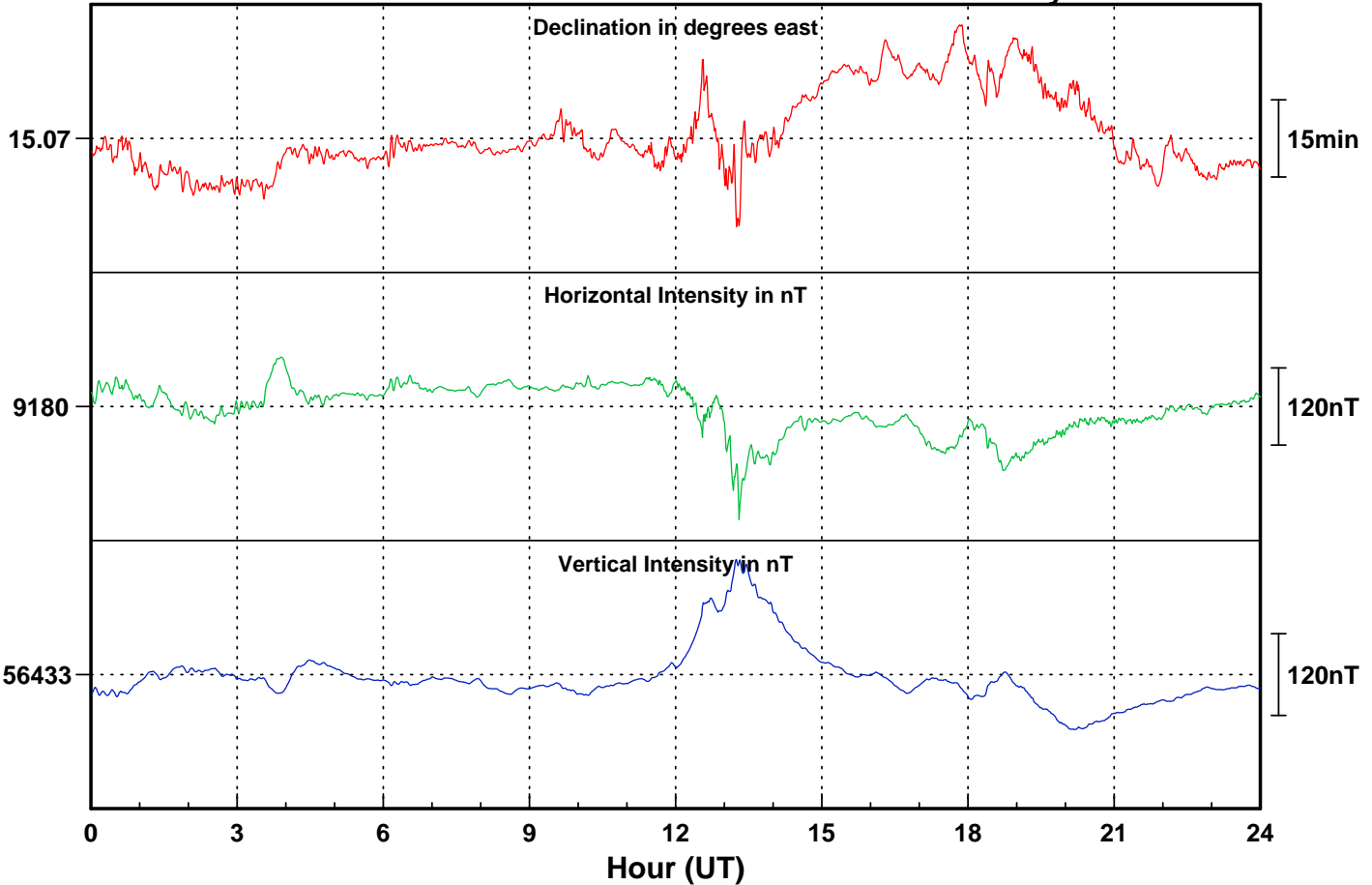
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 225



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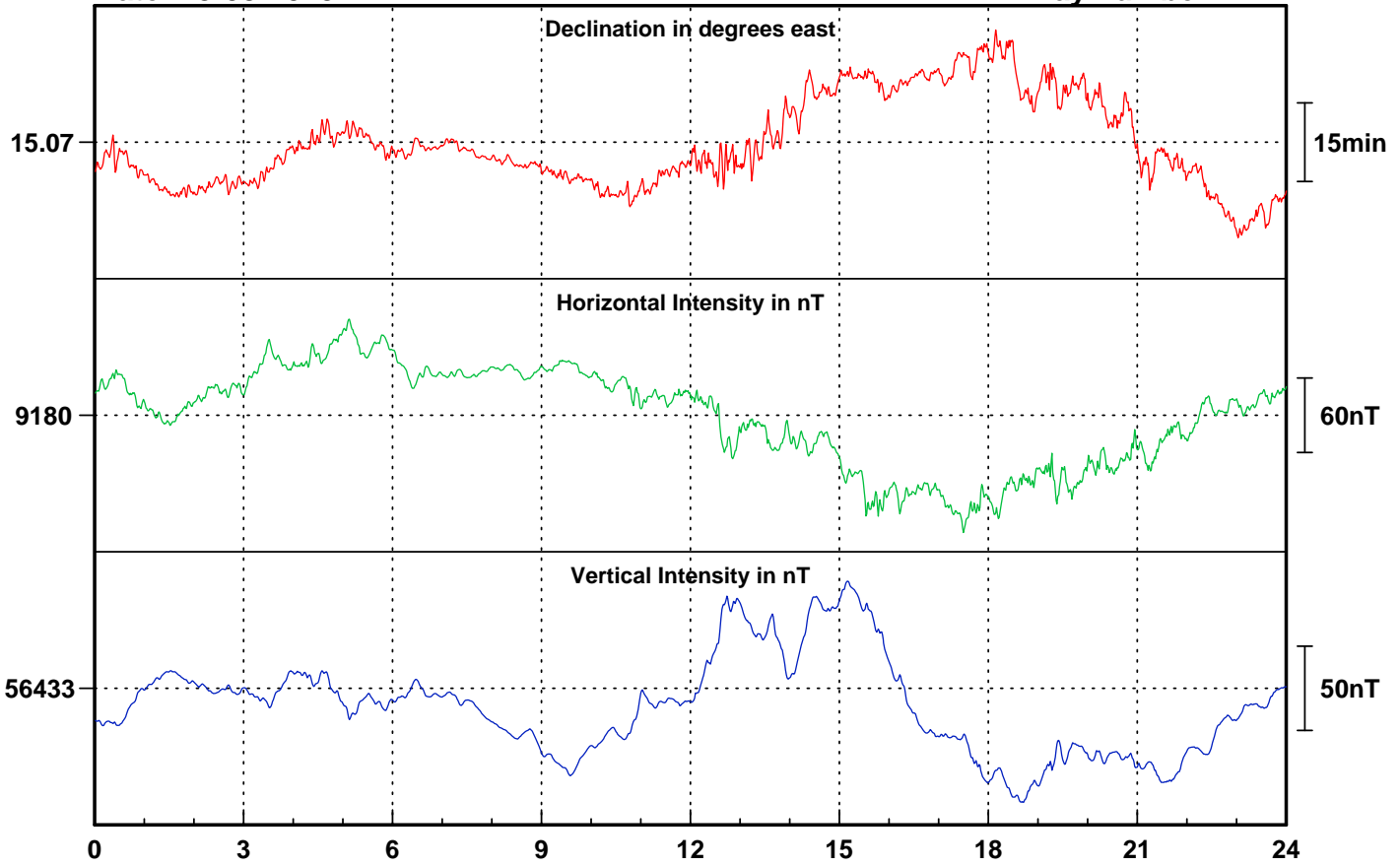
Day number: 226



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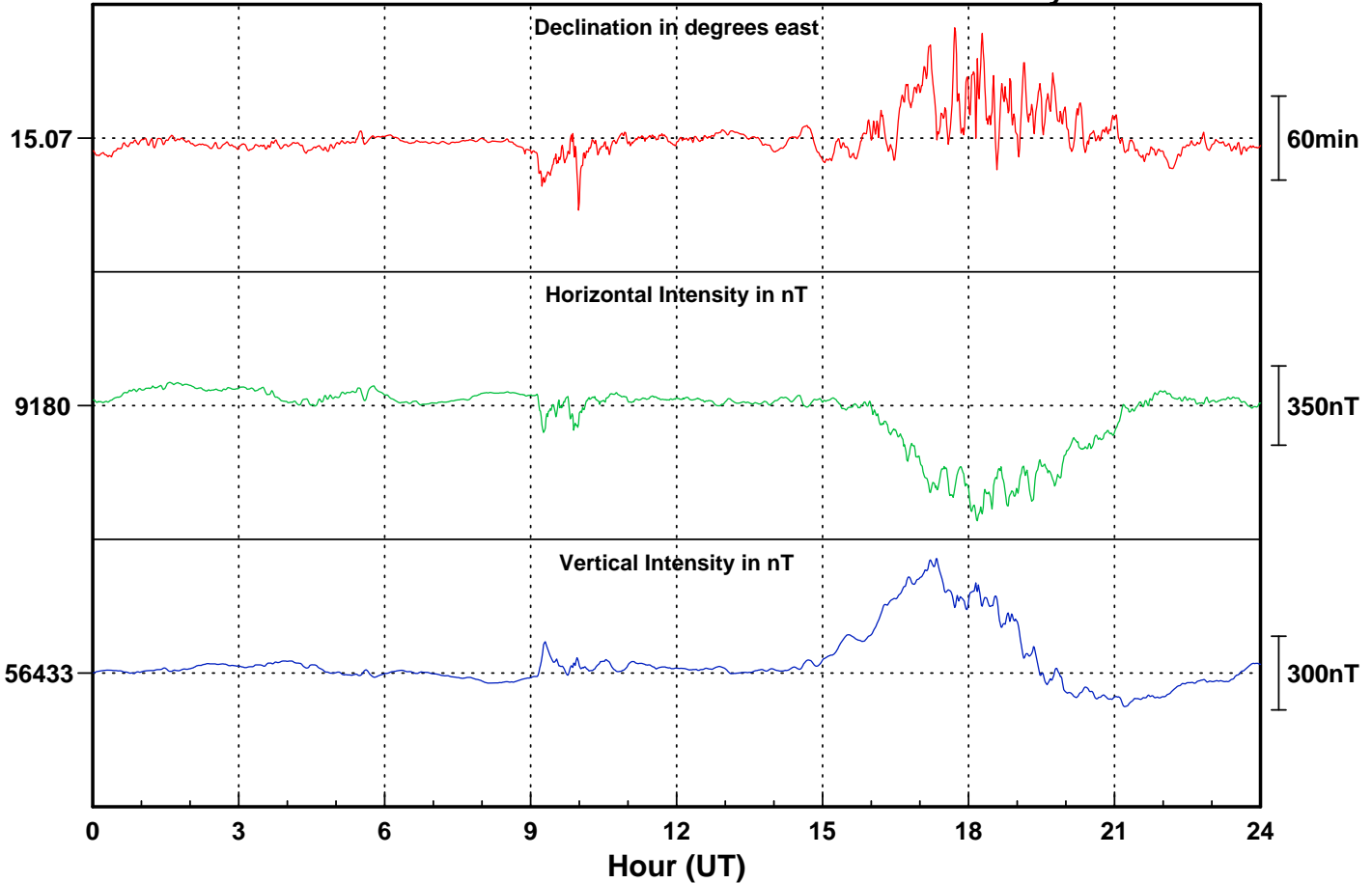
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 227



Date: 16-08-2023

Day number: 228

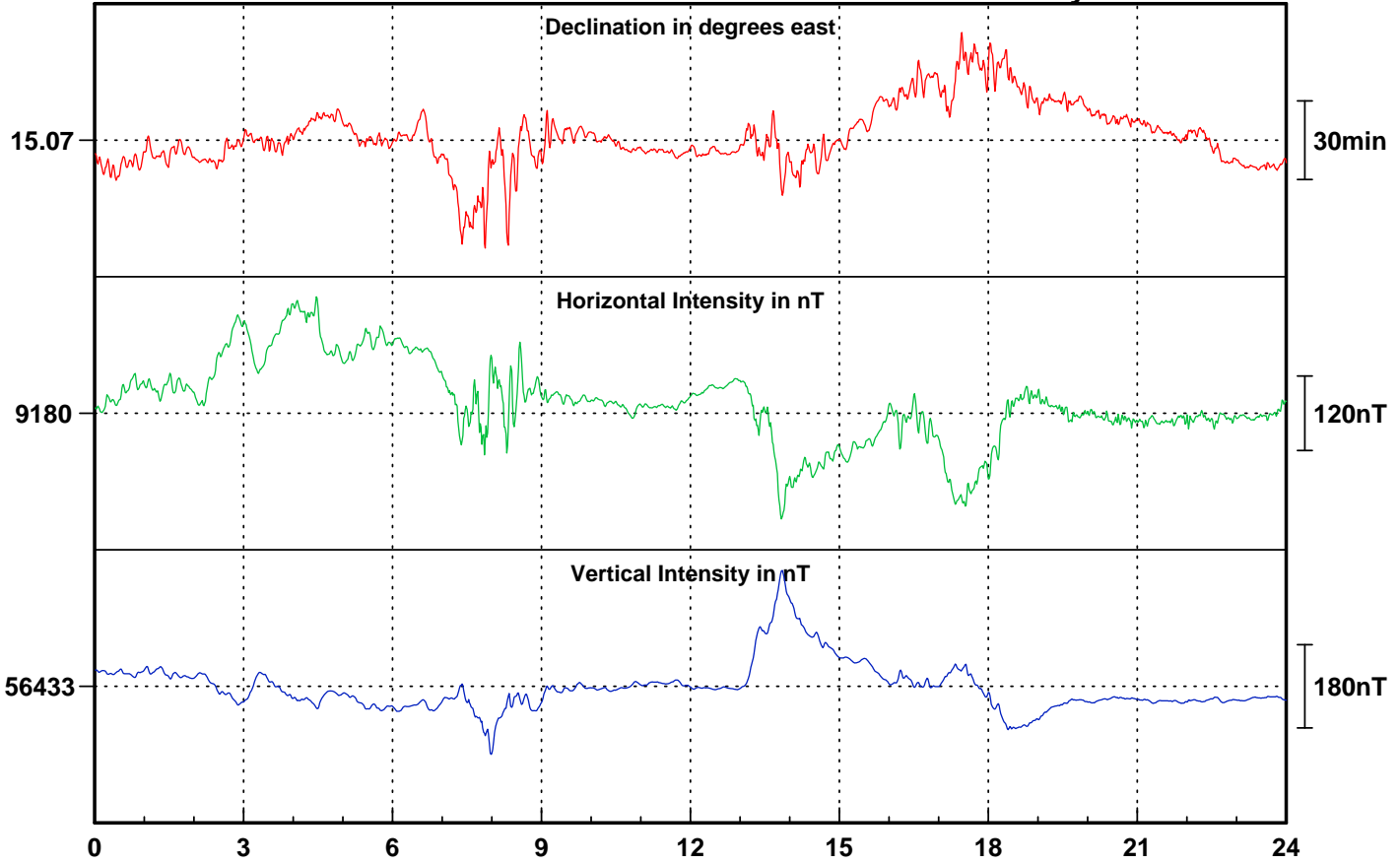




Date: 17-08-2023

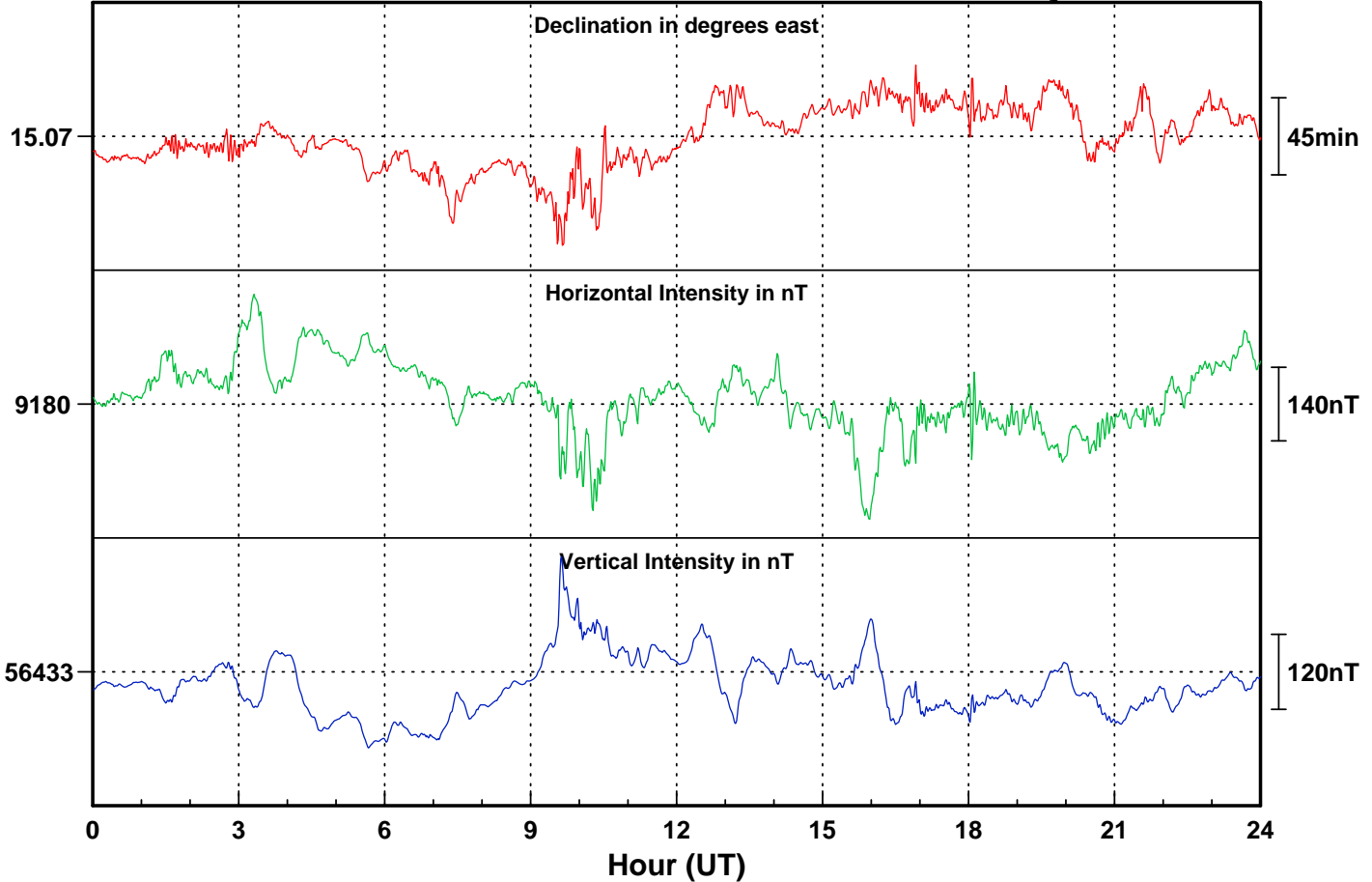
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 229



Date: 18-08-2023

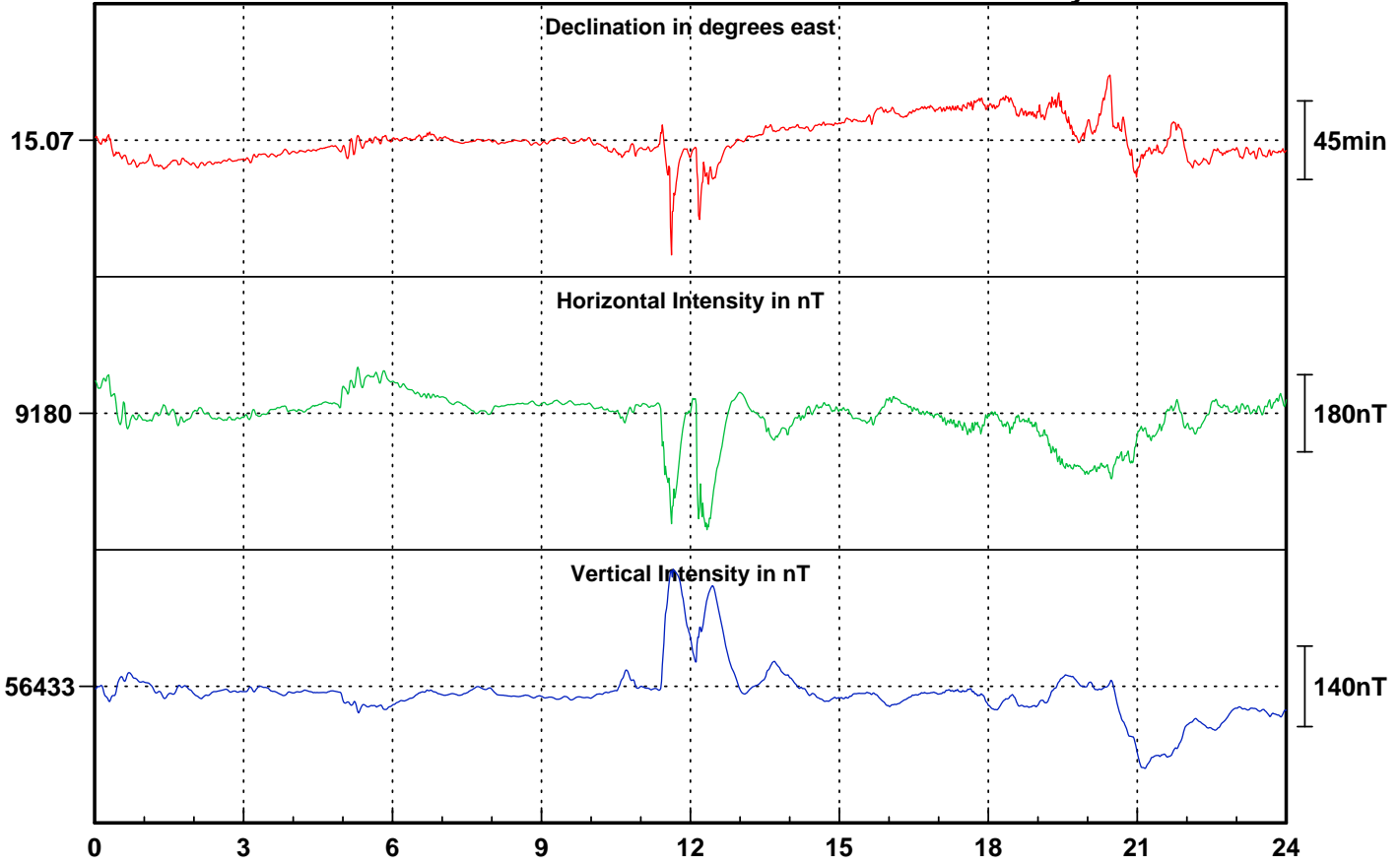
Day number: 230



Date: 19-08-2023

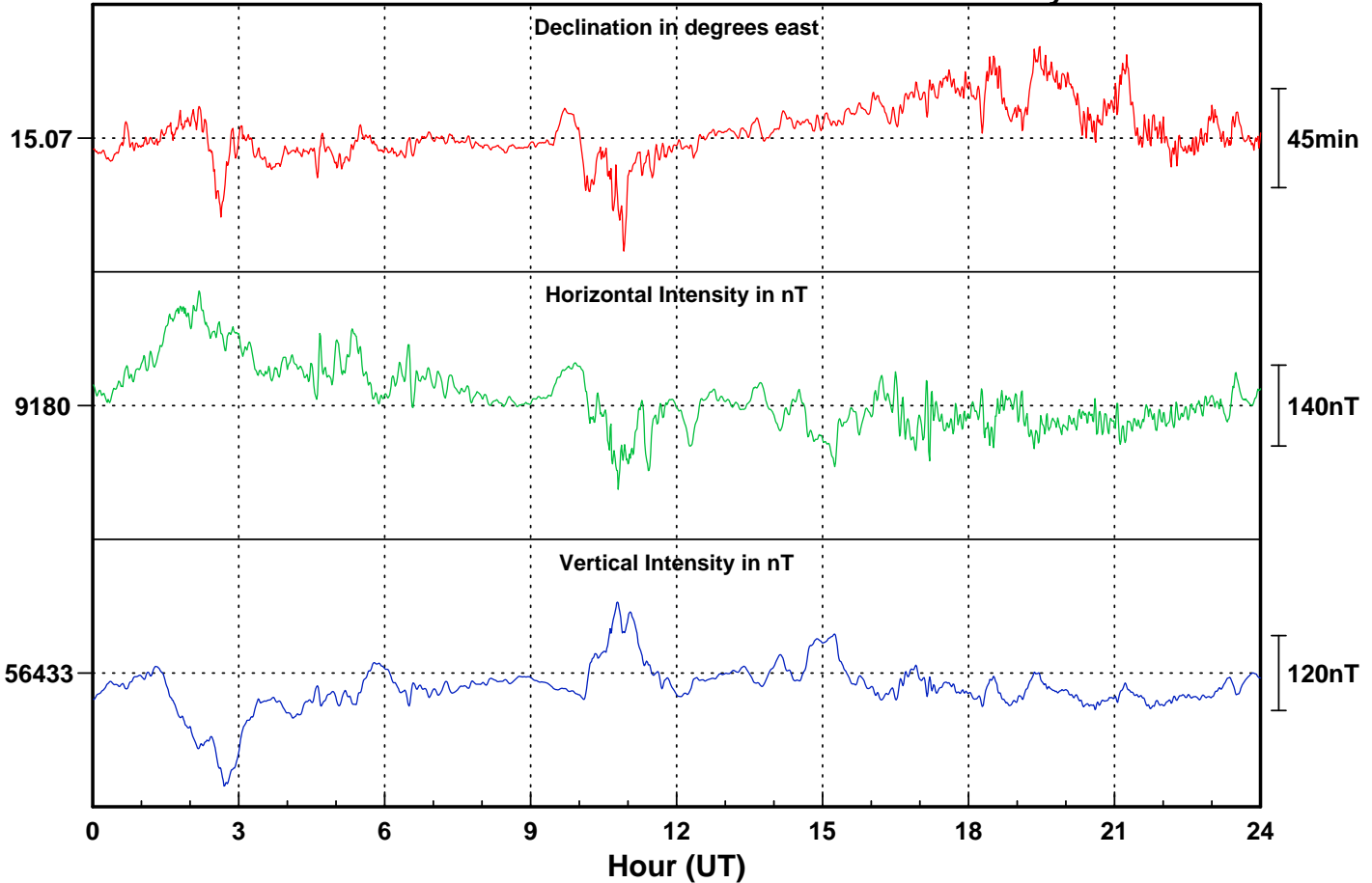
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 231



Date: 20-08-2023

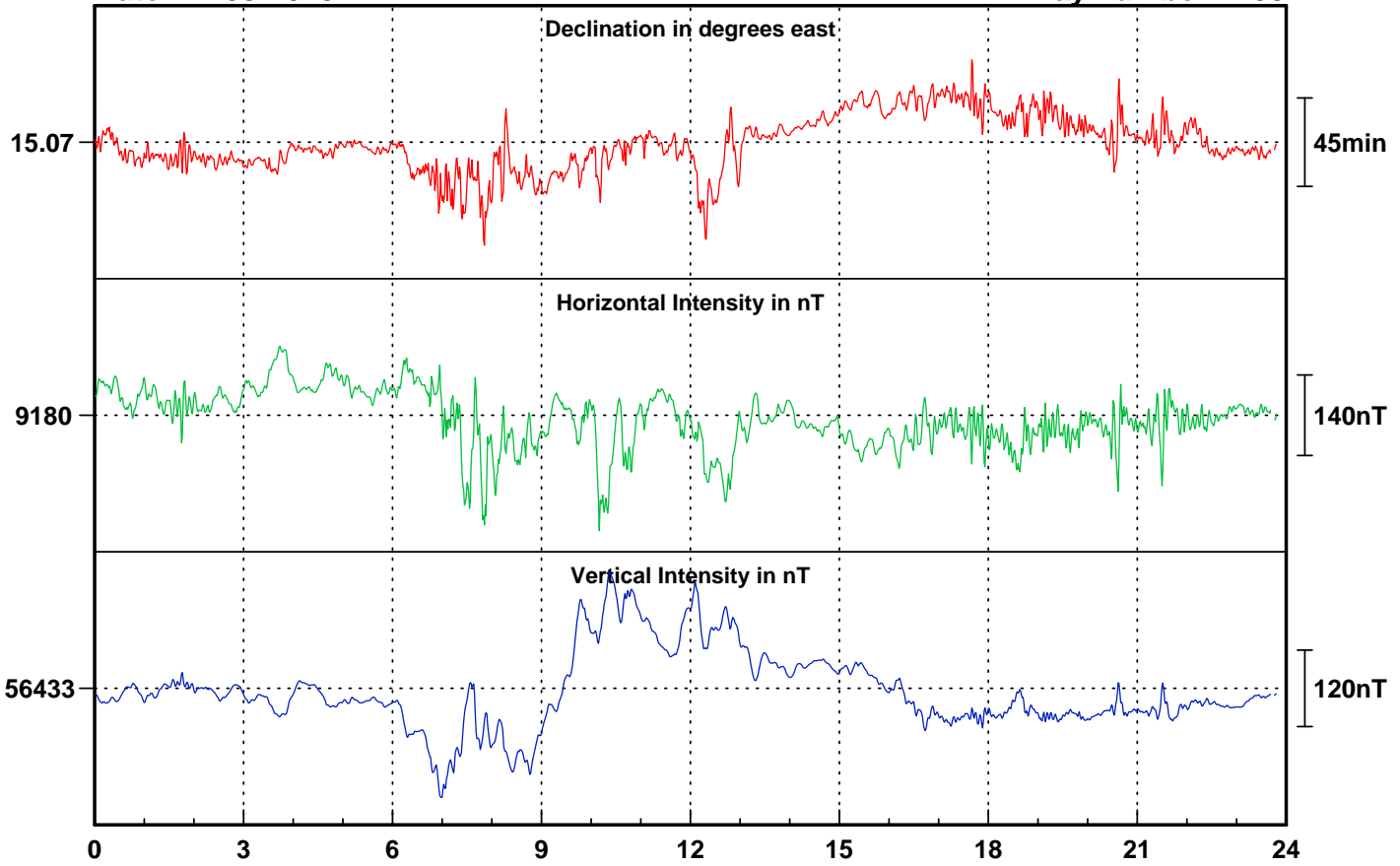
Day number: 232



Date: 21-08-2023

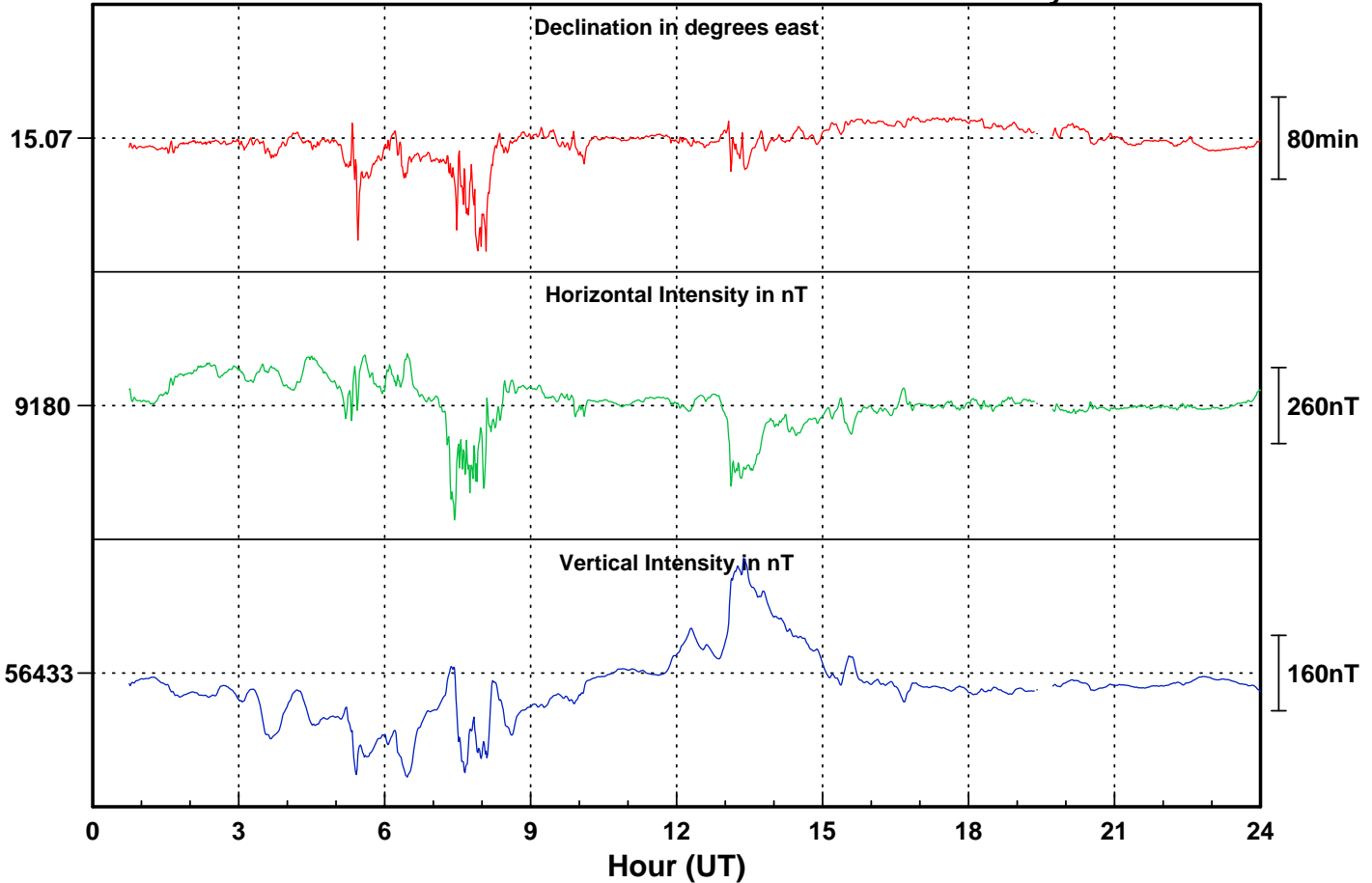
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 233



Date: 22-08-2023

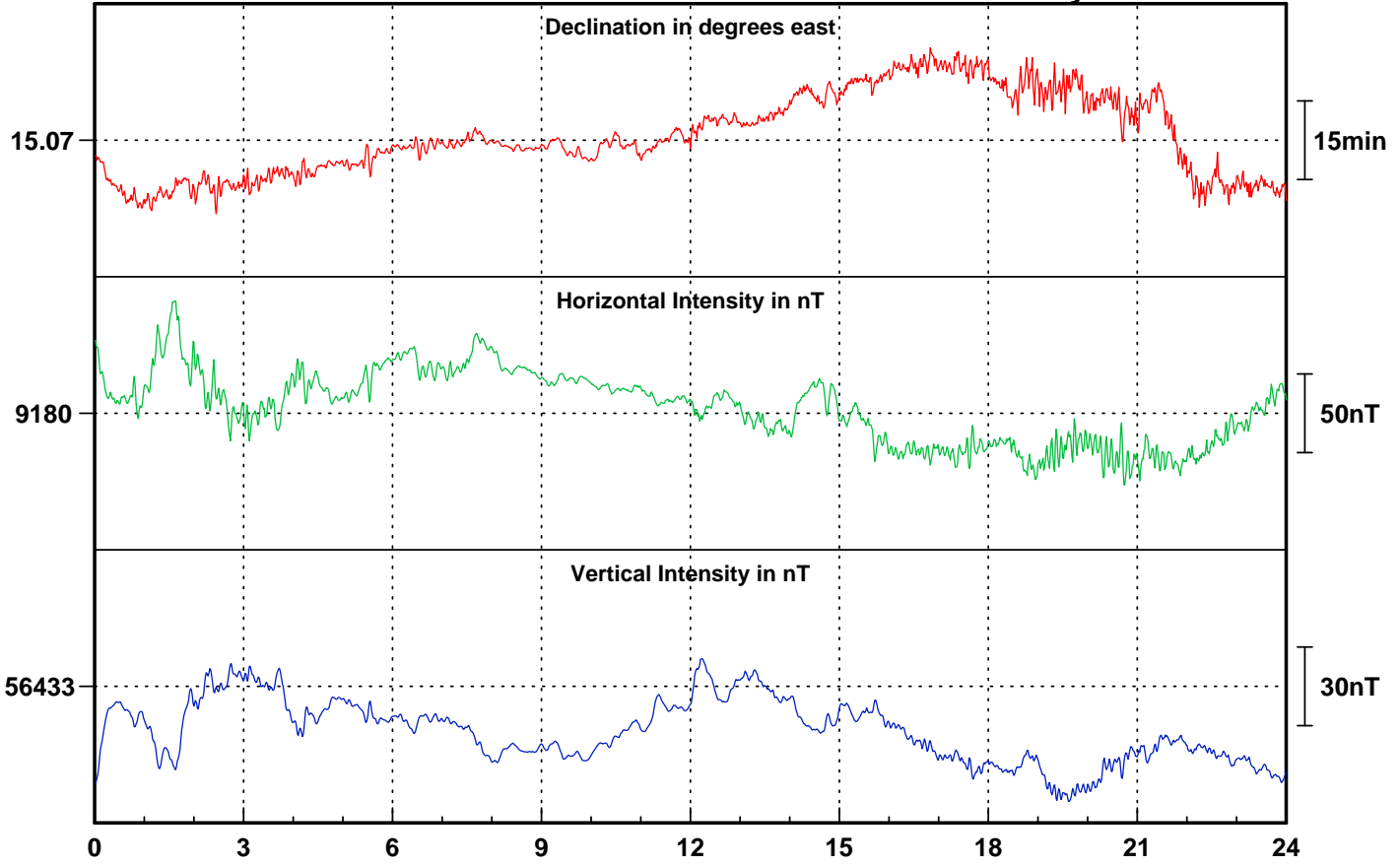
Day number: 234



Date: 23-08-2023

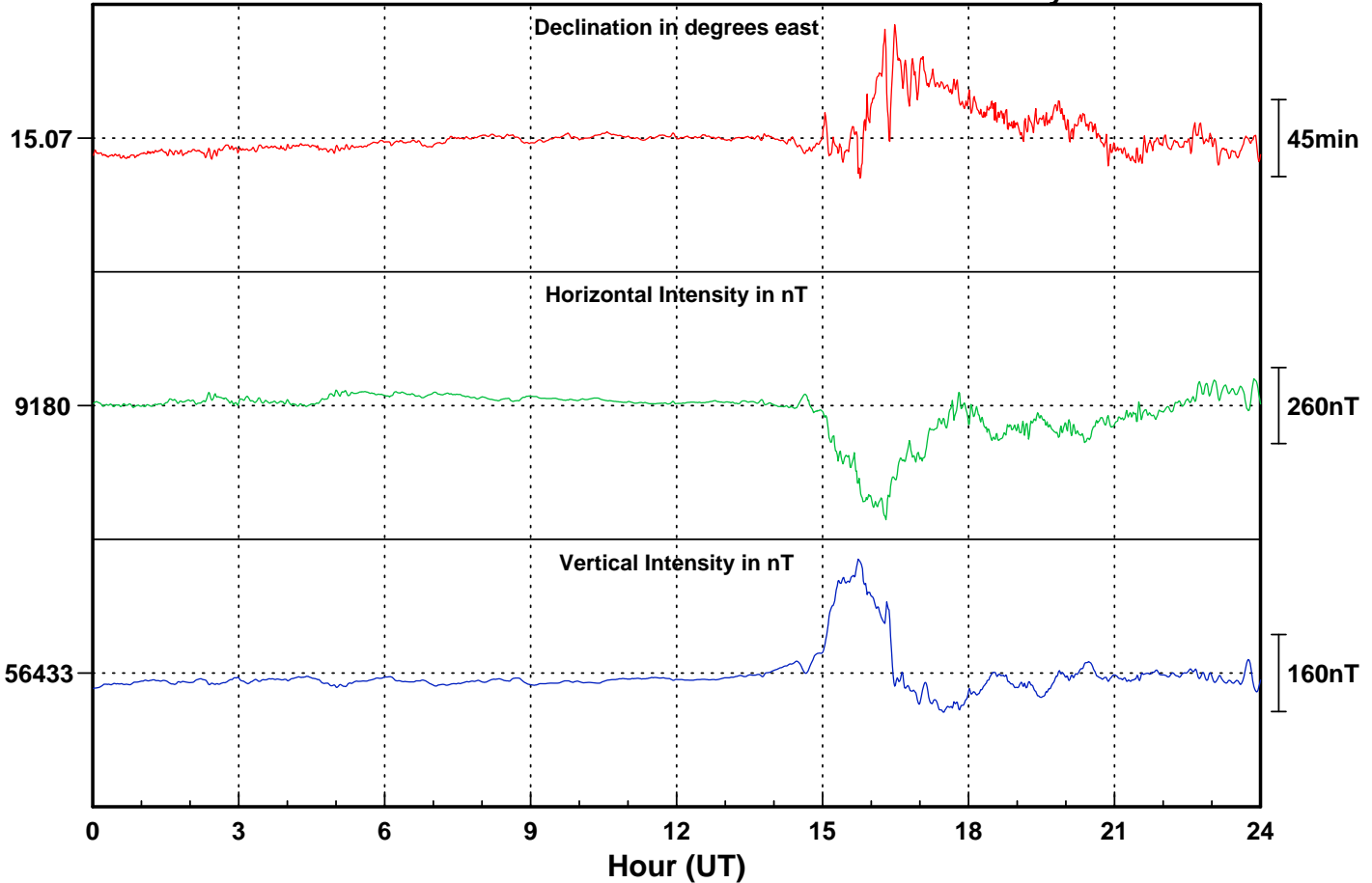
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 235



Date: 24-08-2023

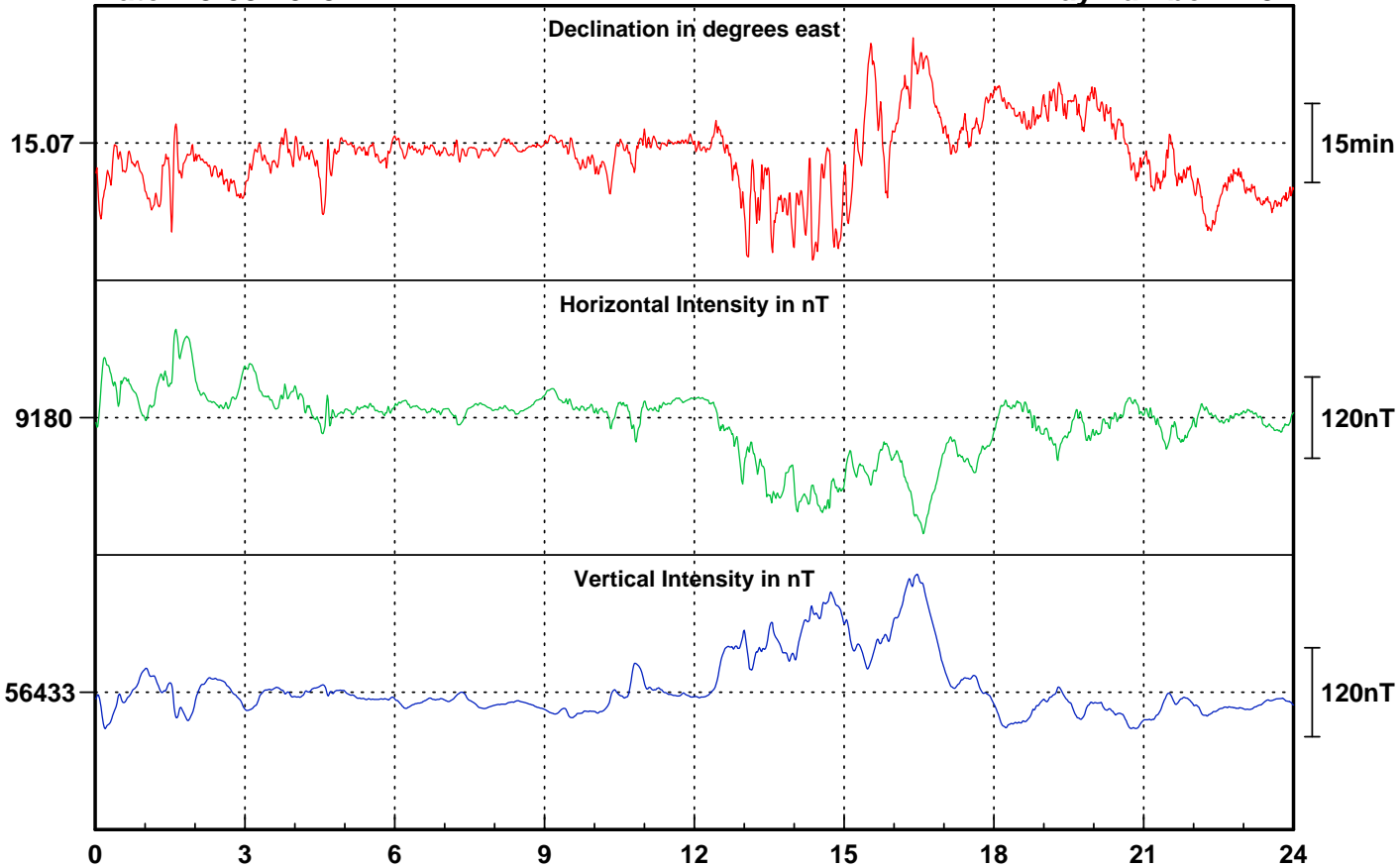
Day number: 236



Date: 25-08-2023

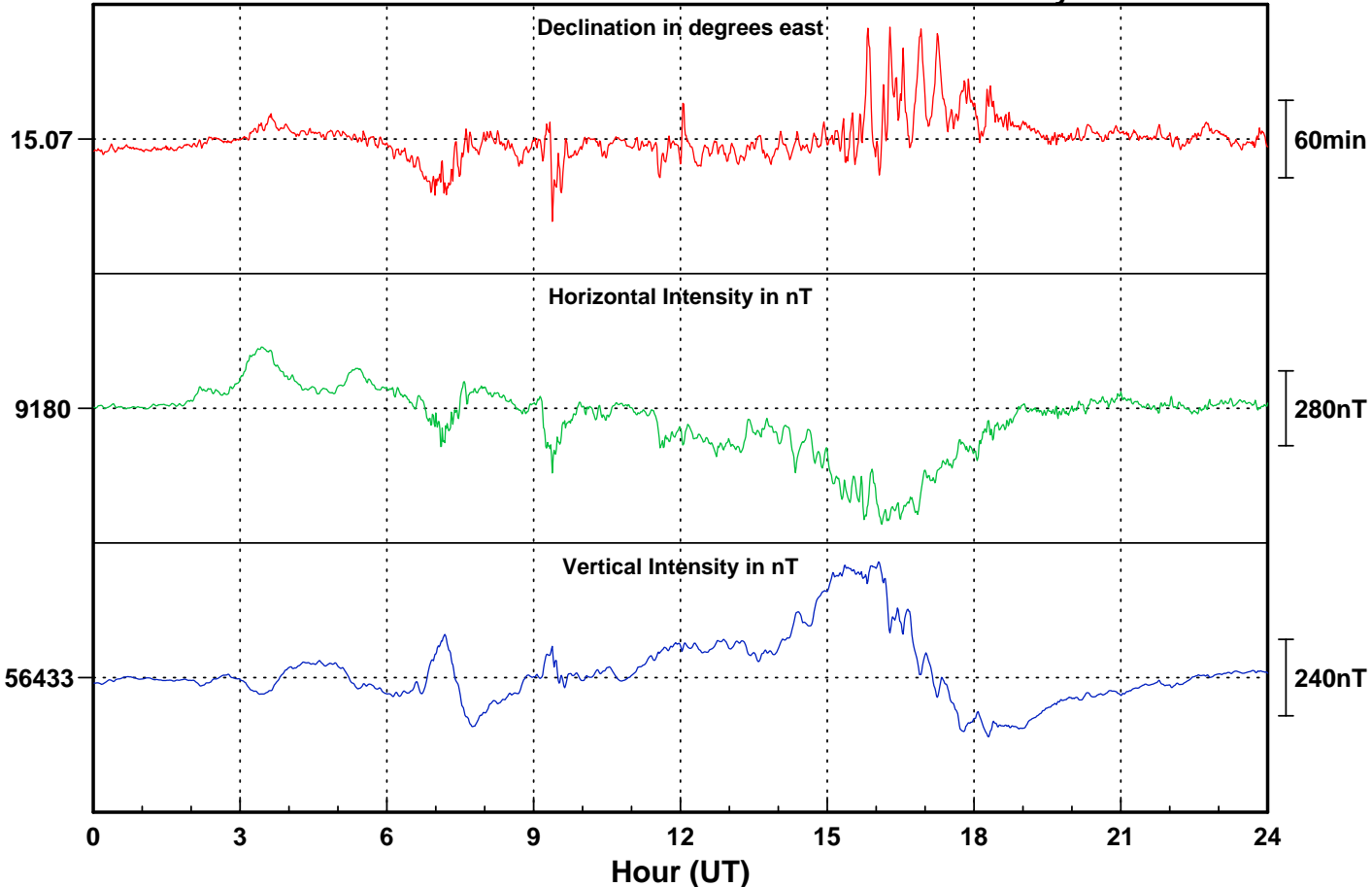
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 237



Date: 26-08-2023

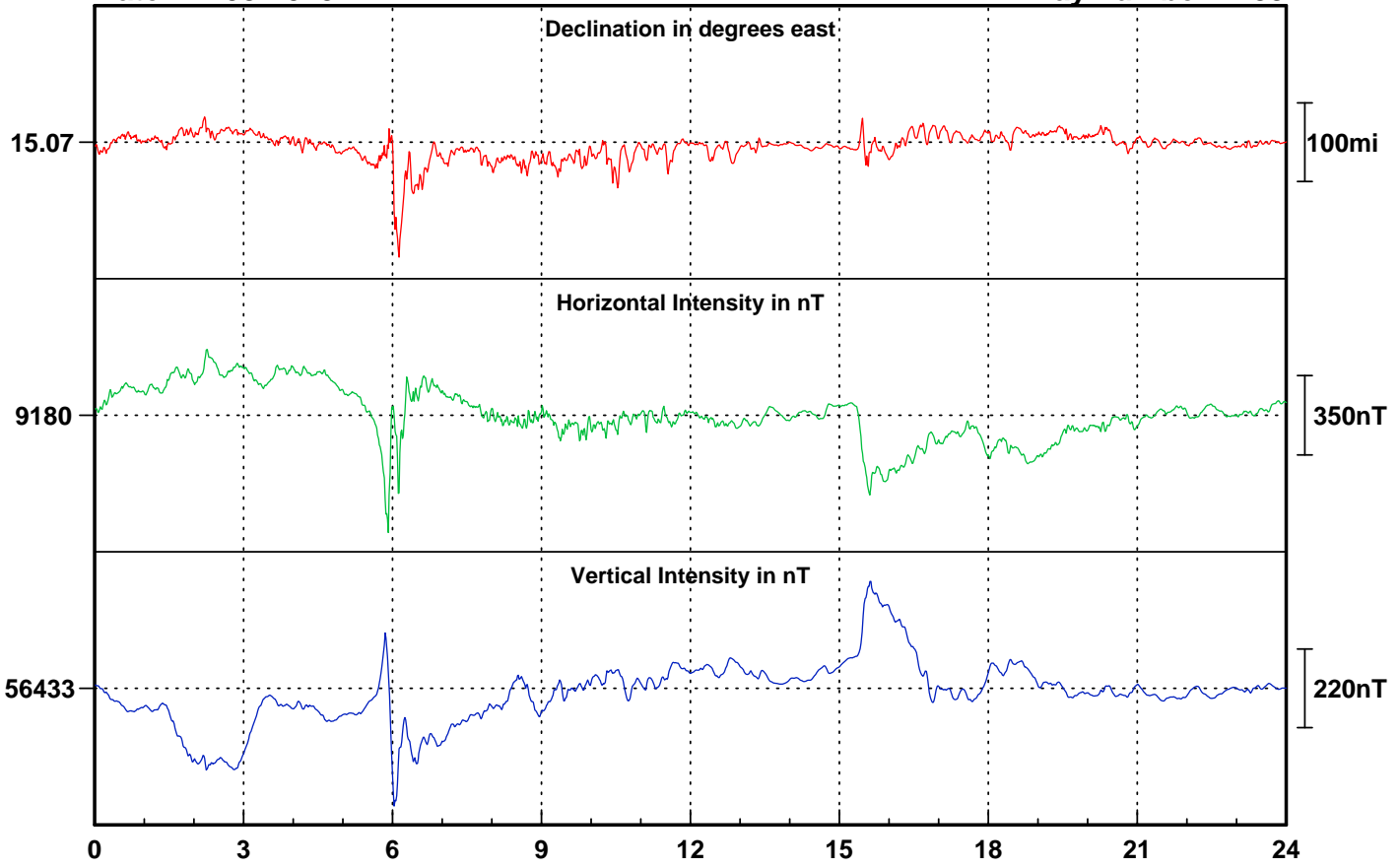
Day number: 238



Date: 27-08-2023

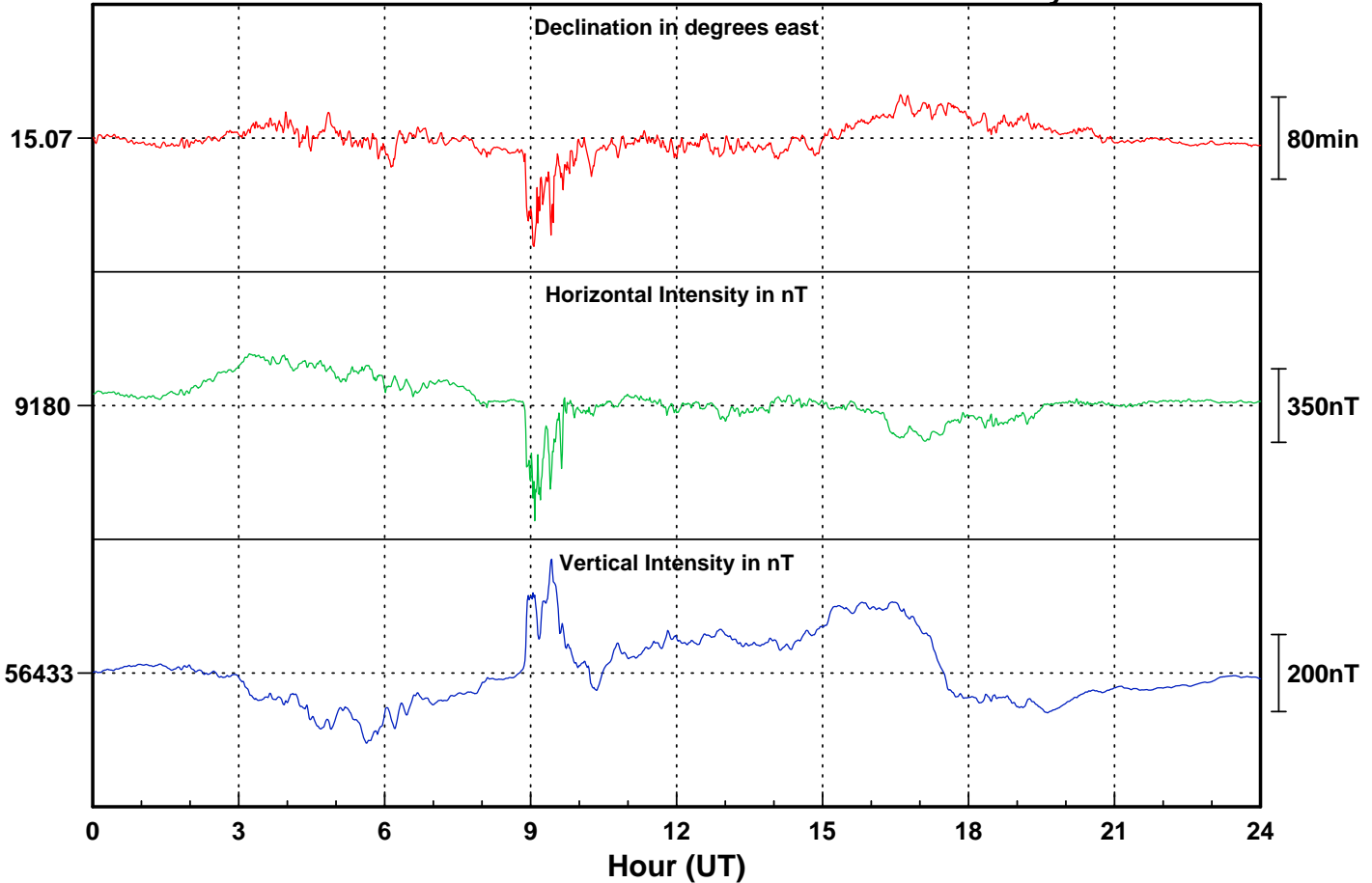
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 239



Date: 28-08-2023

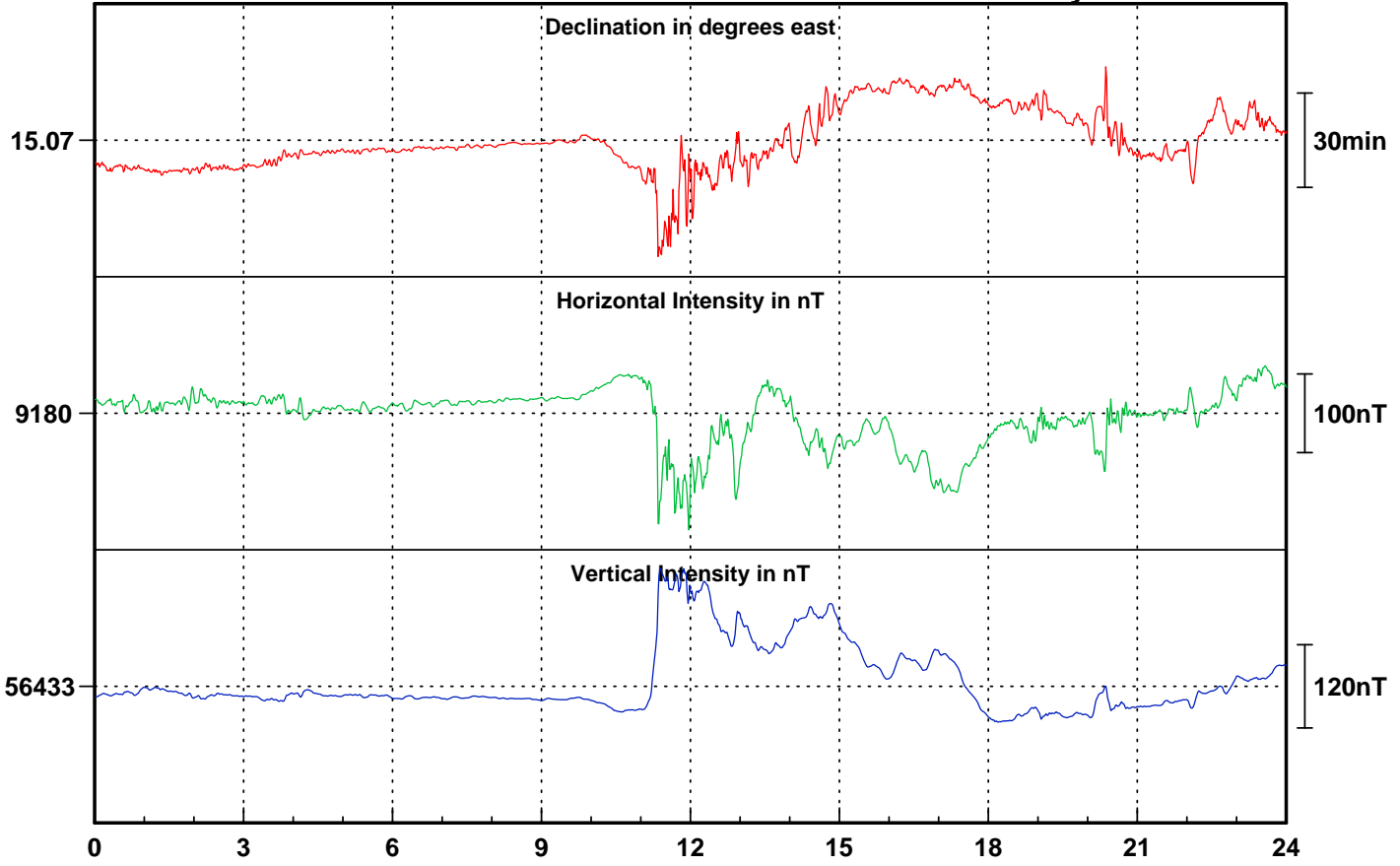
Day number: 240



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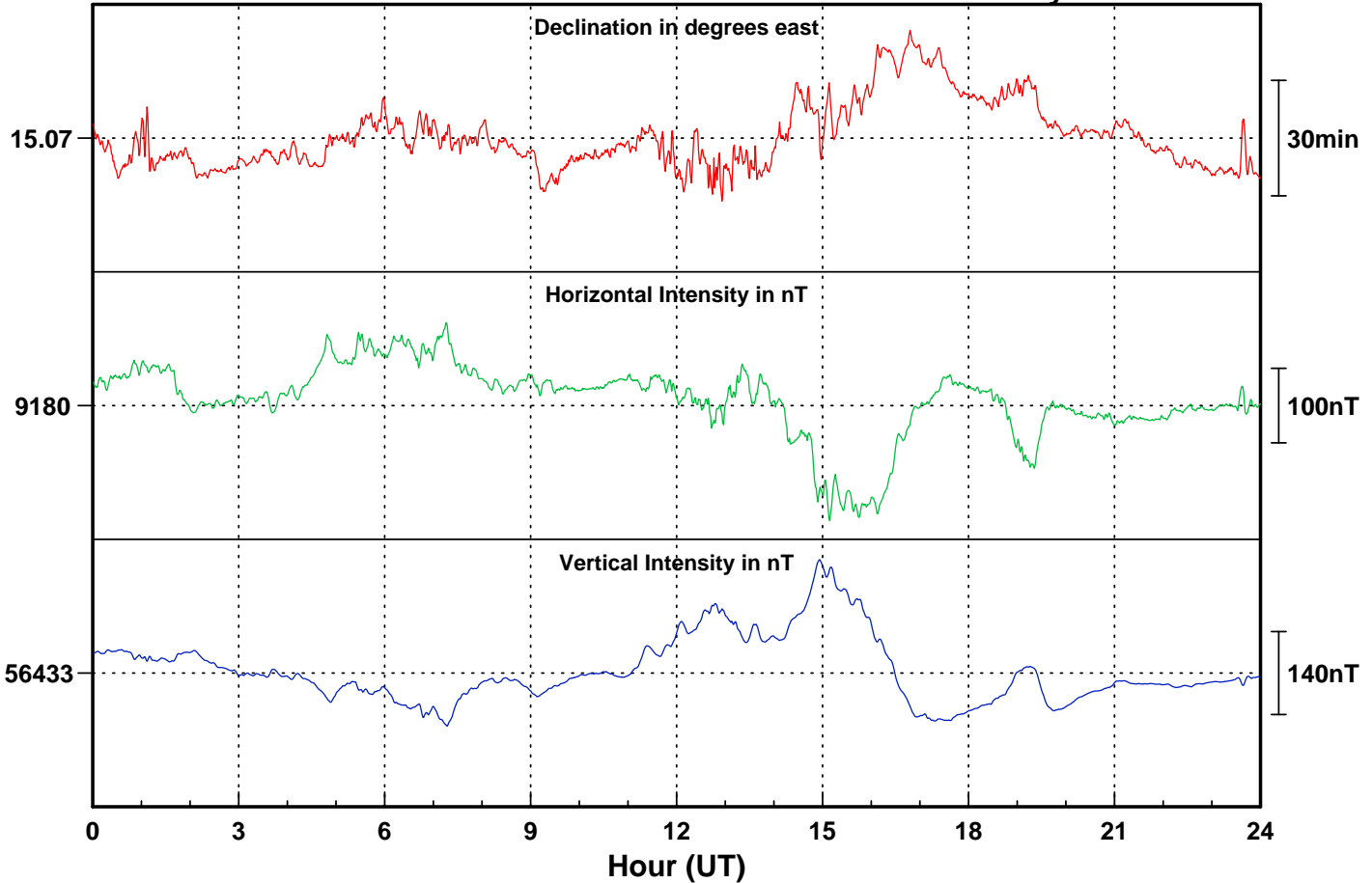
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 241



Date: 30-08-2023

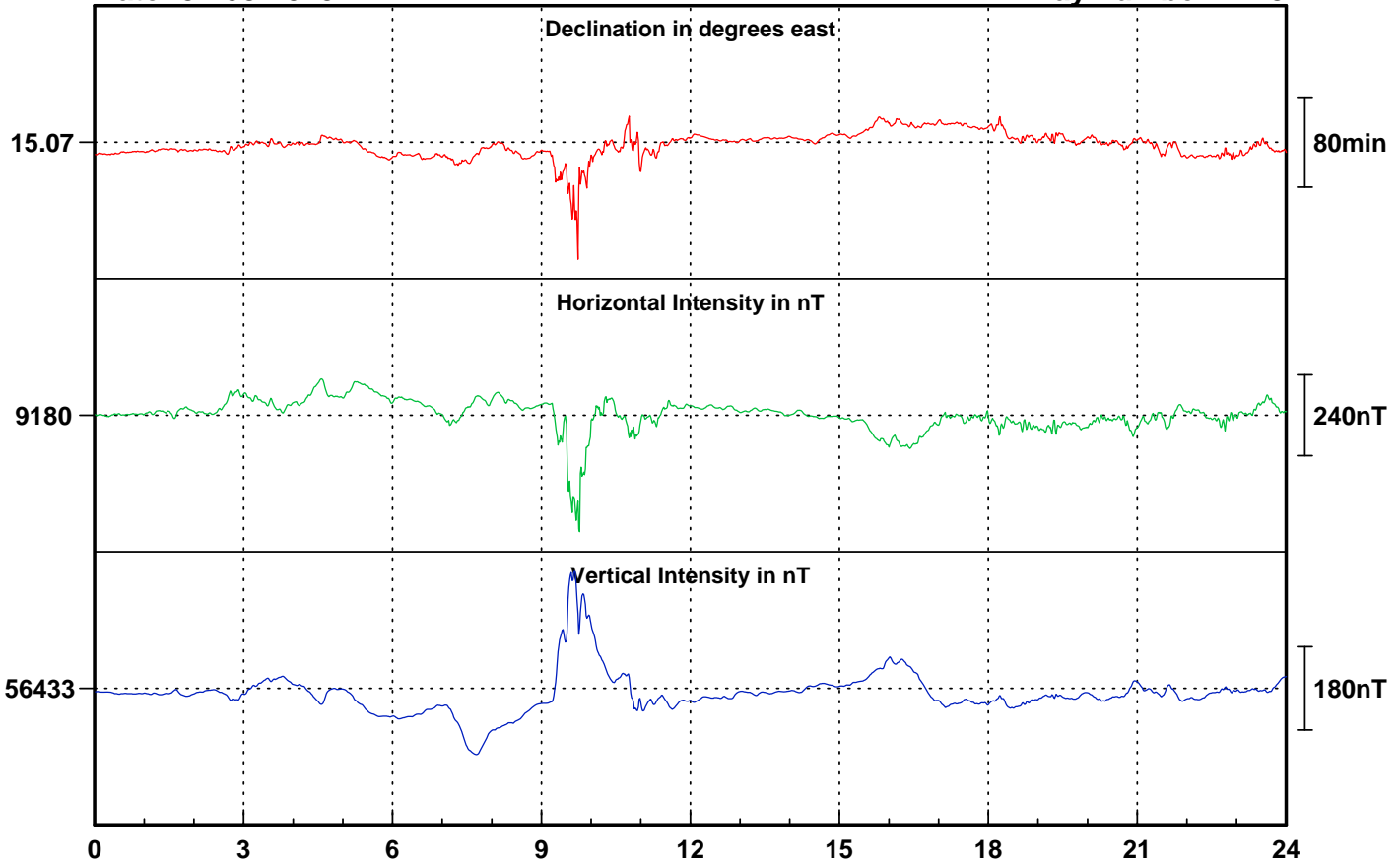
Day number: 242



Date: 31-08-2023

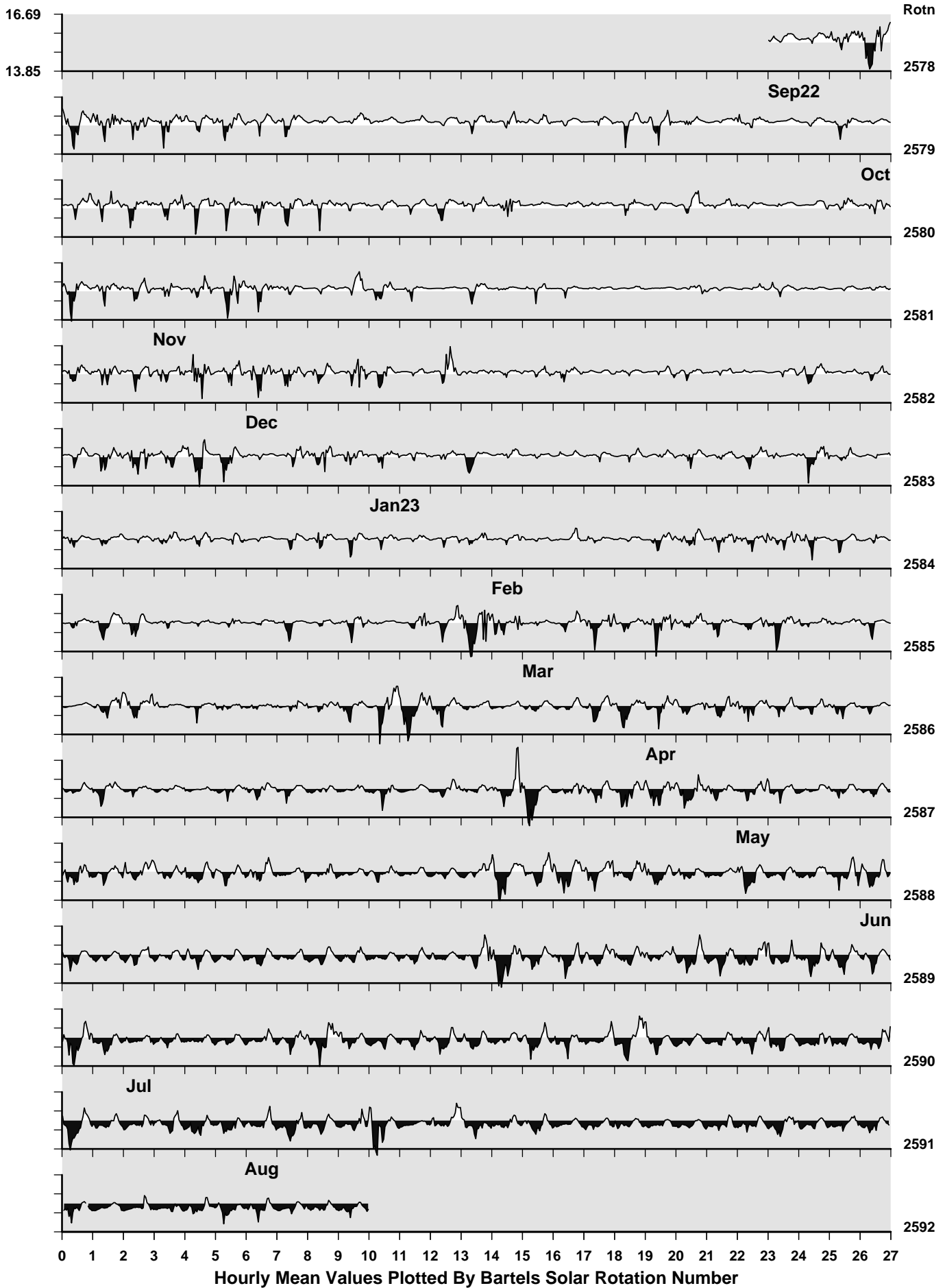
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 243



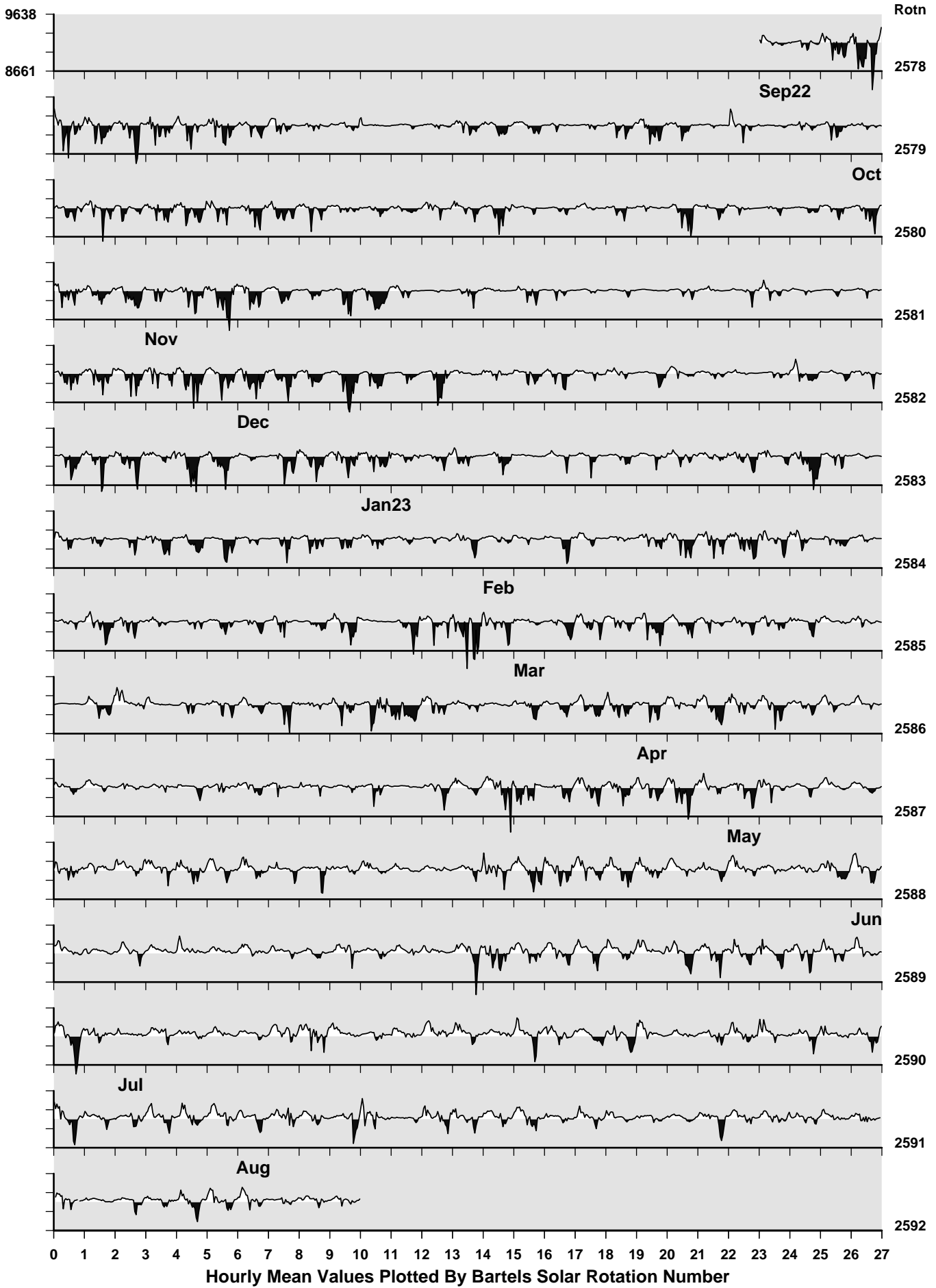


# Jim Carrigan Observatory: Declination (degrees)



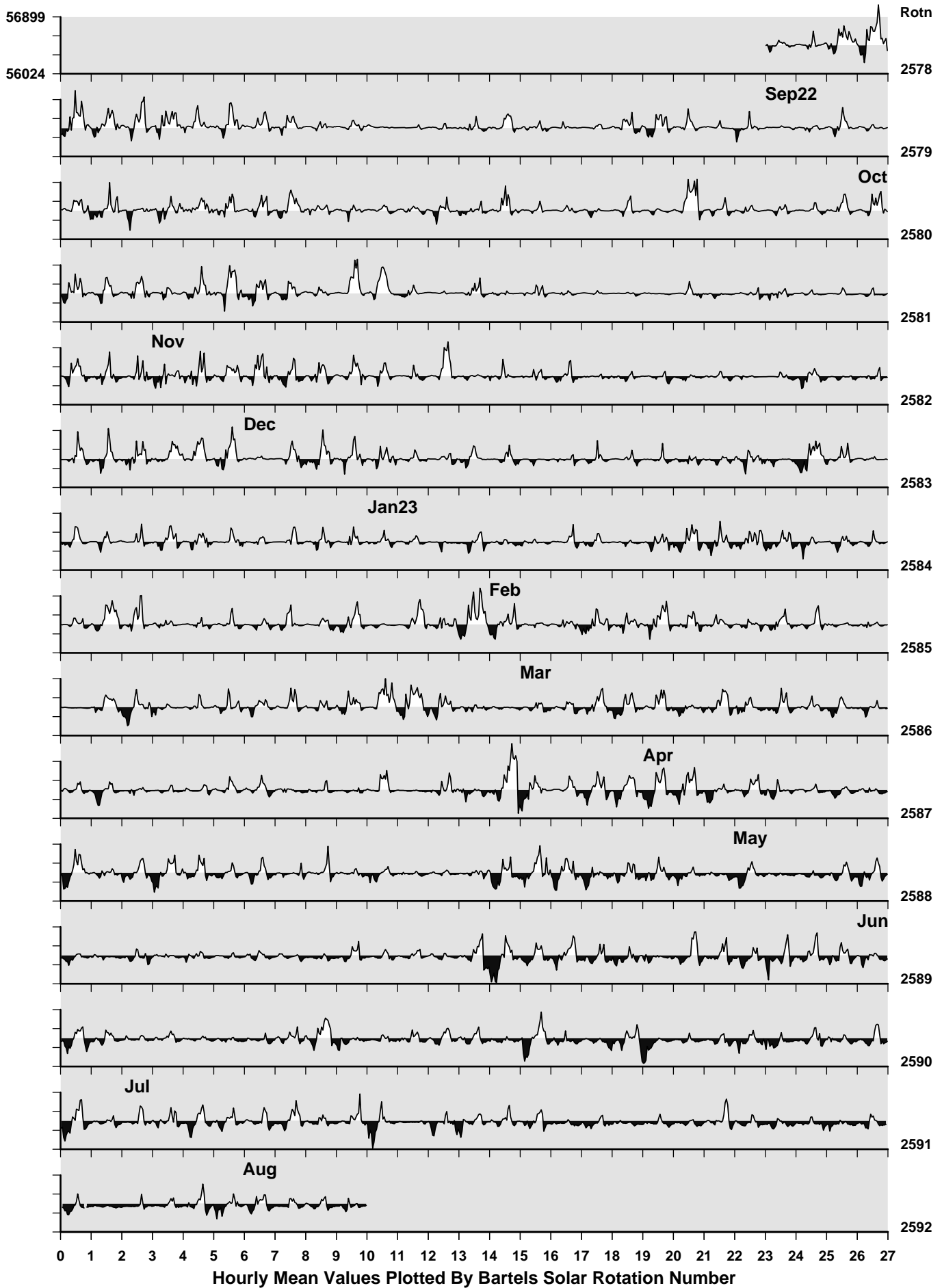
Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

# Jim Carrigan Observatory: Horizontal Intensity (nT)



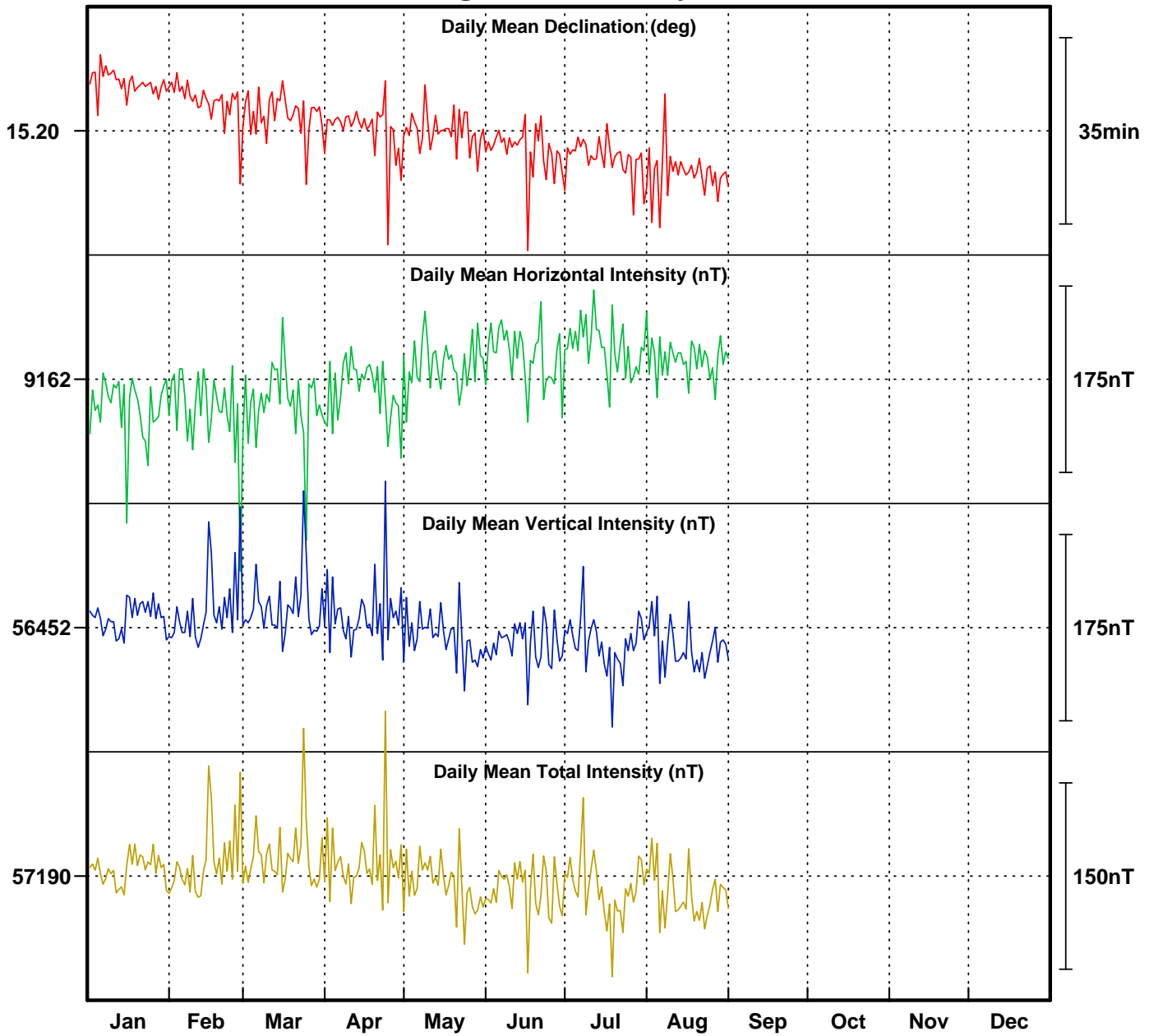
Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

# Jim Carrigan Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

# Jim Carrigan Observatory 2023



## Monthly mean values for Jim Carrigan Observatory 2023

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	15° 20.9′	9135 nT	80° 48.6′	8809 nT	2418 nT	56461 nT	57195 nT
February	15° 17.3′	9133 nT	80° 48.8′	8809 nT	2408 nT	56469 nT	57203 nT
March	15° 14.9′	9141 nT	80° 48.3′	8819 nT	2404 nT	56471 nT	57206 nT
April	15° 12.0′	9153 nT	80° 47.5′	8833 nT	2400 nT	56464 nT	57201 nT
May	15° 11.8′	9176 nT	80° 46.0′	8855 nT	2405 nT	56443 nT	57184 nT
June	15° 8.0′	9185 nT	80° 45.4′	8866 nT	2398 nT	56437 nT	57180 nT
July	15° 6.8′	9193 nT	80° 44.9′	8875 nT	2397 nT	56436 nT	57180 nT
August	15° 3.9′	9180 nT	80° 45.6′	8864 nT	2386 nT	56433 nT	57175 nT

### Note:

i. The values shown here are provisional.