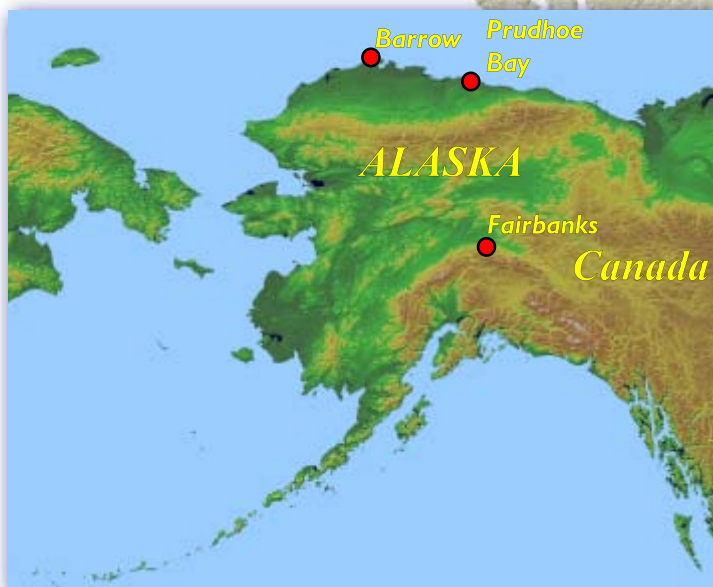


BRITISH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

**Jim Carrigan
Observatory
Prudhoe Bay
Monthly
Magnetic
Bulletin**

October 2016

16/10/JC



British Geological Survey

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL

JIM CARRIGAN OBSERVATORY MAGNETIC DATA

1. Introduction

Jim Carrigan observatory is the fourth overseas geomagnetic observatory established by the British Geological Survey (BGS). The installation was a joint venture between BGS and Sperry Drilling Services (SDS), Halliburton in support of directional drilling programmes. SDS operated a prototype station since 1997, which was upgraded by the BGS to a standard high-quality observatory in October 2003.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

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British Geological Survey
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Scotland, UK

Tel: +44 (0) 131 667 1000
Fax: +44 (0) 131 668 2683
E-mail: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk
Internet: www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk

2. Position

Jim Carrigan Observatory is situated at T-Pad, a man-made gravel bed close to the drilling sites at Prudhoe Bay, Alaska, USA. The observatory co-ordinates are:-

Geographic: 70° 21'21.6"N 211° 12'03.7" E
Geomagnetic: 70° 25'01"N 256° 42'40" E
Height above mean sea level: 20m (approx)

The geographical coordinates are measured by a handheld GPS device, which uses WGS84 as the reference coordinate system. The height above MSL is determined from the best available contour maps. The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 12th generation International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2016.5. On-line access to

models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at

http://www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home

3. The Observatory Operation

3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed and became fully operational from October 2003. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by the Danish Meteorological Institute, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal (*H*) and vertical (*Z*) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination (*D*). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors there is a proton precession magnetometer (PPM) making measurements of the absolute total field intensity (*F*) at a rate of 0.05Hz.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 13-point cosine filter.

3.2 Absolute Observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. Two sets of absolute measurements of the field are made manually once per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine *D* and inclination (*I*); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for *F*. The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

4. Observatory Results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

4.1 Absolute Observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of D , H and Z (in the sense absolute–variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute F and the F computed from the baseline corrected H and Z values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured–derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in D , H and Z . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of D , H and Z from the fluxgate sensors, with any gaps filled using back-up data. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

4.4 Hourly Mean Value Plots

Hourly mean values of D , H and Z for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically

quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

4.5 Daily and Monthly Mean Values

Daily mean values of D , H , Z and F are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

5. Conditions of Use

The data presented in this bulletin are provided for personal, academic, educational, non-commercial research or other non-commercial use and are not for sale or distribution to third parties without written permission from BGS.

Reproduction of any part of this bulletin should be accompanied by the statement: 'Reproduced with the permission of the British Geological Survey ©NERC. All rights Reserved'. Publications making use of the data should include an acknowledgment statement of the form: 'The results presented in this paper rely on the data collected at Jim Carrigan magnetic observatory, operated by Sperry Drilling Services, Halliburton and the British Geological Survey with support from BP.'

Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at www.geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff

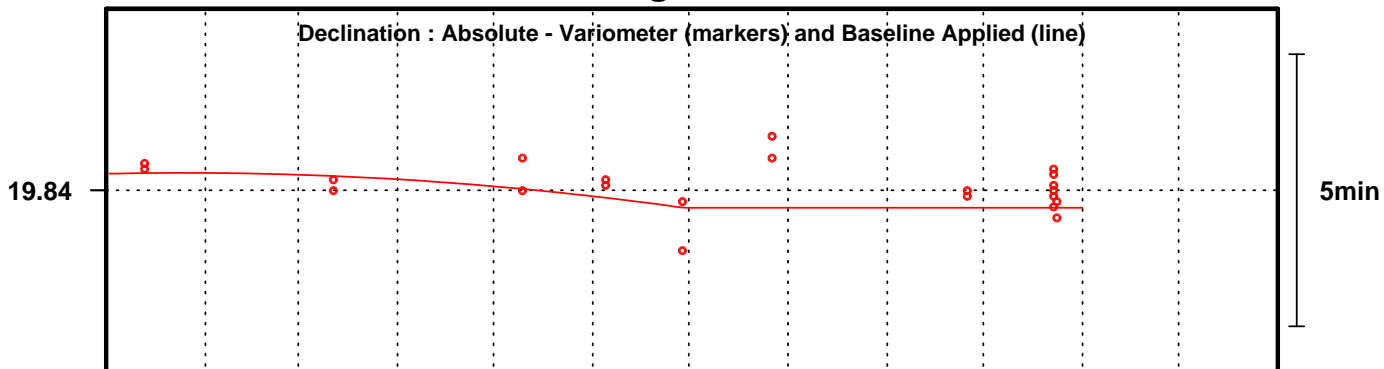
JIM CARRIGAN OBSERVATORY

ABSOLUTE OBSERVATIONS

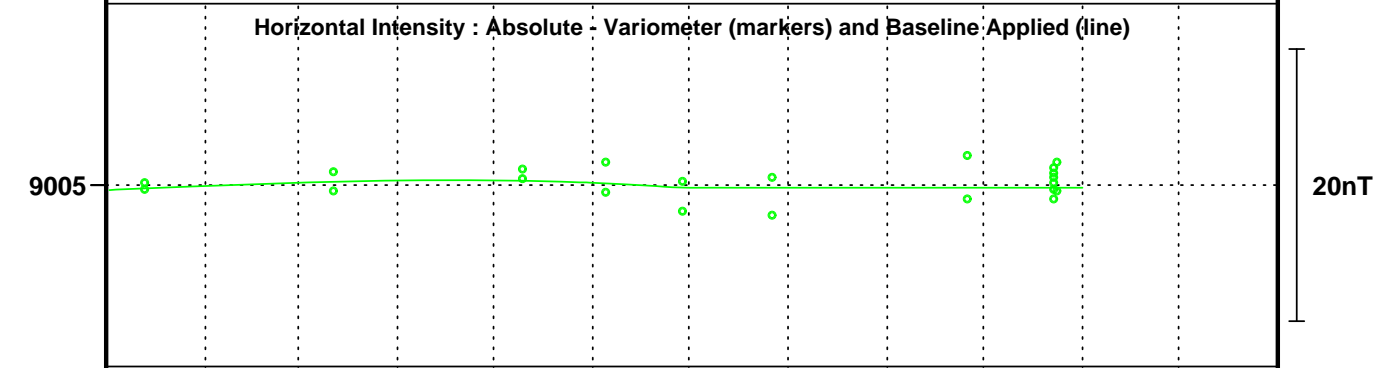
Date	Day Number	Declination			Inclination		Total Field		Horizontal Intensity		Vertical Intensity		Observer
		Time (UT)	Absolute (°)	Baseline (°)	Time (UT)	Absolute (°)	Site difference (nT)	Absolute corrected (nT)	Absolute (nT)	Baseline (nT)	Absolute (nT)	Baseline (nT)	
22-Oct-16	296	02:20	18.2516	19.8383	02:33	81.0121	5.7	57483.5	8980.4	9004.1	56777.7	56864.3	CT
22-Oct-16	296	02:44	18.2525	19.8400	02:58	81.0094	5.7	57484.5	8983.2	9004.8	56778.3	56864.2	CT
22-Oct-16	296	18:07	18.3730	19.8467	18:23	81.0138	5.7	57460.2	8975.1	9006.0	56754.9	56864.4	CT
22-Oct-16	296	18:33	18.4180	19.8450	18:45	81.0095	5.7	57461.9	8979.6	9005.3	56755.9	56864.4	KF
22-Oct-16	296	23:04	18.2185	19.8417	23:20	81.0007	5.7	57478.1	8990.9	9005.7	56770.6	56864.8	CT
22-Oct-16	296	23:33	18.2274	19.8350	23:43	81.0148	5.7	57488.5	8978.5	9006.4	56783.1	56864.3	CT
23-Oct-16	297	15:55	18.5870	19.8367	16:14	81.0983	5.7	57425.4	8886.0	9004.7	56733.8	56864.8	CT
23-Oct-16	297	16:26	18.4501	19.8317	16:42	81.0750	5.7	57415.7	8907.5	9006.8	56720.5	56864.7	KF

Jim Carrigan Obs 2016

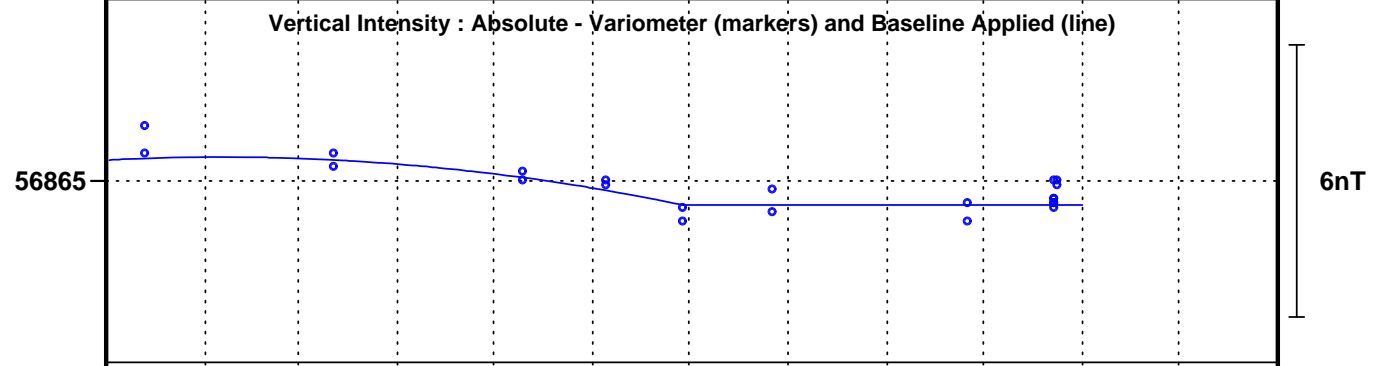
Declination : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



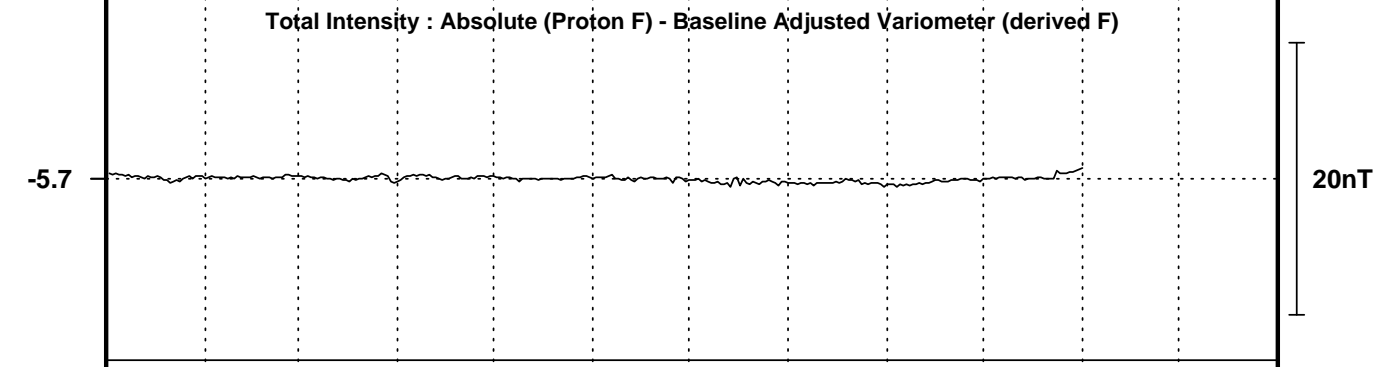
Horizontal Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



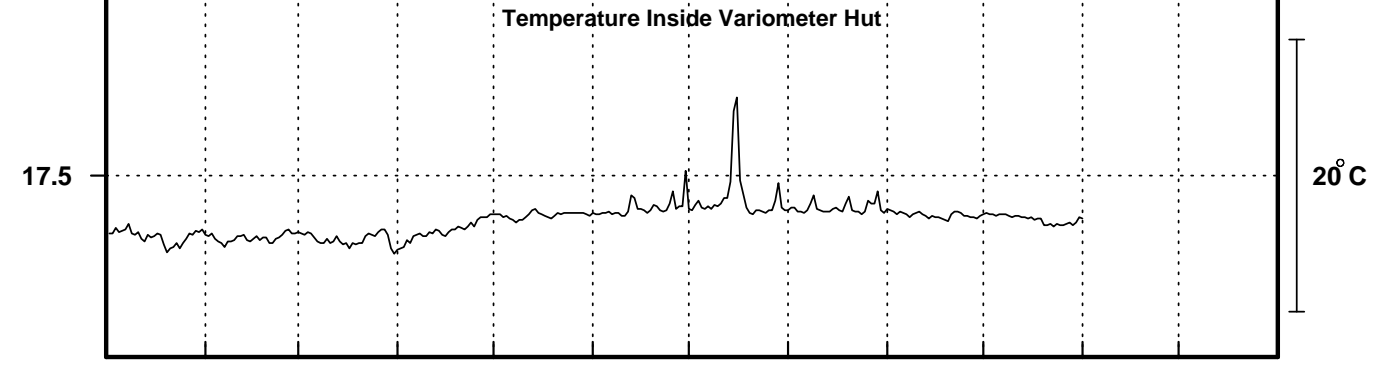
Vertical Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



Total Intensity : Absolute (Proton F) - Baseline Adjusted Variometer (derived F)



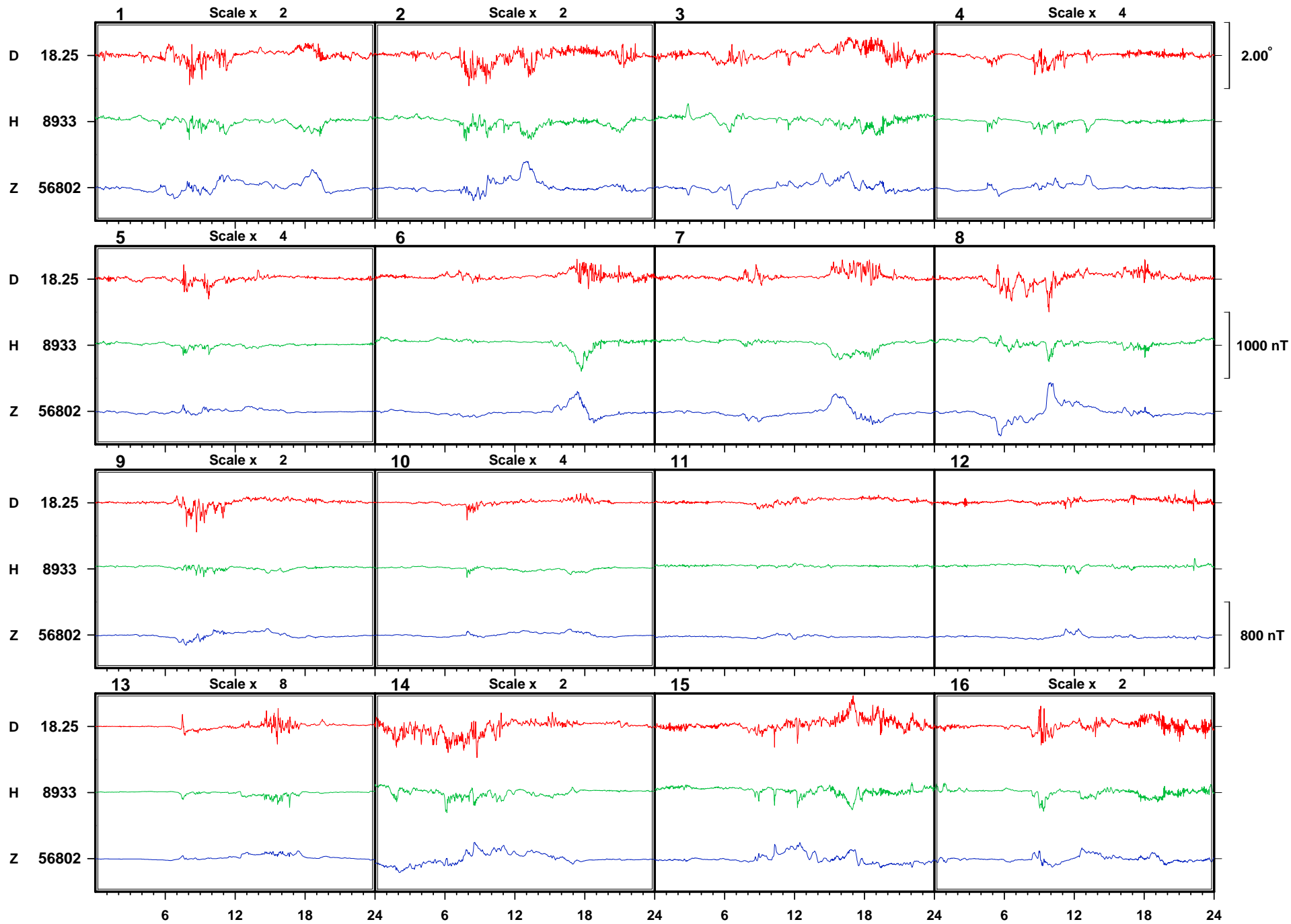
Temperature Inside Variometer Hut

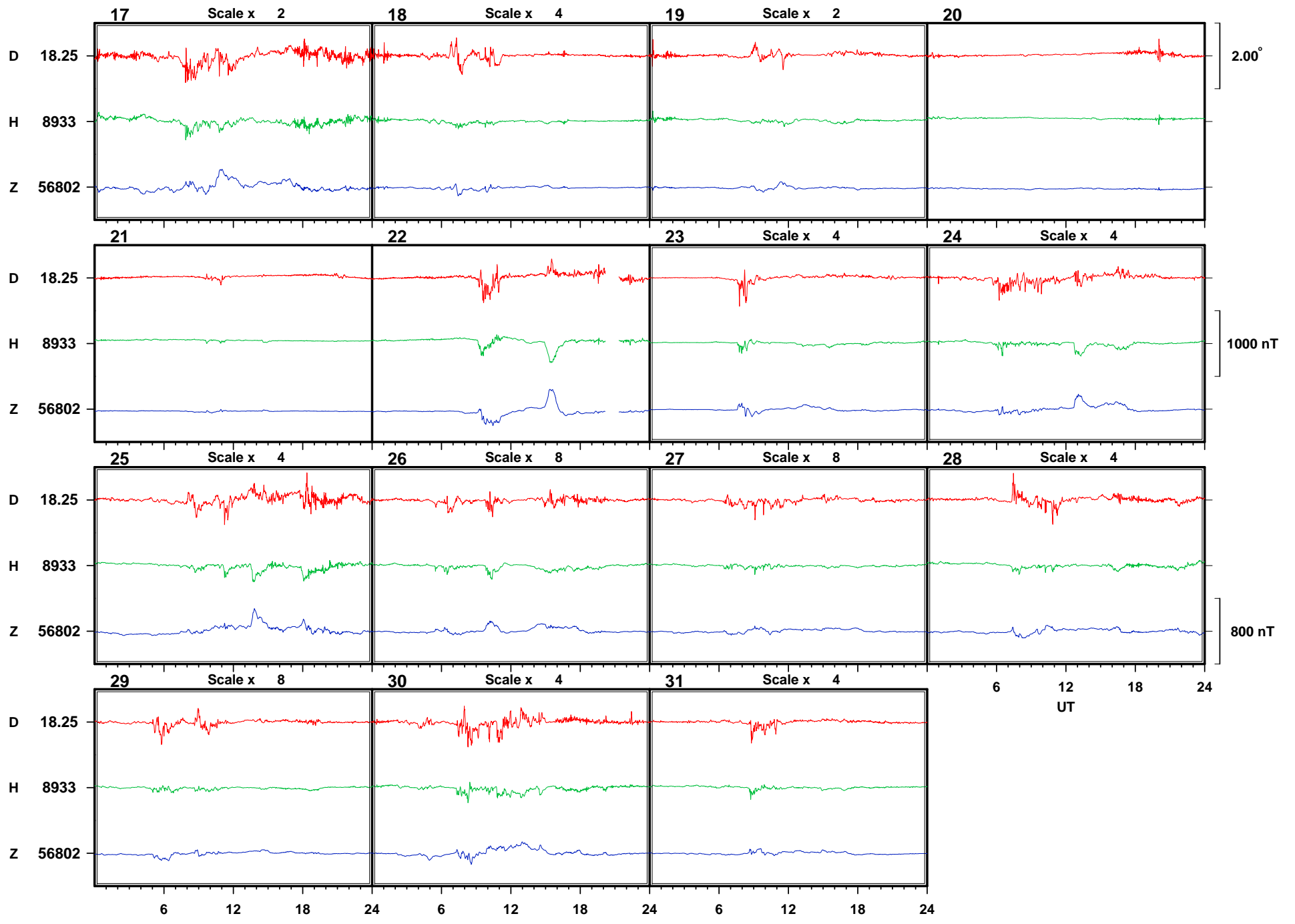


Jim Carrigan

October

2016





Jim Carrigan

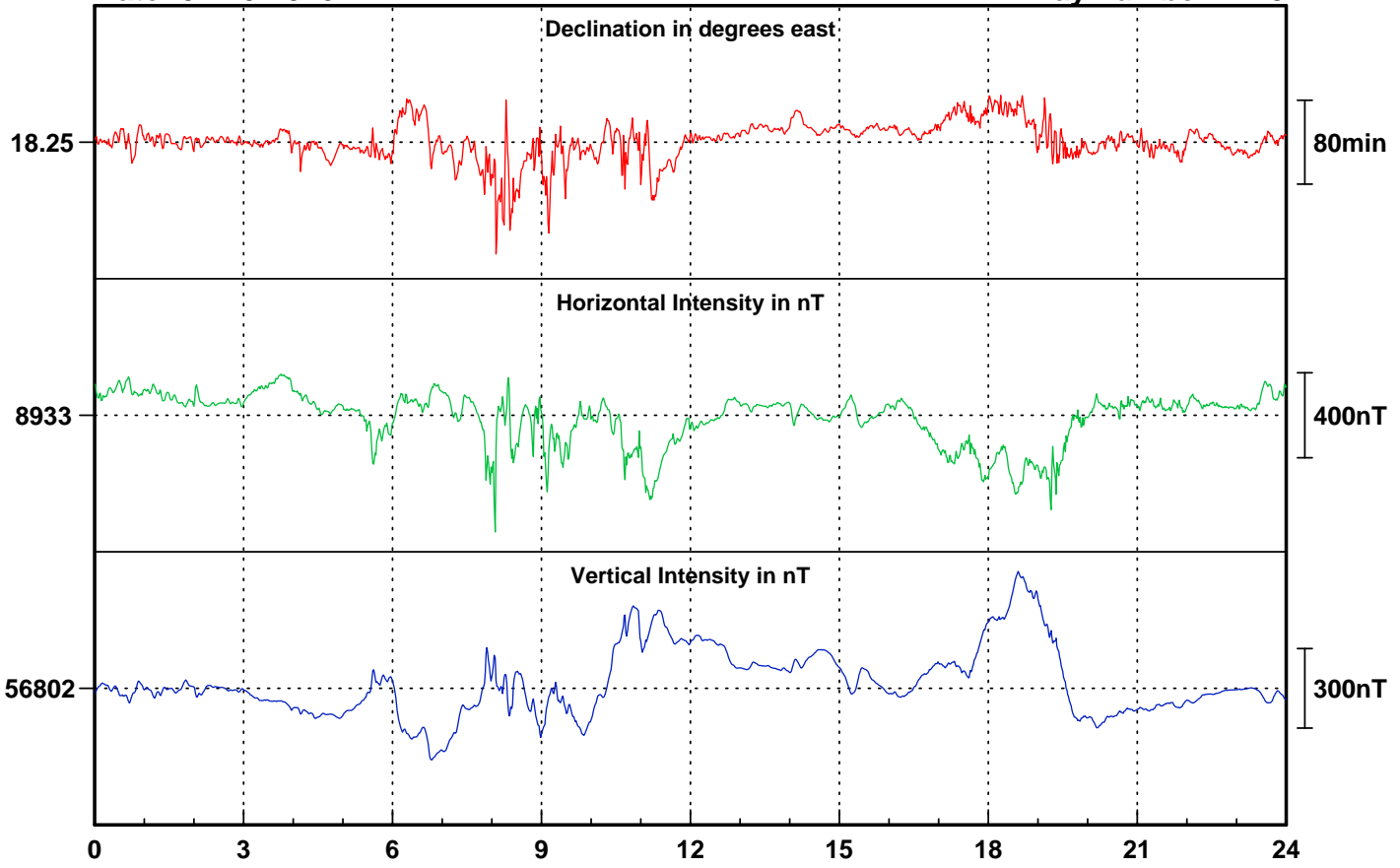
October

2016

Date: 01-10-2016

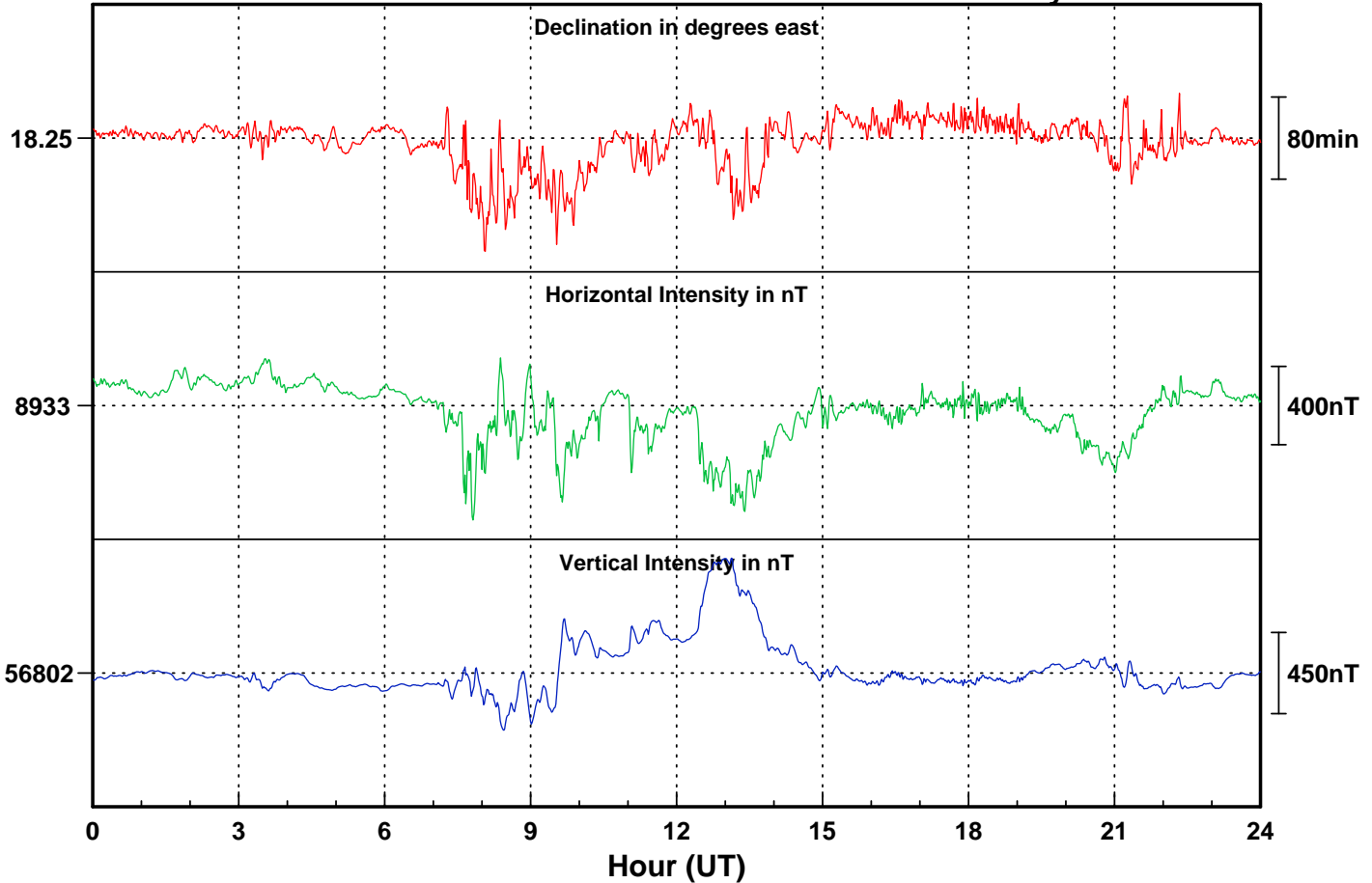
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 275



Date: 02-10-2016

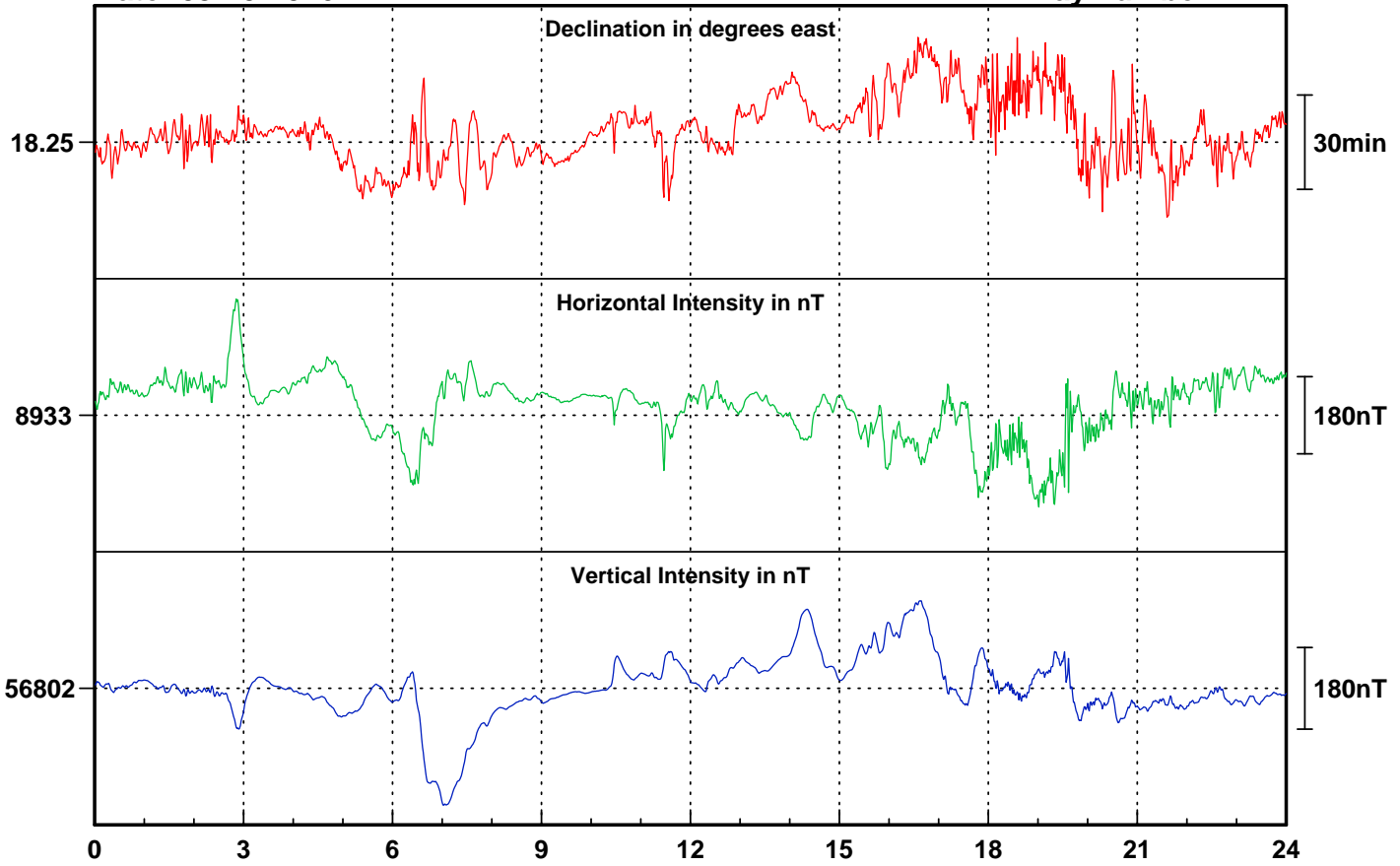
Day number: 276



Date: 03-10-2016

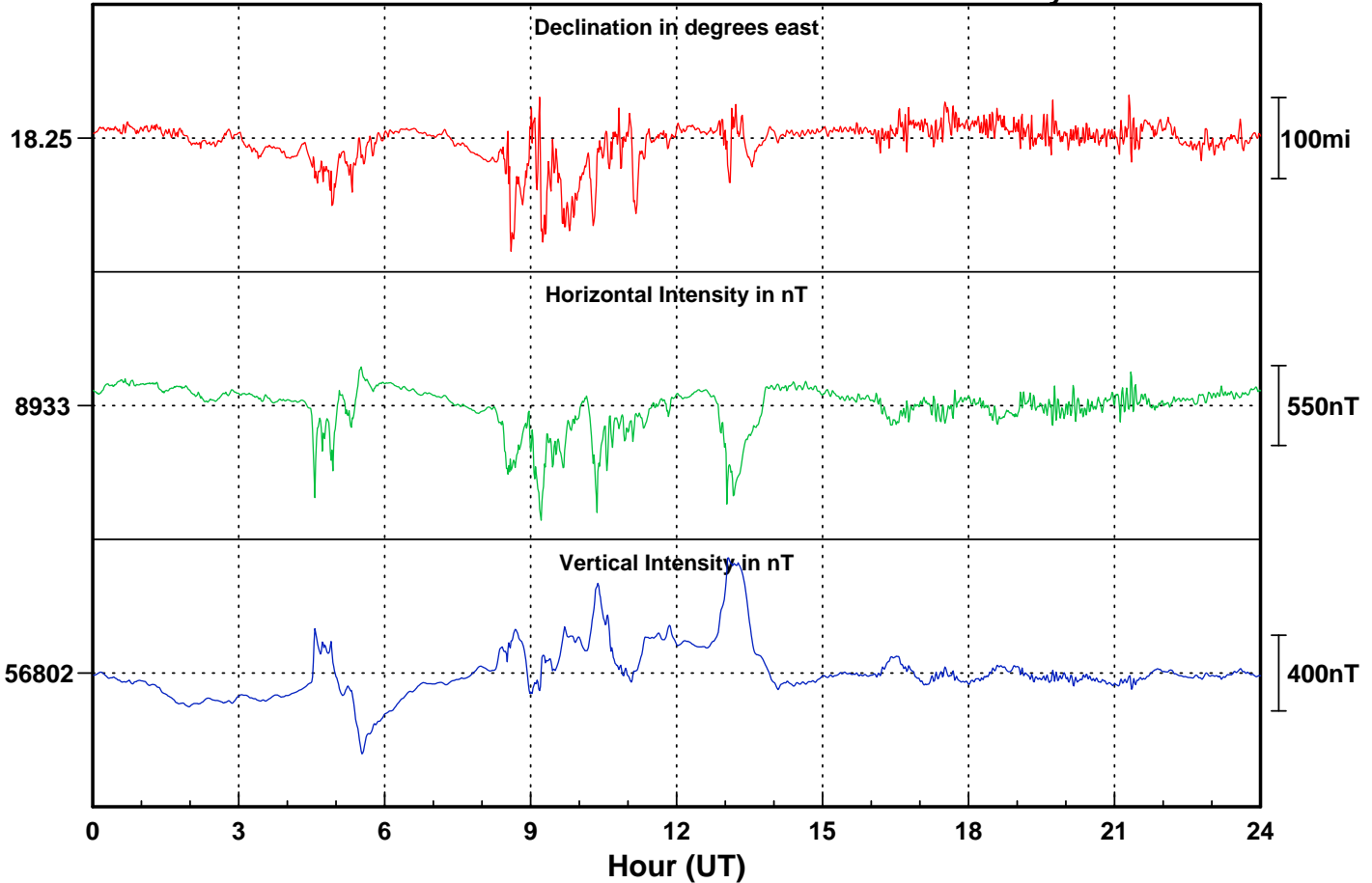
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 277



Date: 04-10-2016

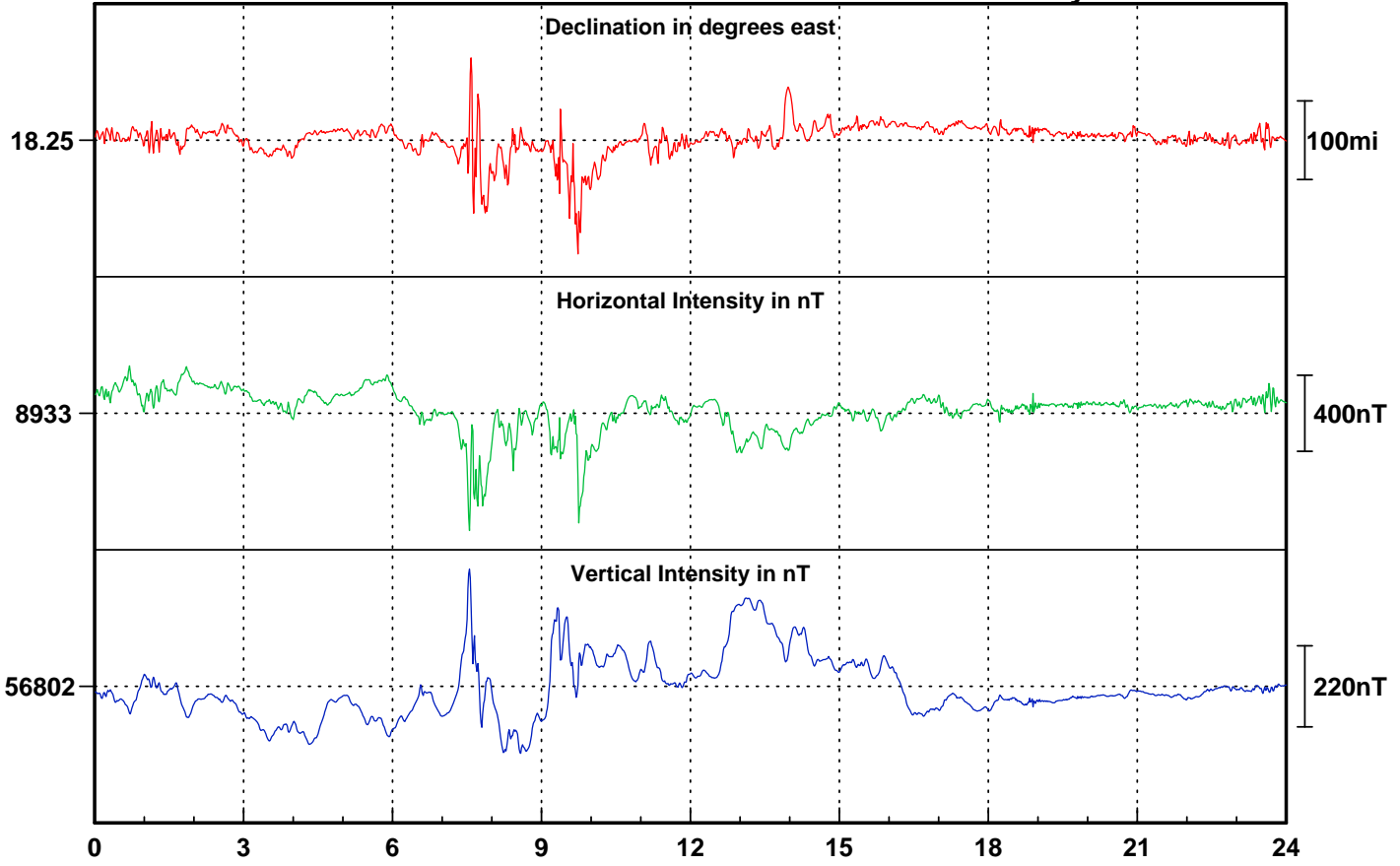
Day number: 278



Date: 05-10-2016

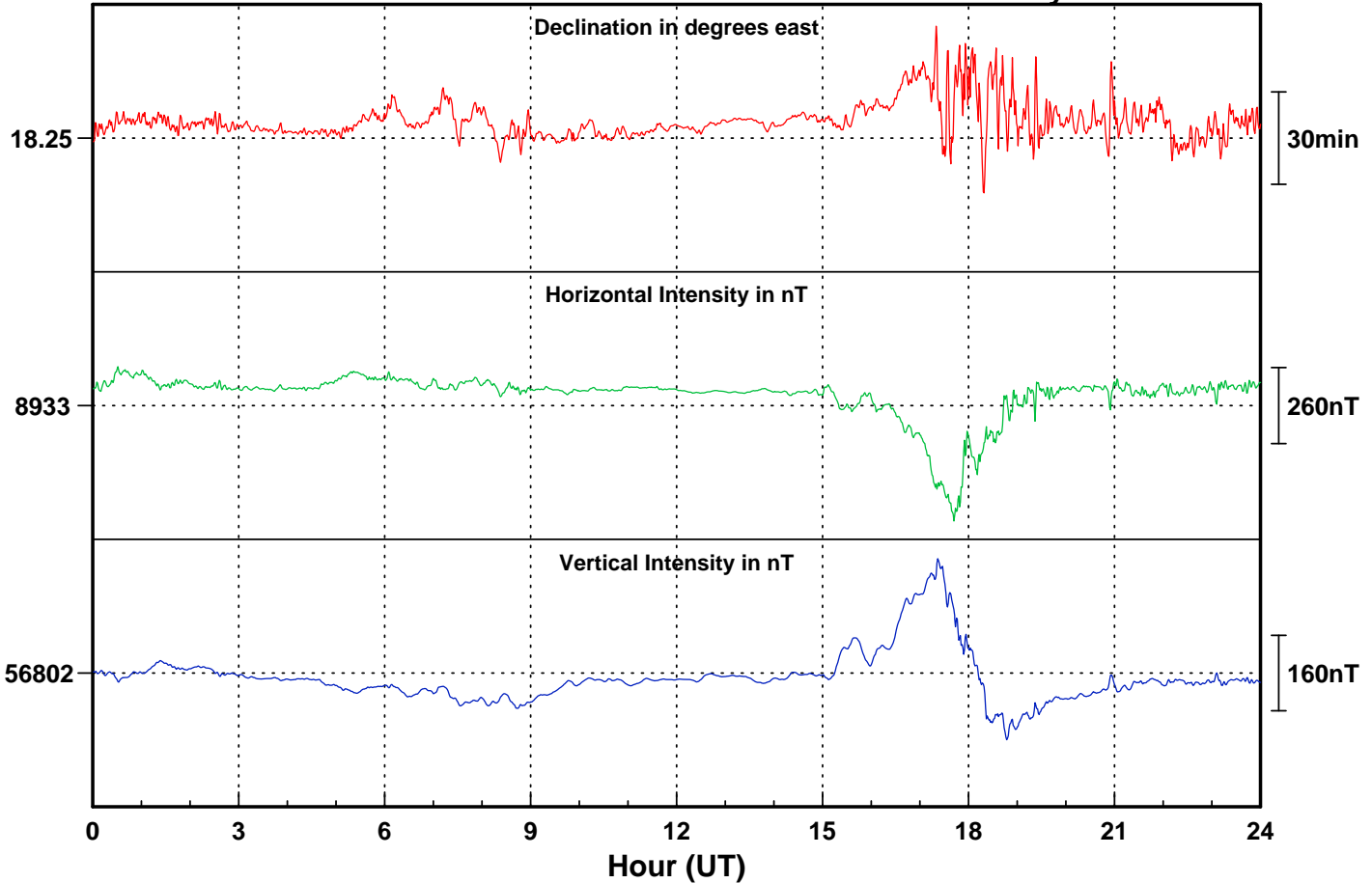
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 279



Date: 06-10-2016

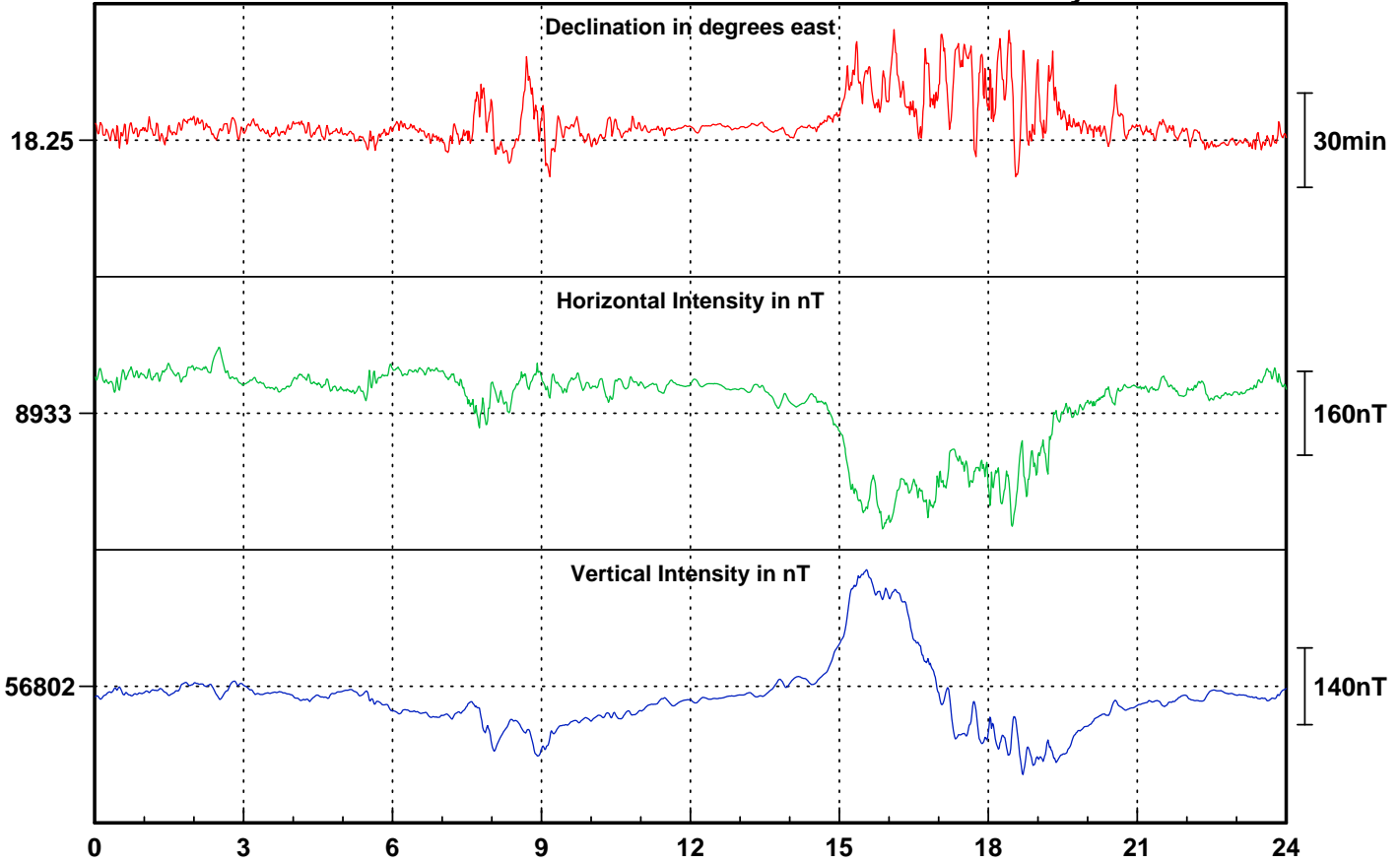
Day number: 280



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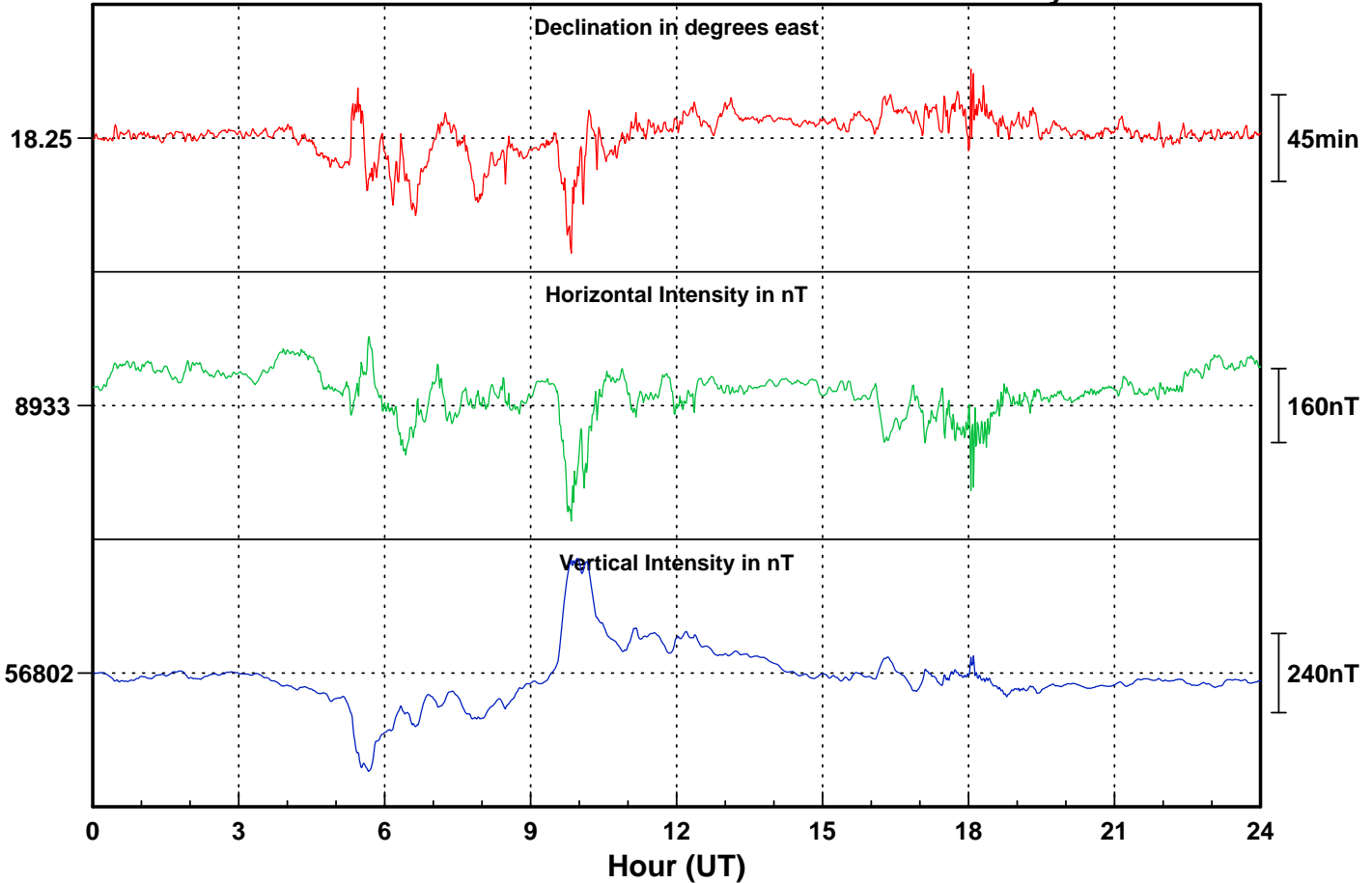
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 281



Date: 08-10-2016

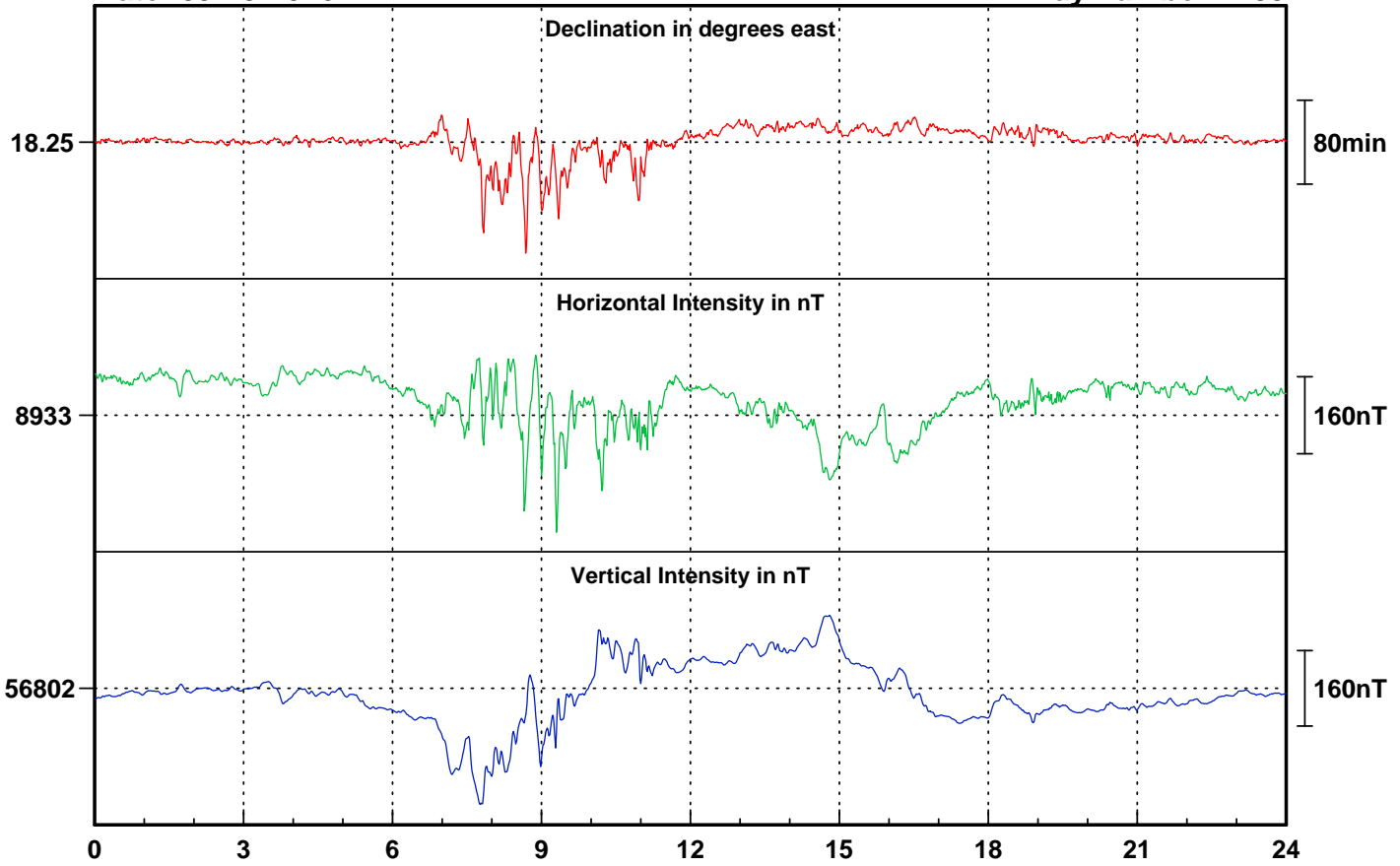
Day number: 282



Date: 09-10-2016

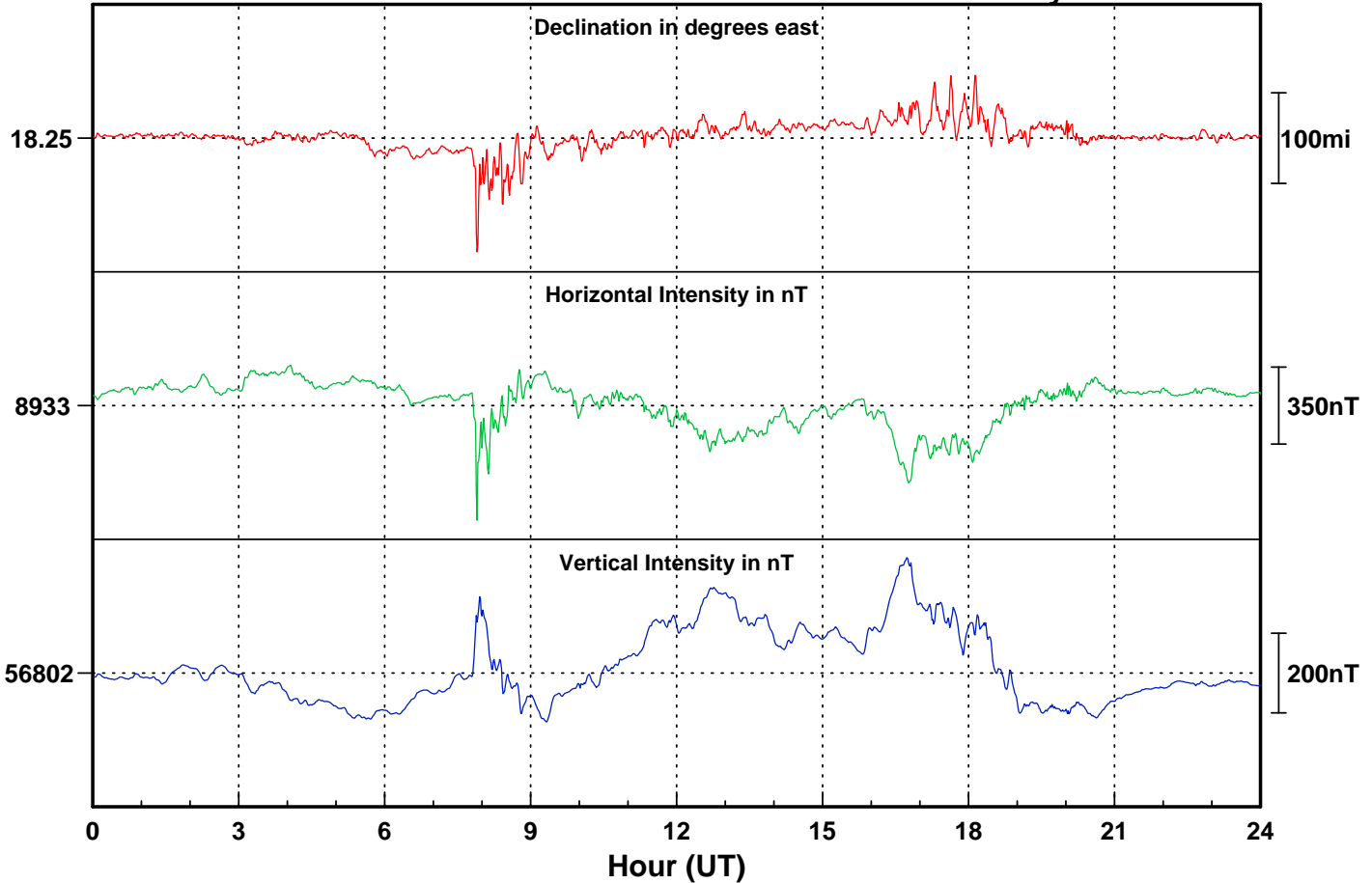
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 283



Date: 10-10-2016

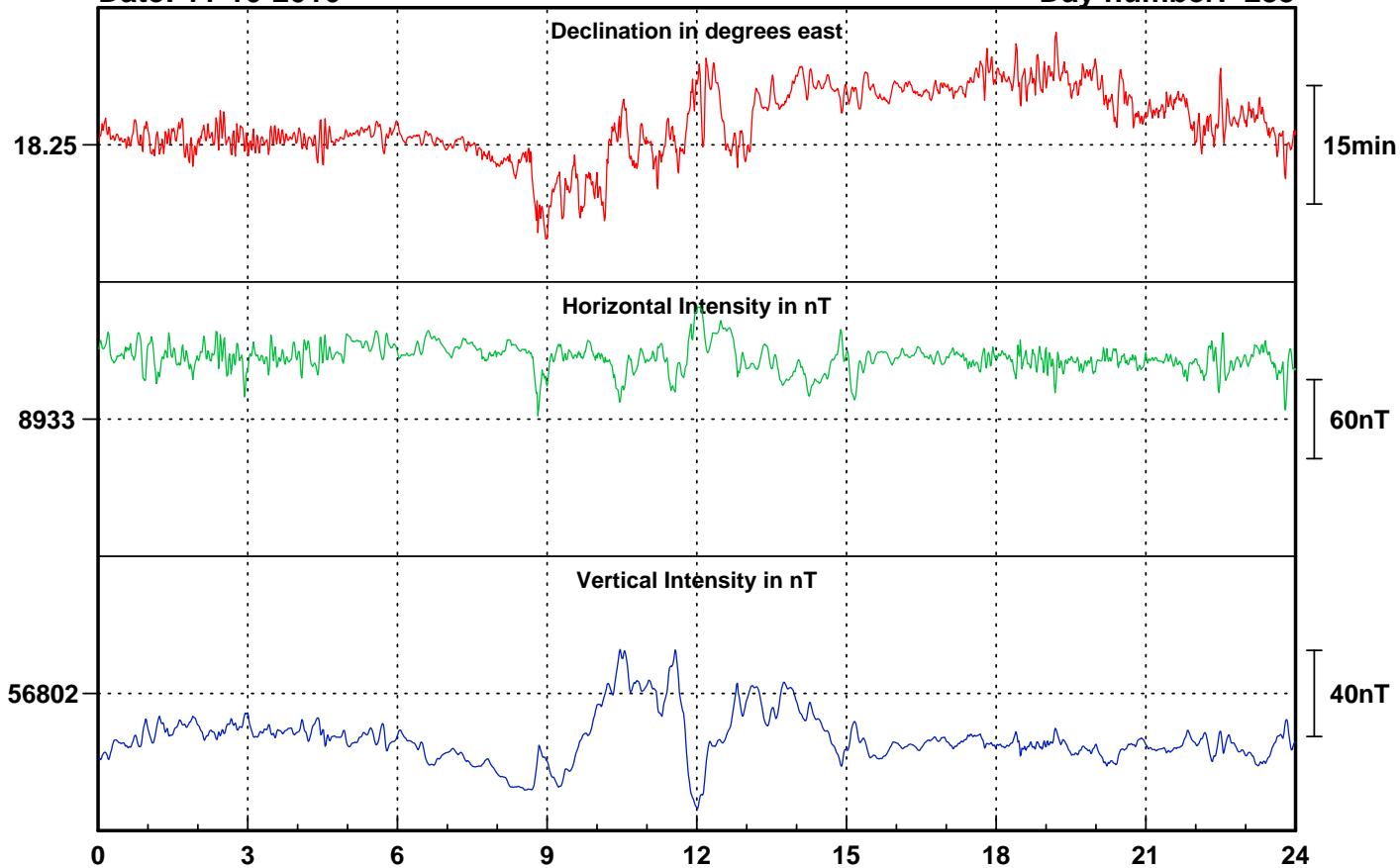
Day number: 284



Date: 11-10-2016

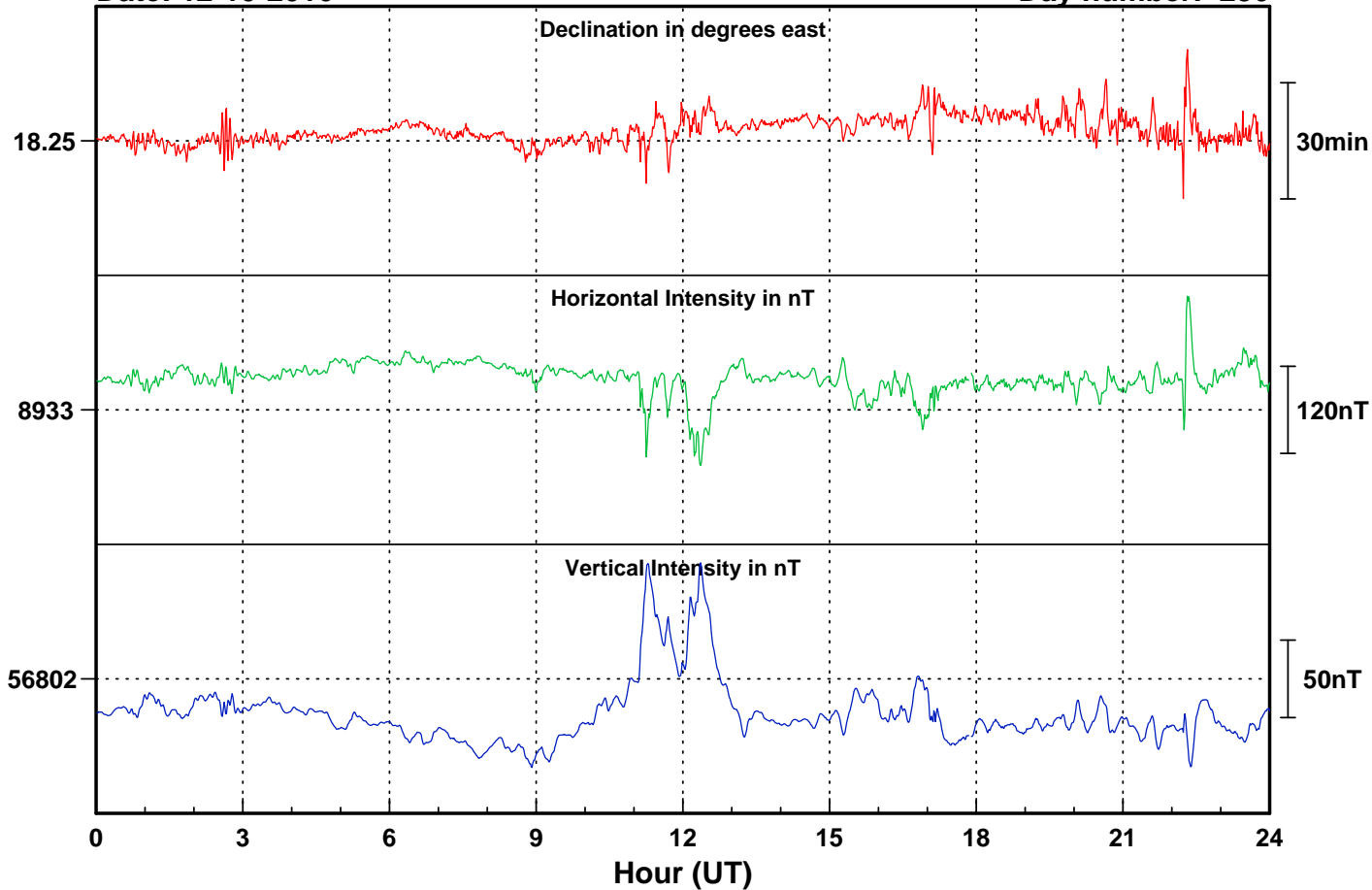
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 285



Date: 12-10-2016

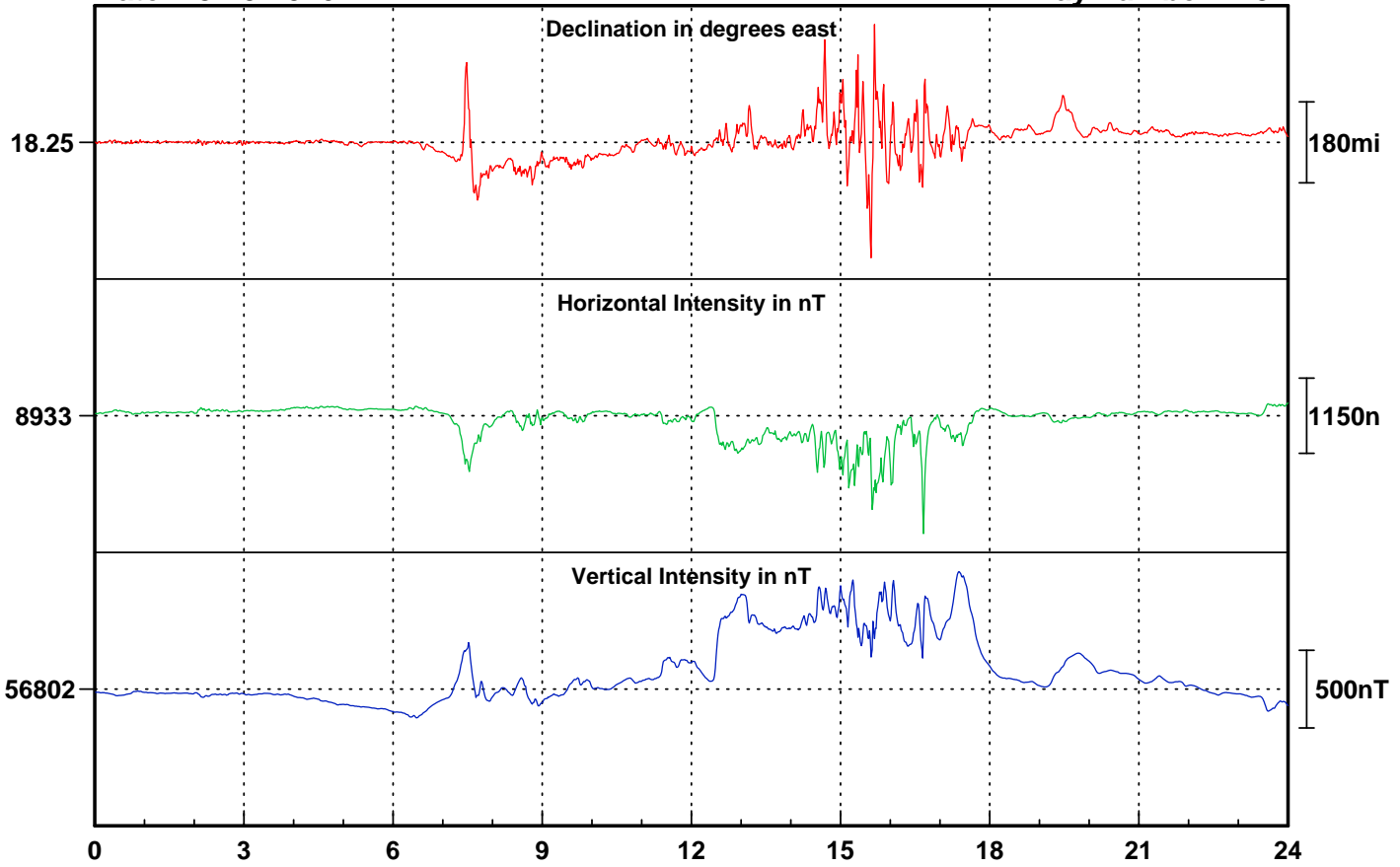
Day number: 286



Date: 13-10-2016

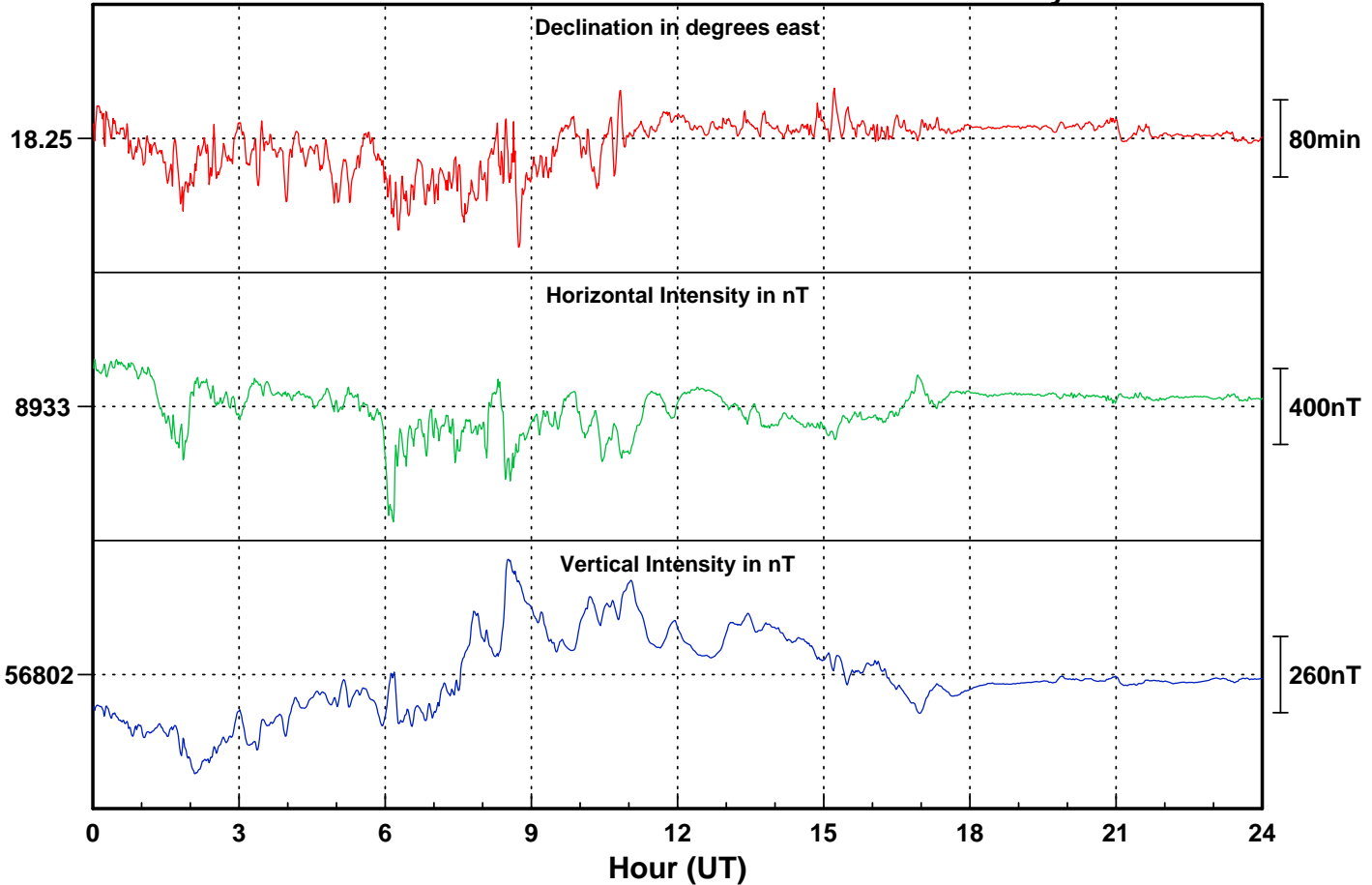
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 287



Date: 14-10-2016

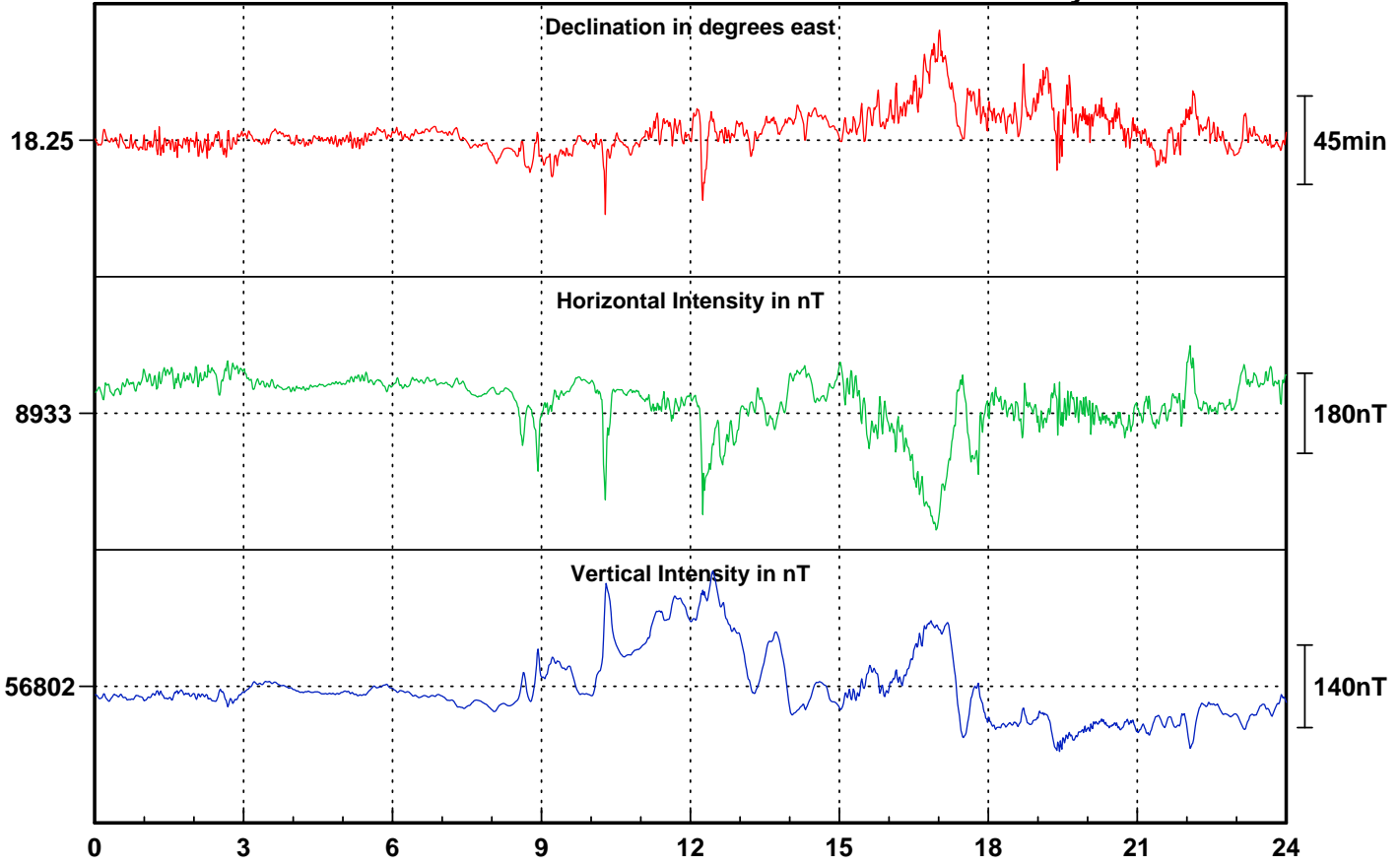
Day number: 288



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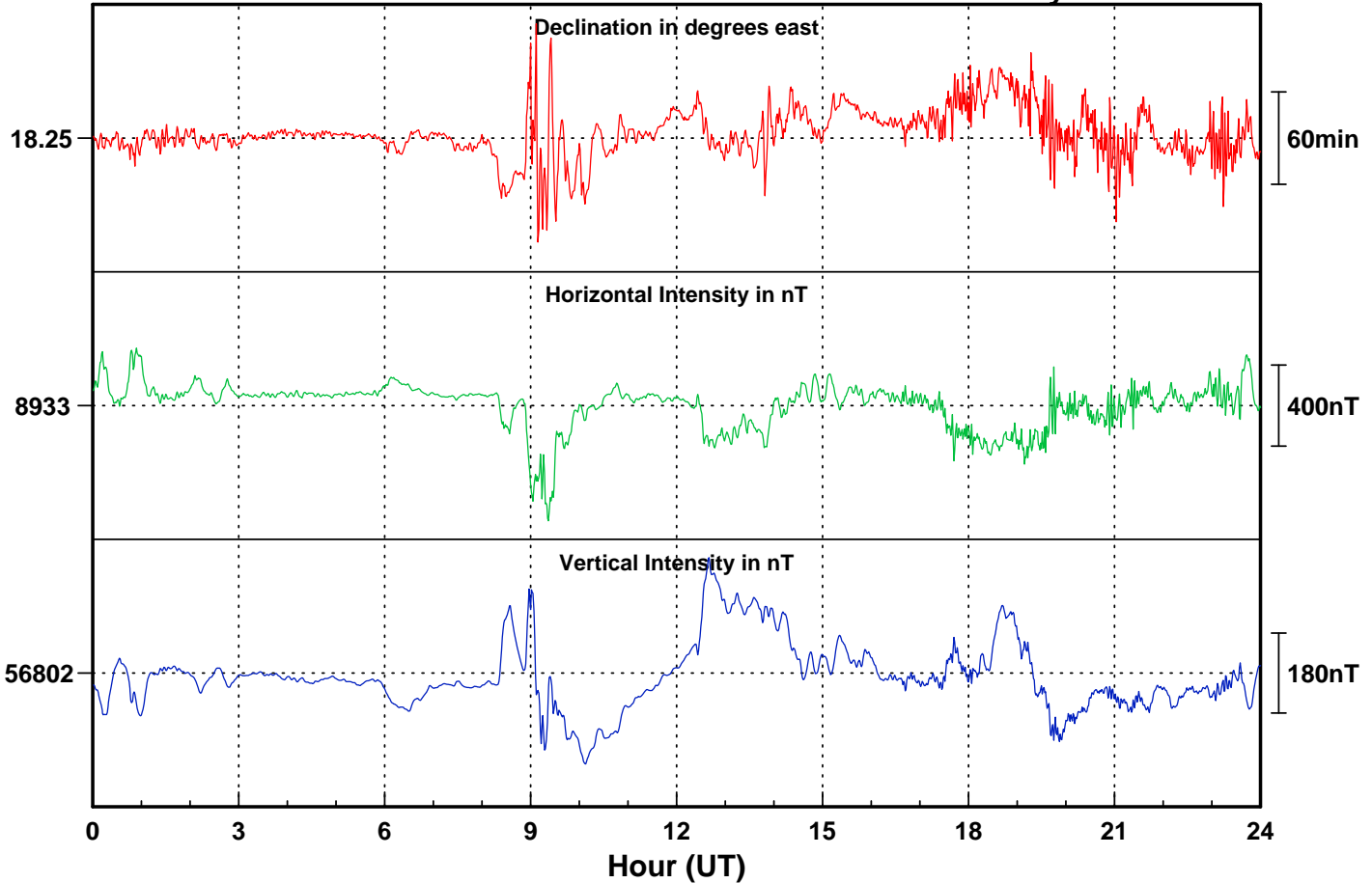
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 289



Date: 16-10-2016

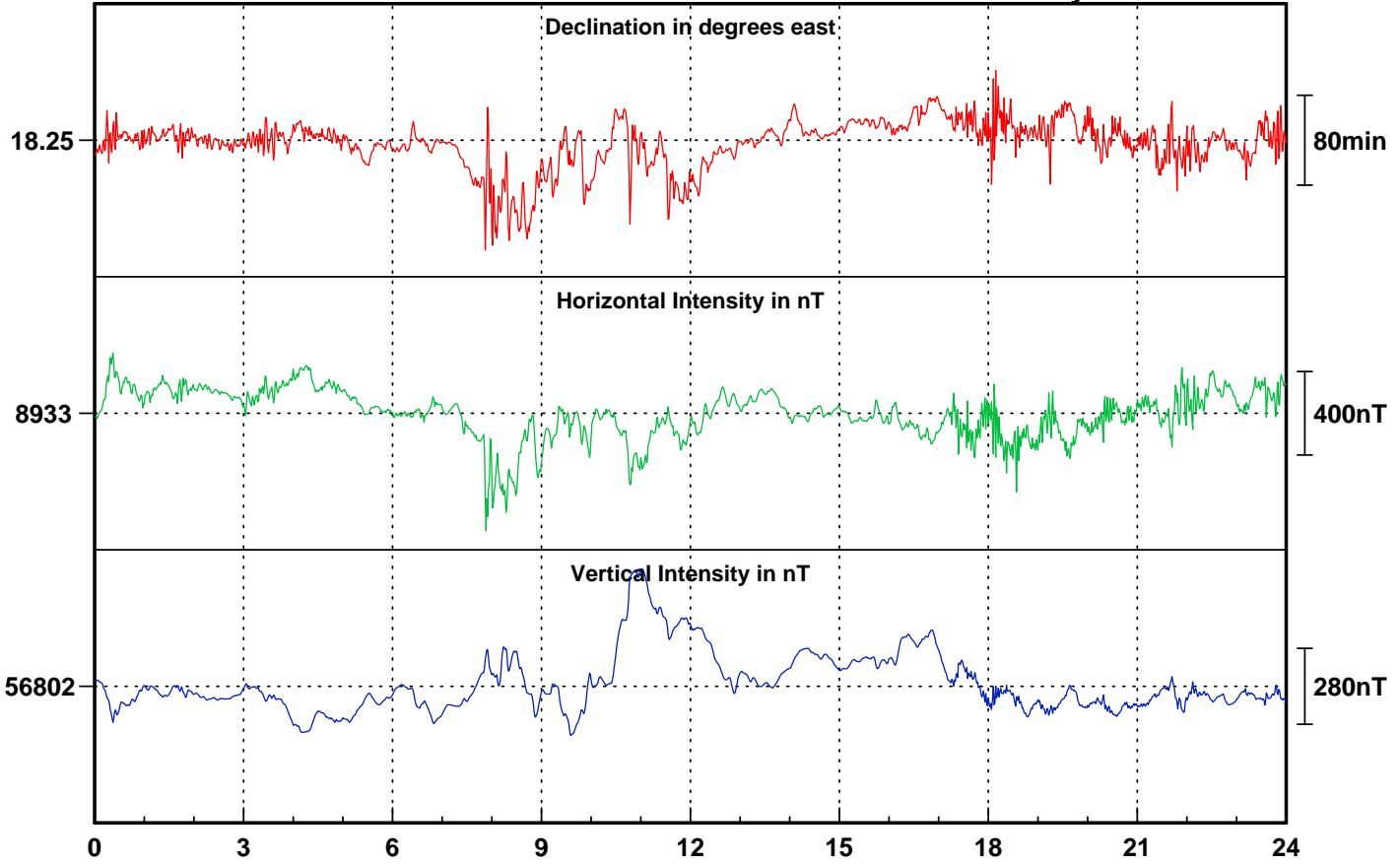
Day number: 290



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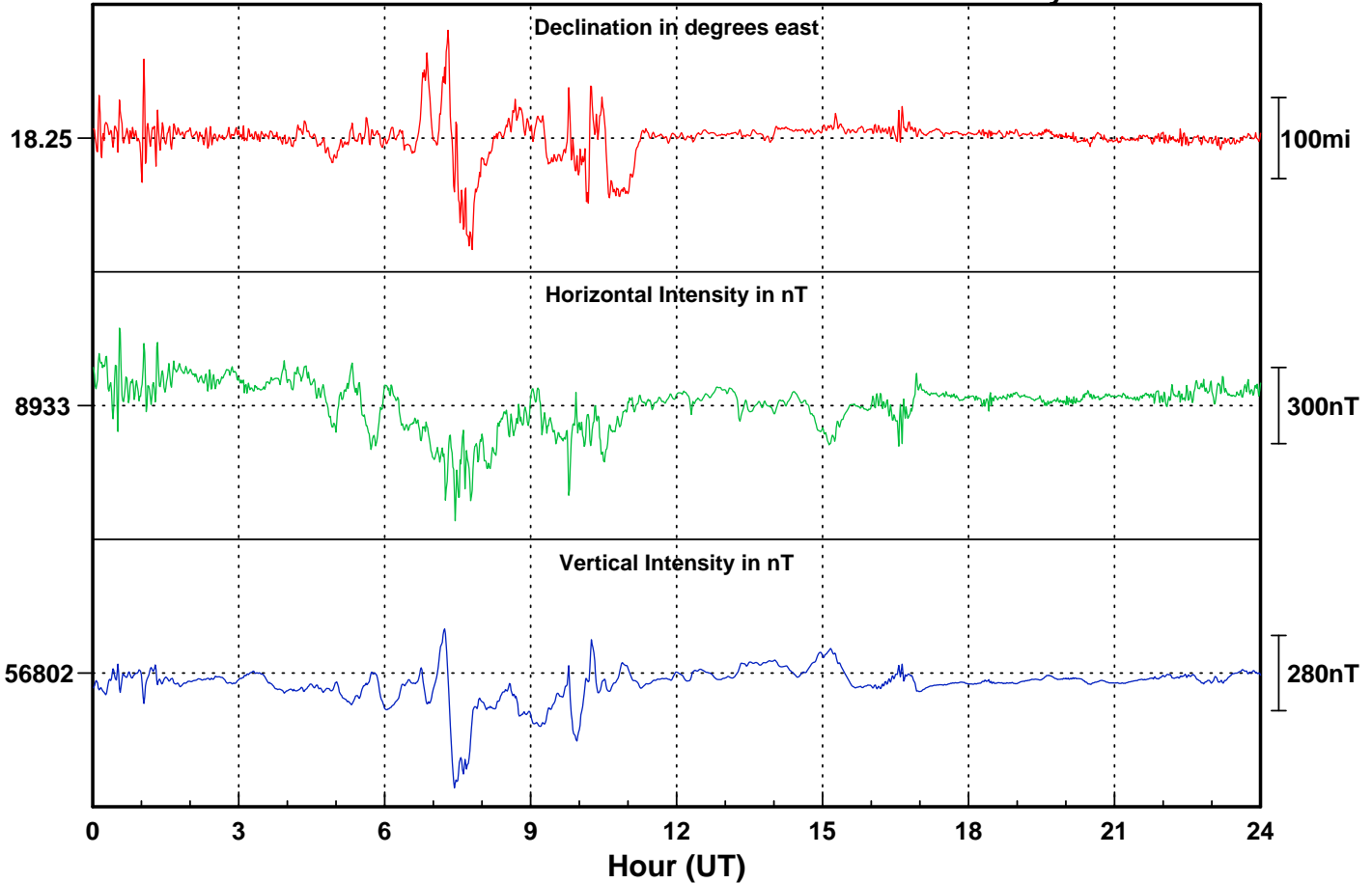
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 291



Date: 18-10-2016

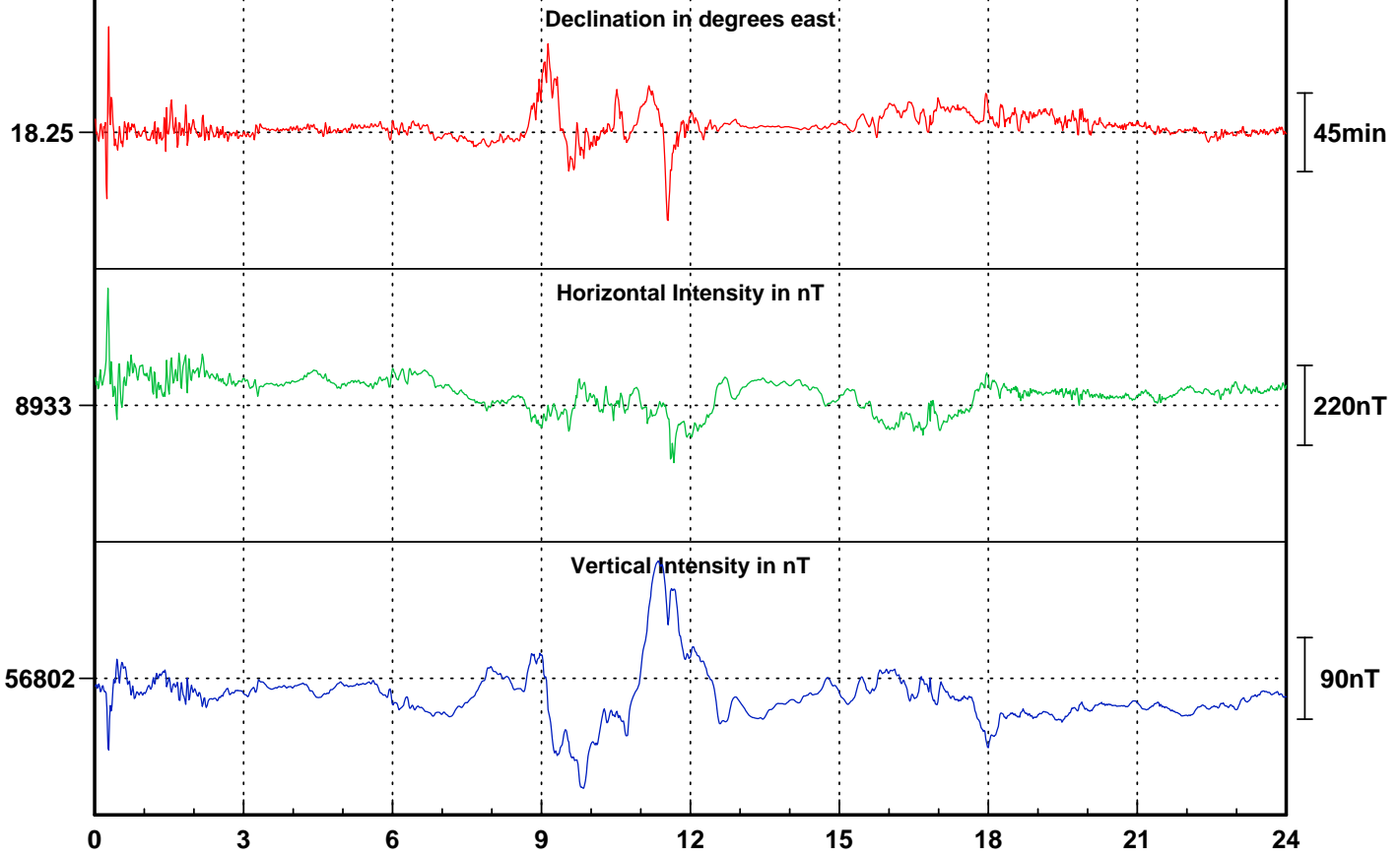
Day number: 292



Date: 19-10-2016

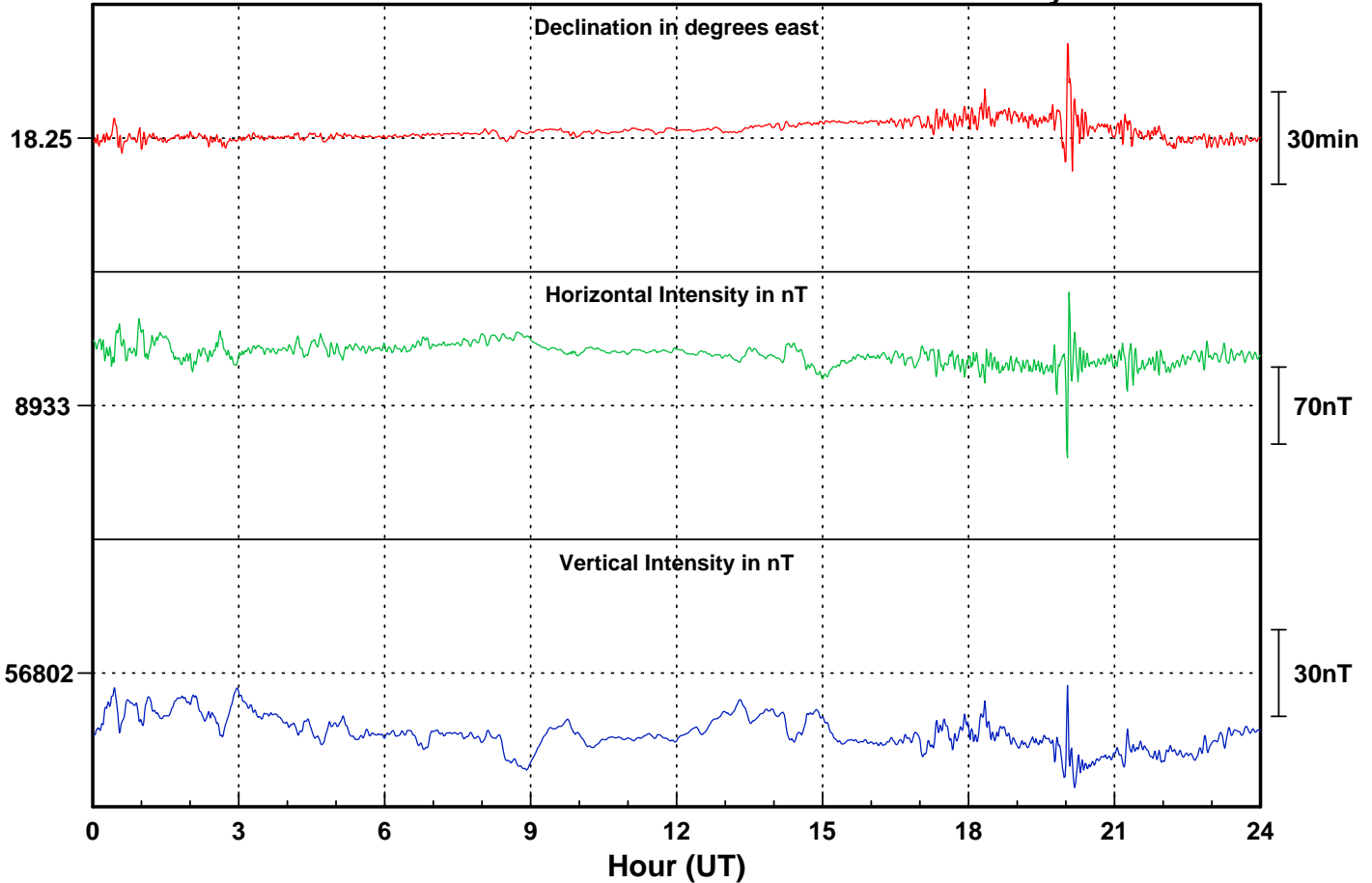
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 293



Date: 20-10-2016

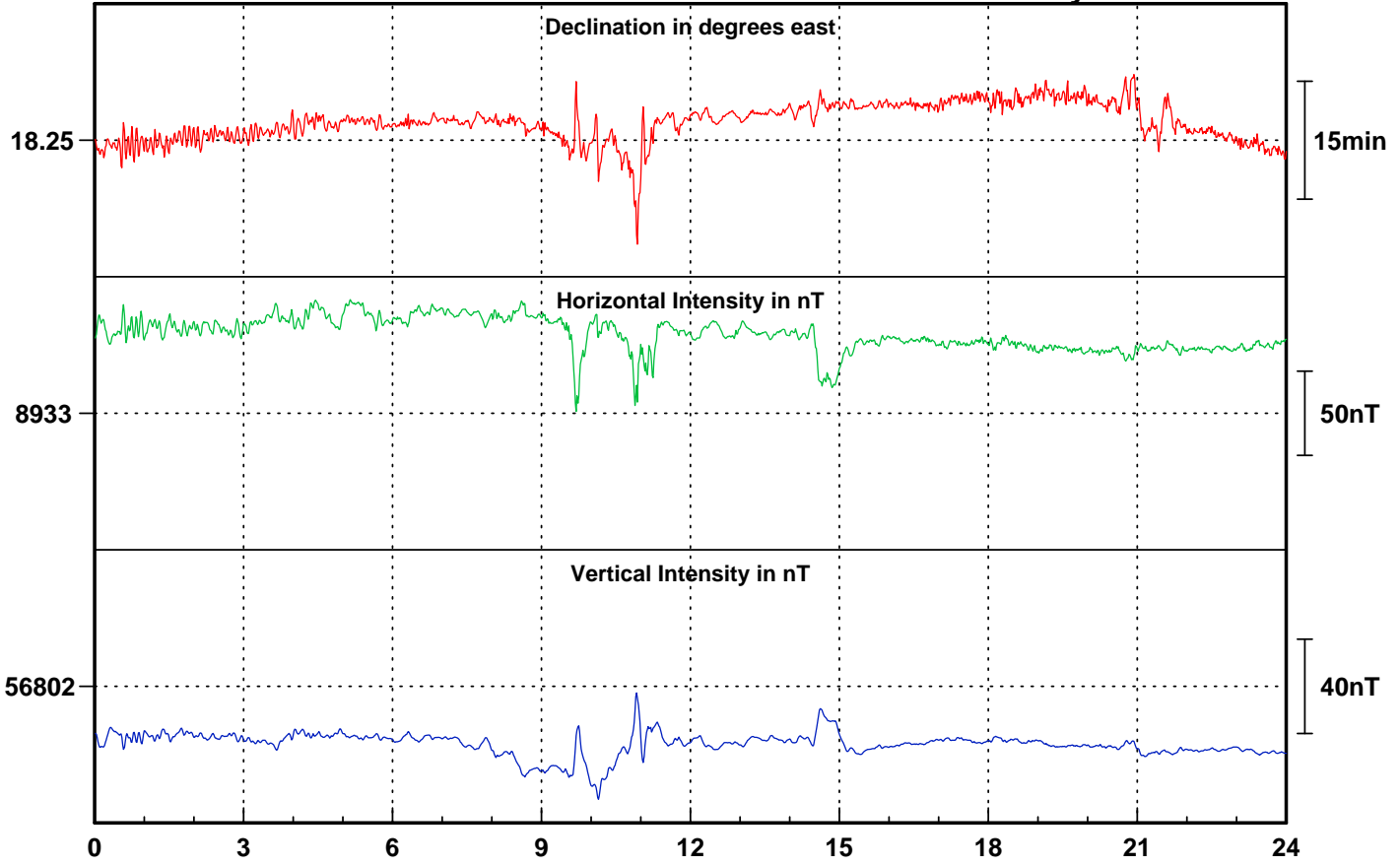
Day number: 294



Date: 21-10-2016

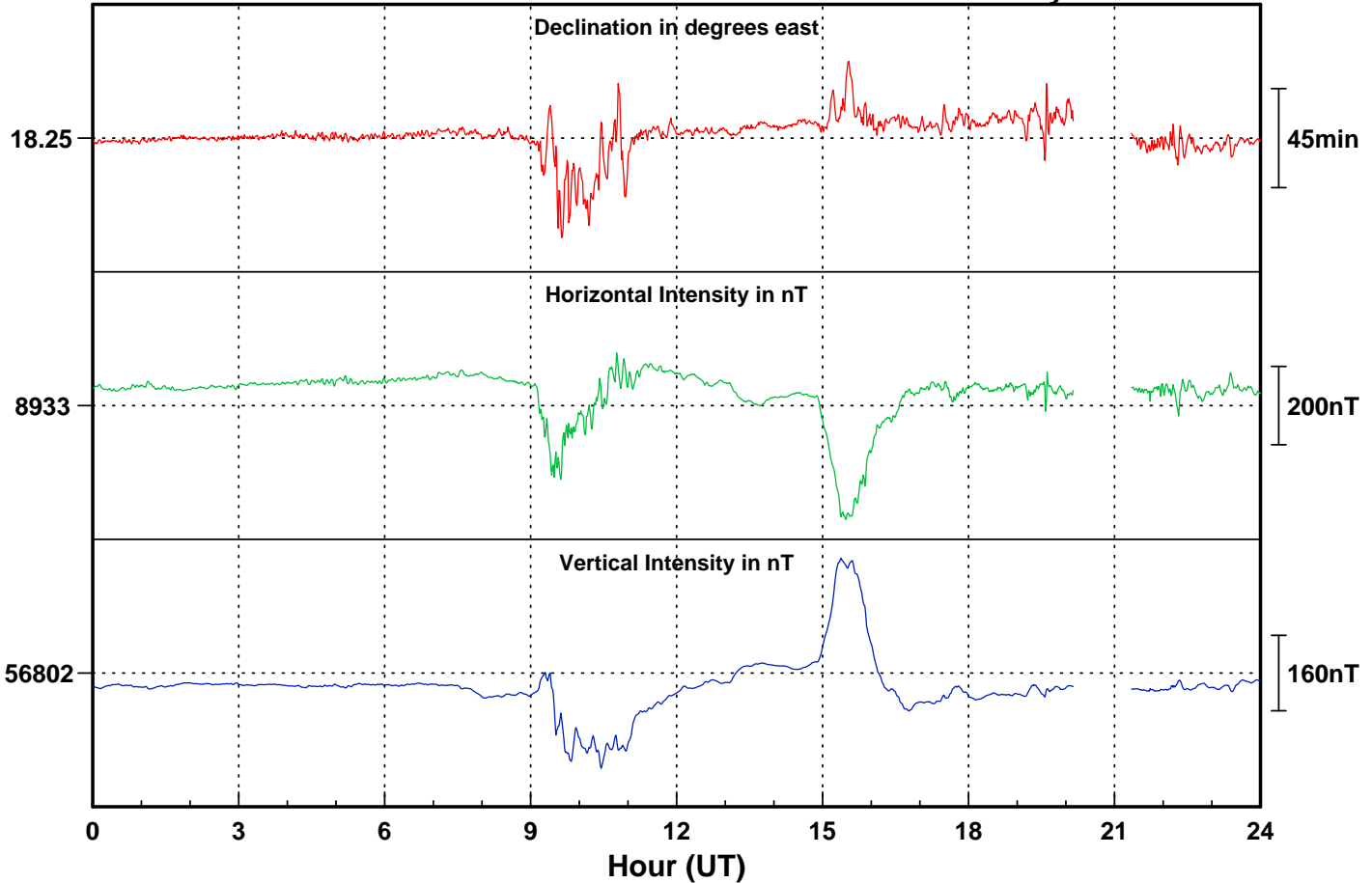
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 295



Date: 22-10-2016

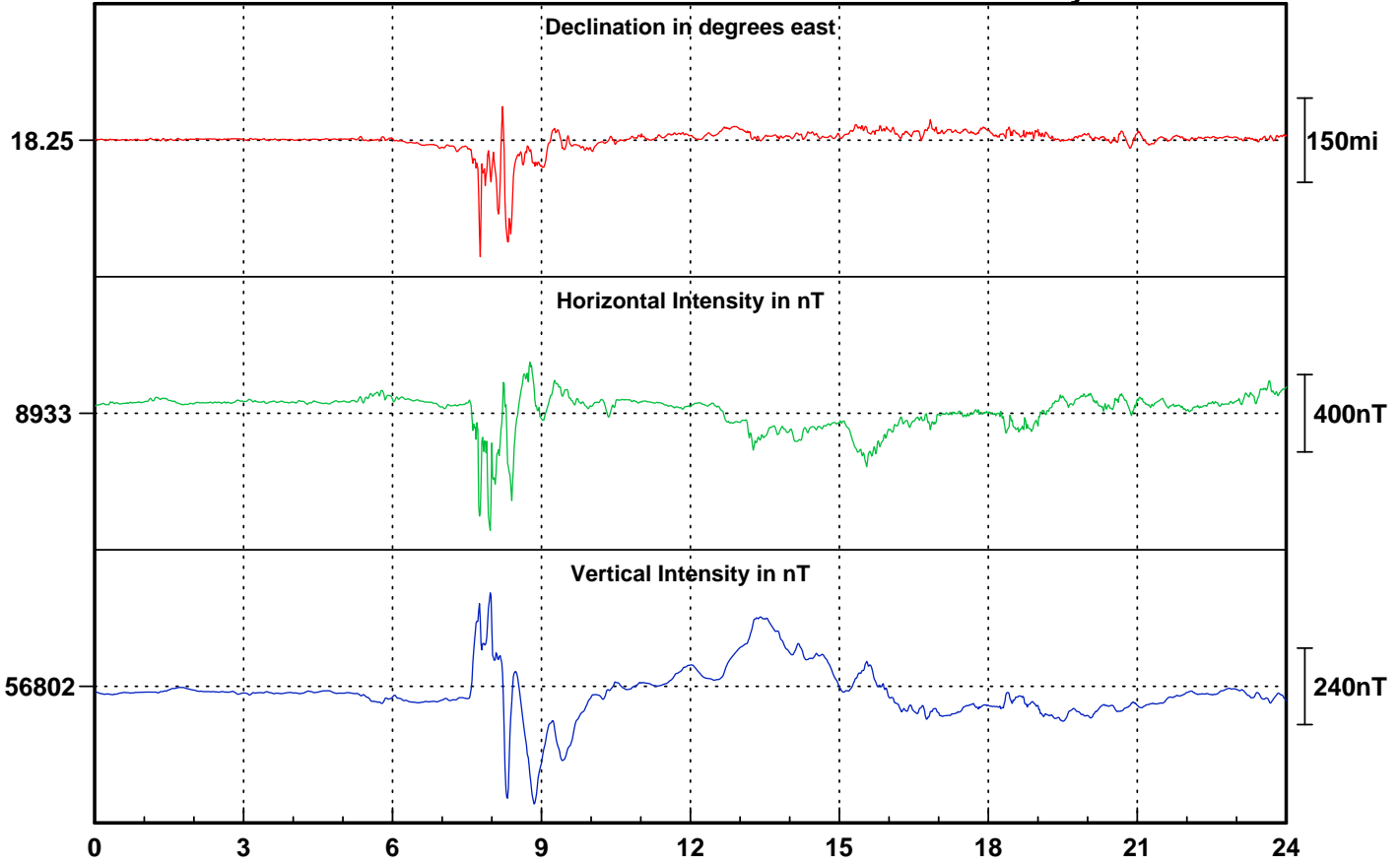
Day number: 296



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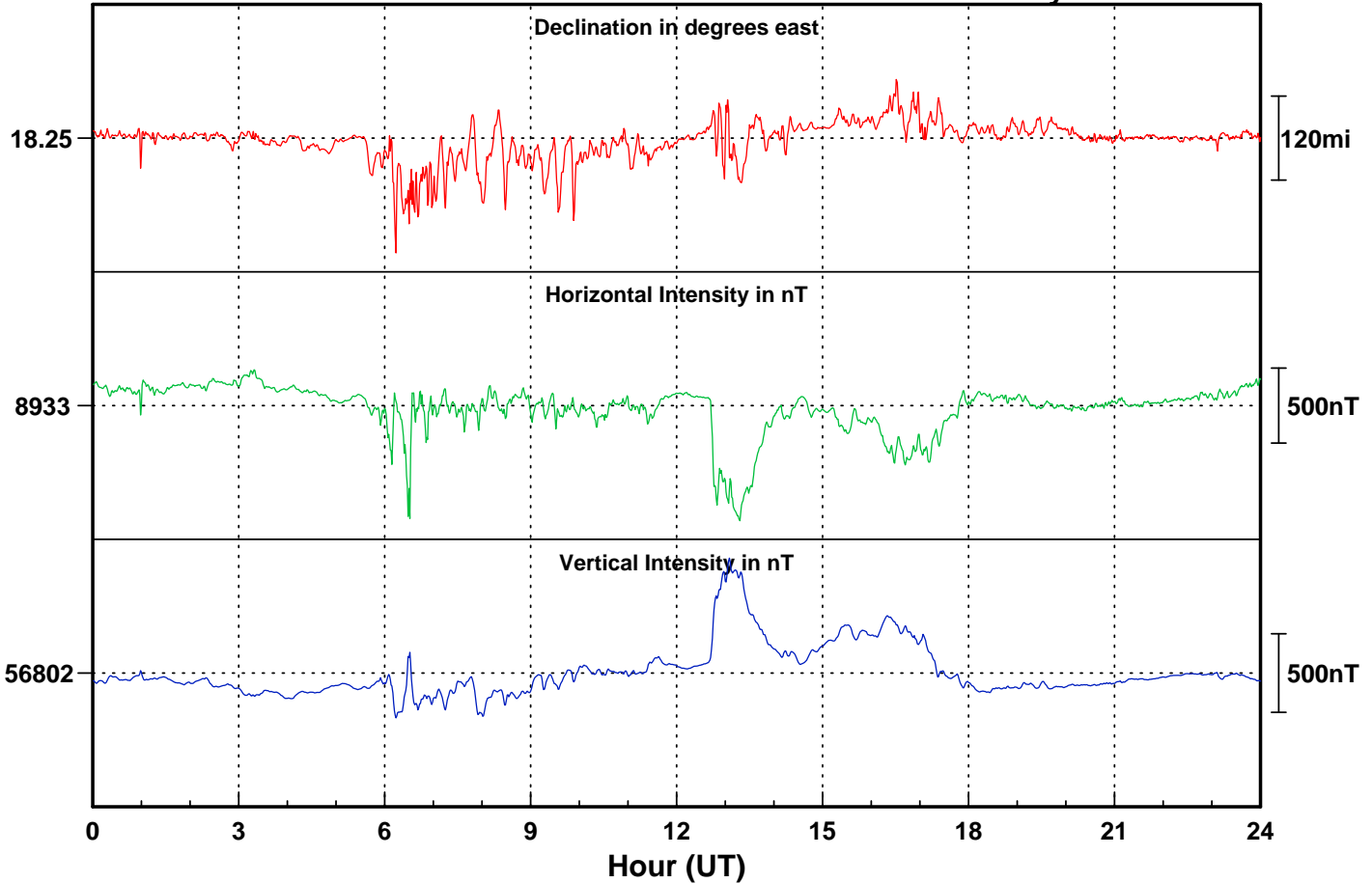
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 297



Date: 24-10-2016

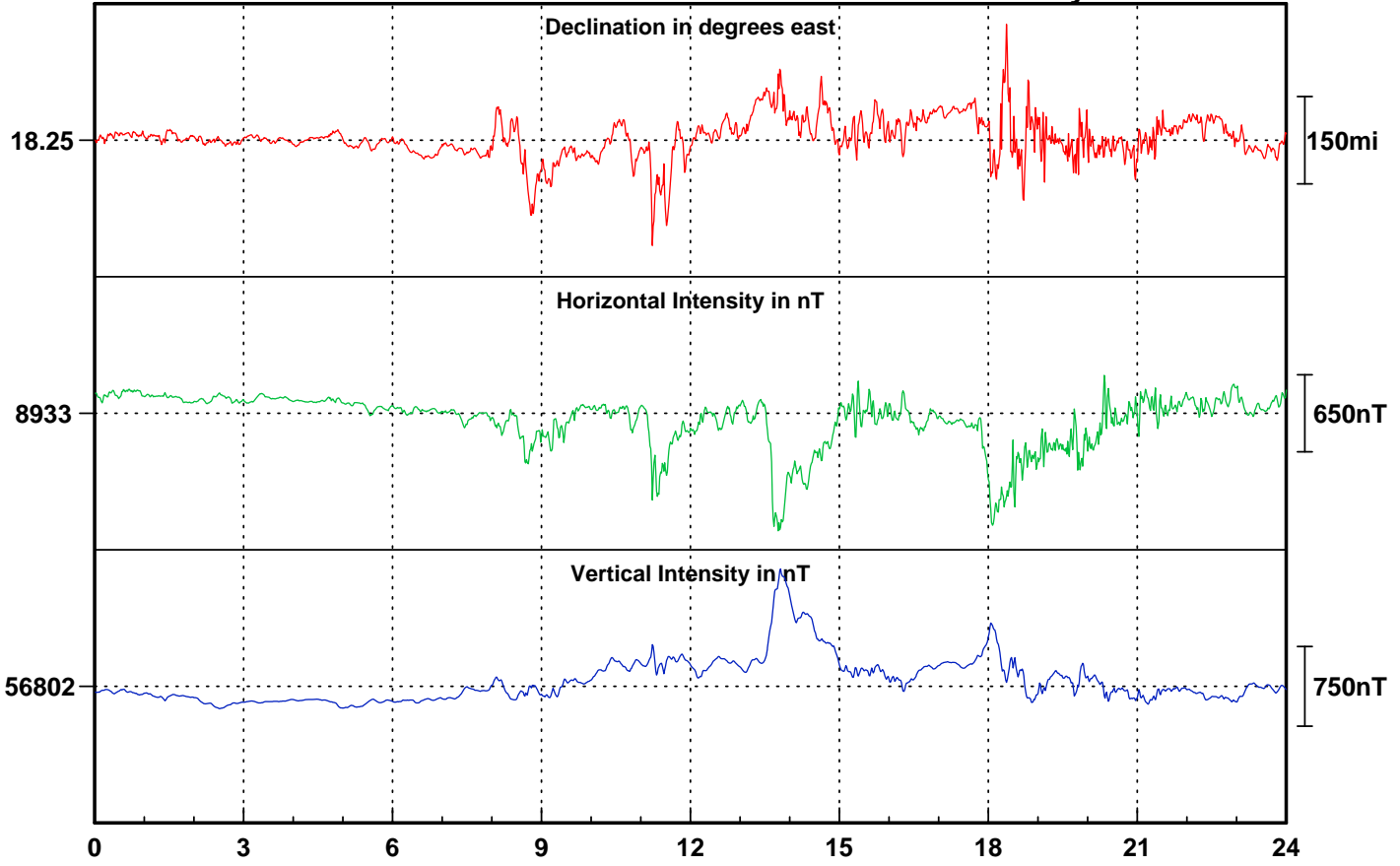
Day number: 298



Date: 25-10-2016

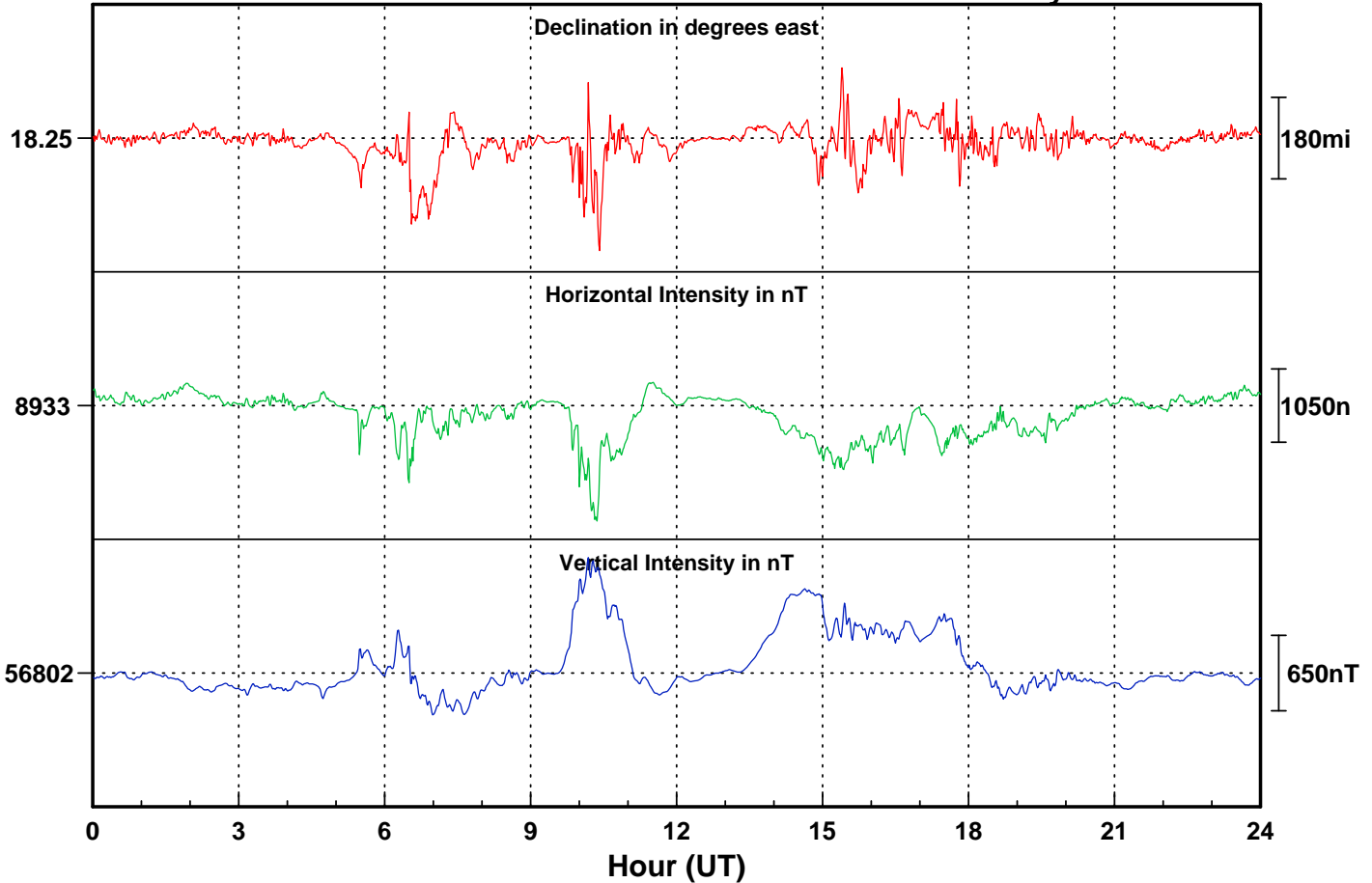
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 299



Date: 26-10-2016

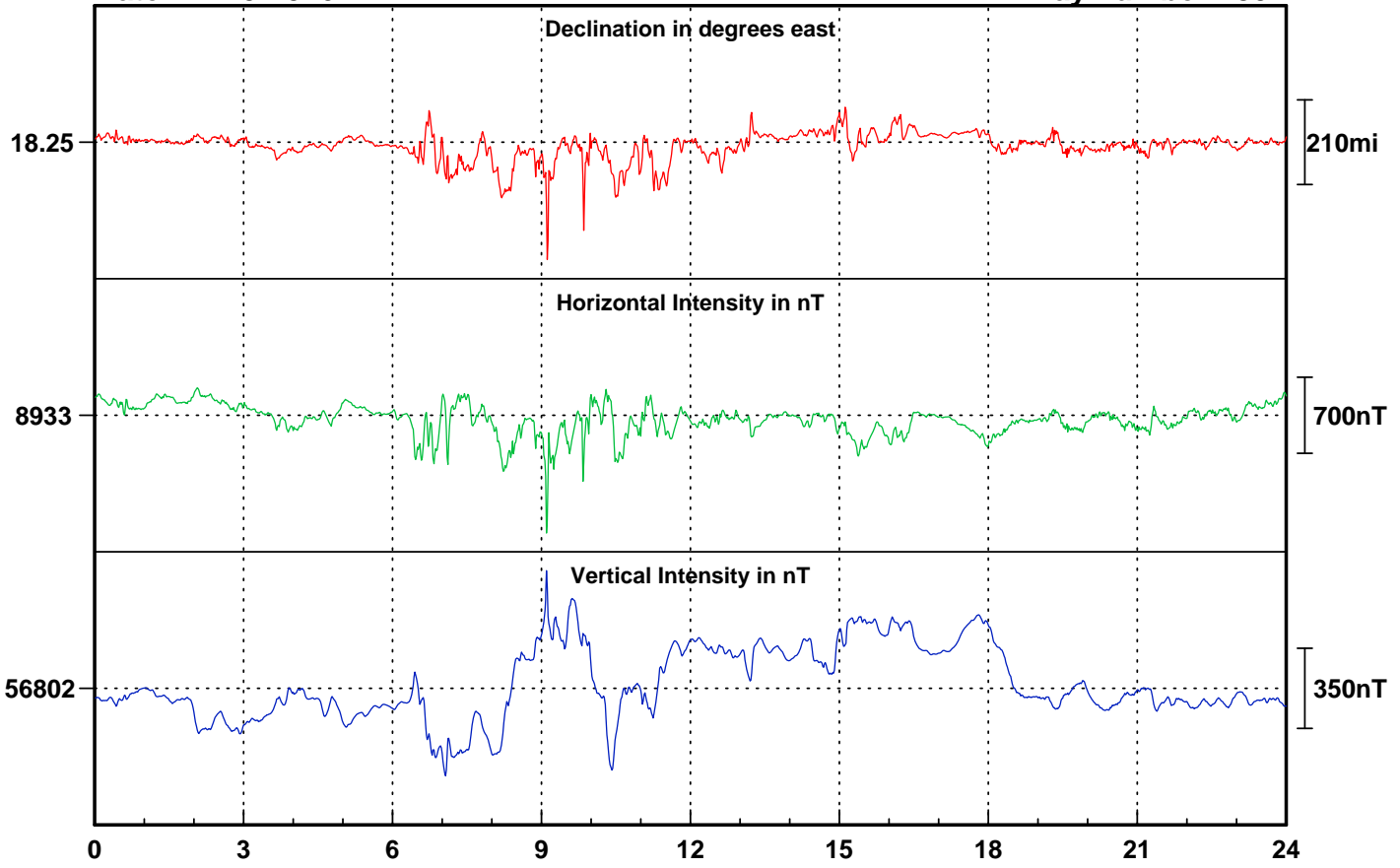
Day number: 300



Date: 27-10-2016

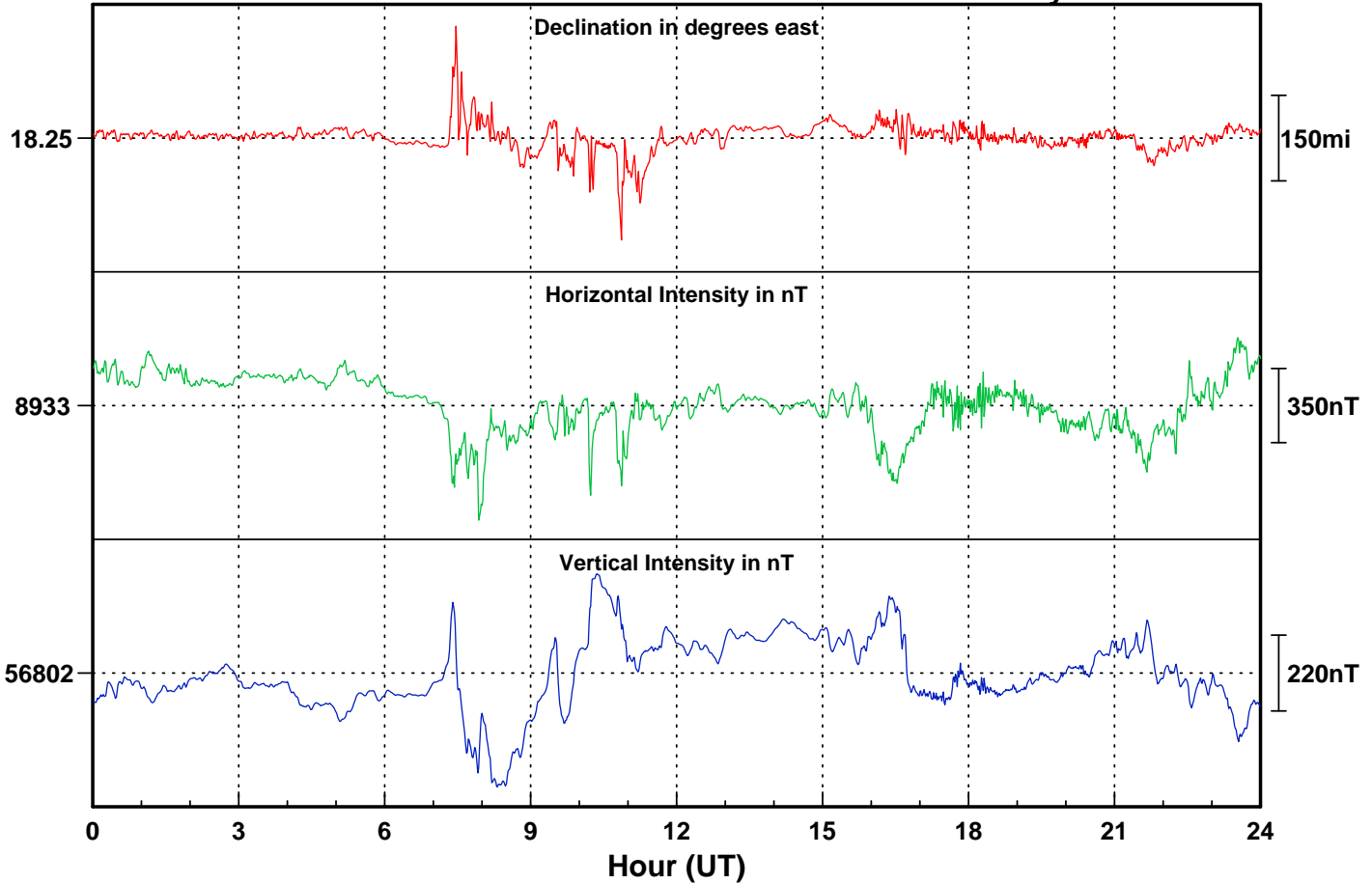
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 301



Date: 28-10-2016

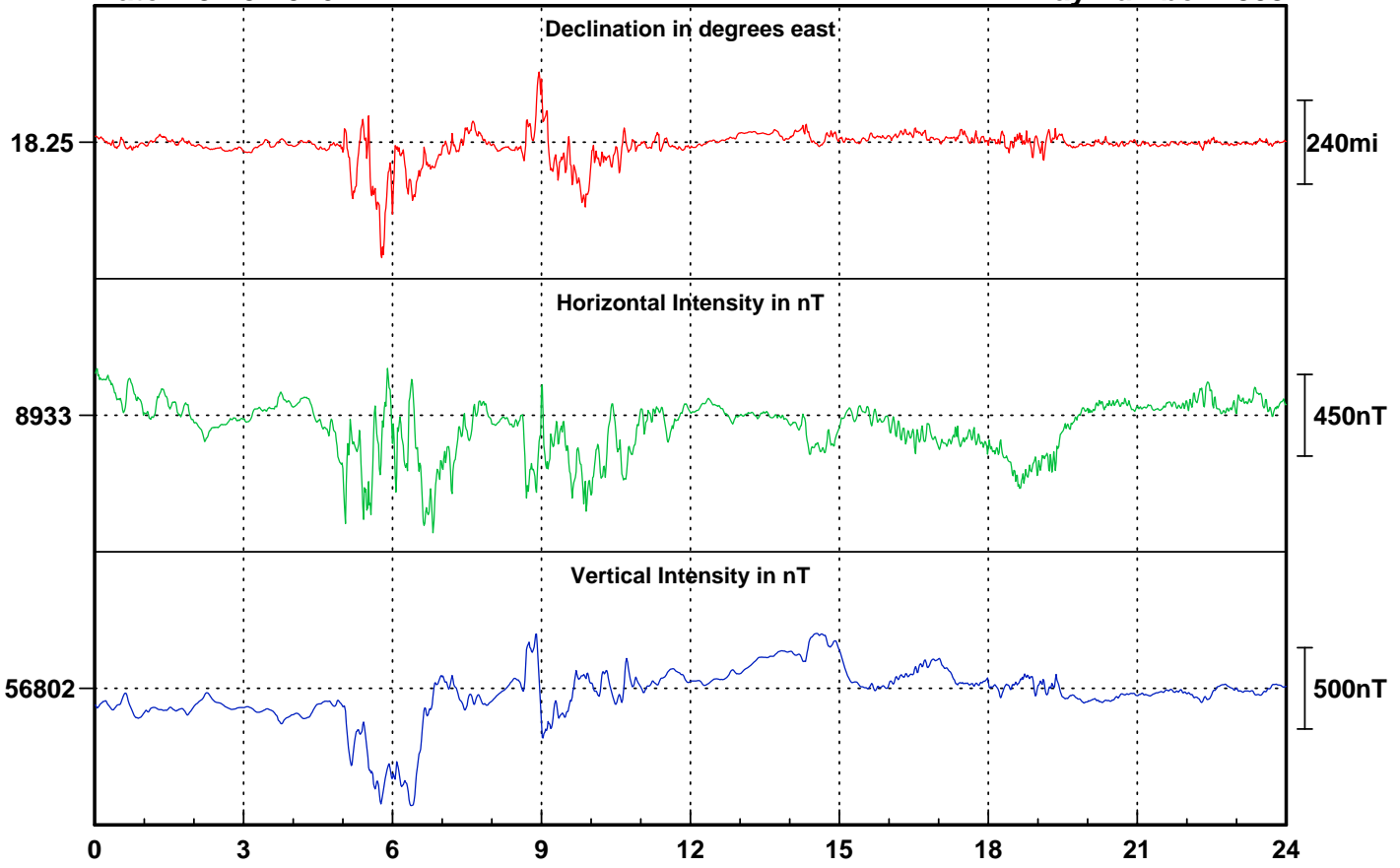
Day number: 302



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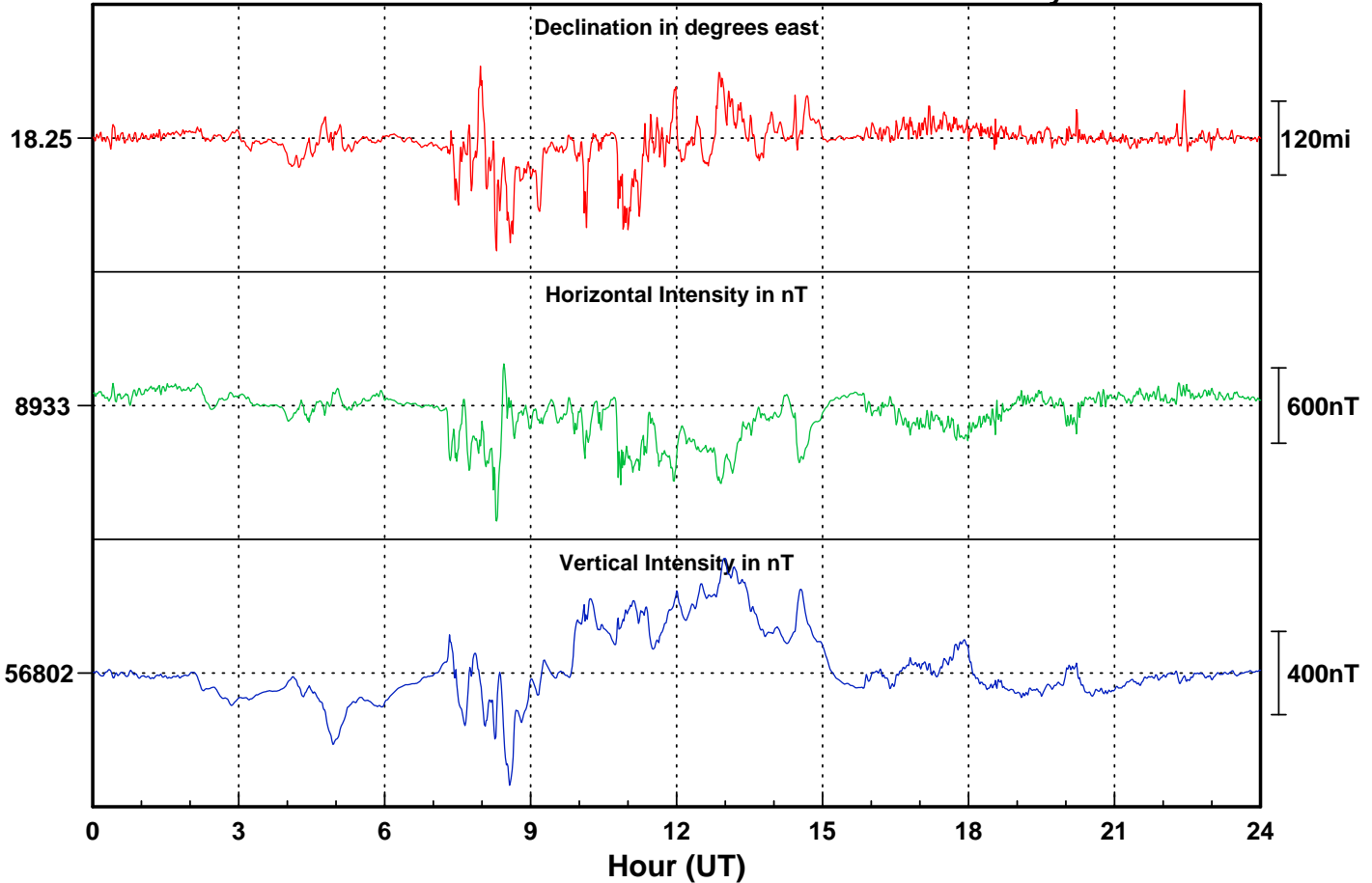
Jim Carrigan

Day number: 303



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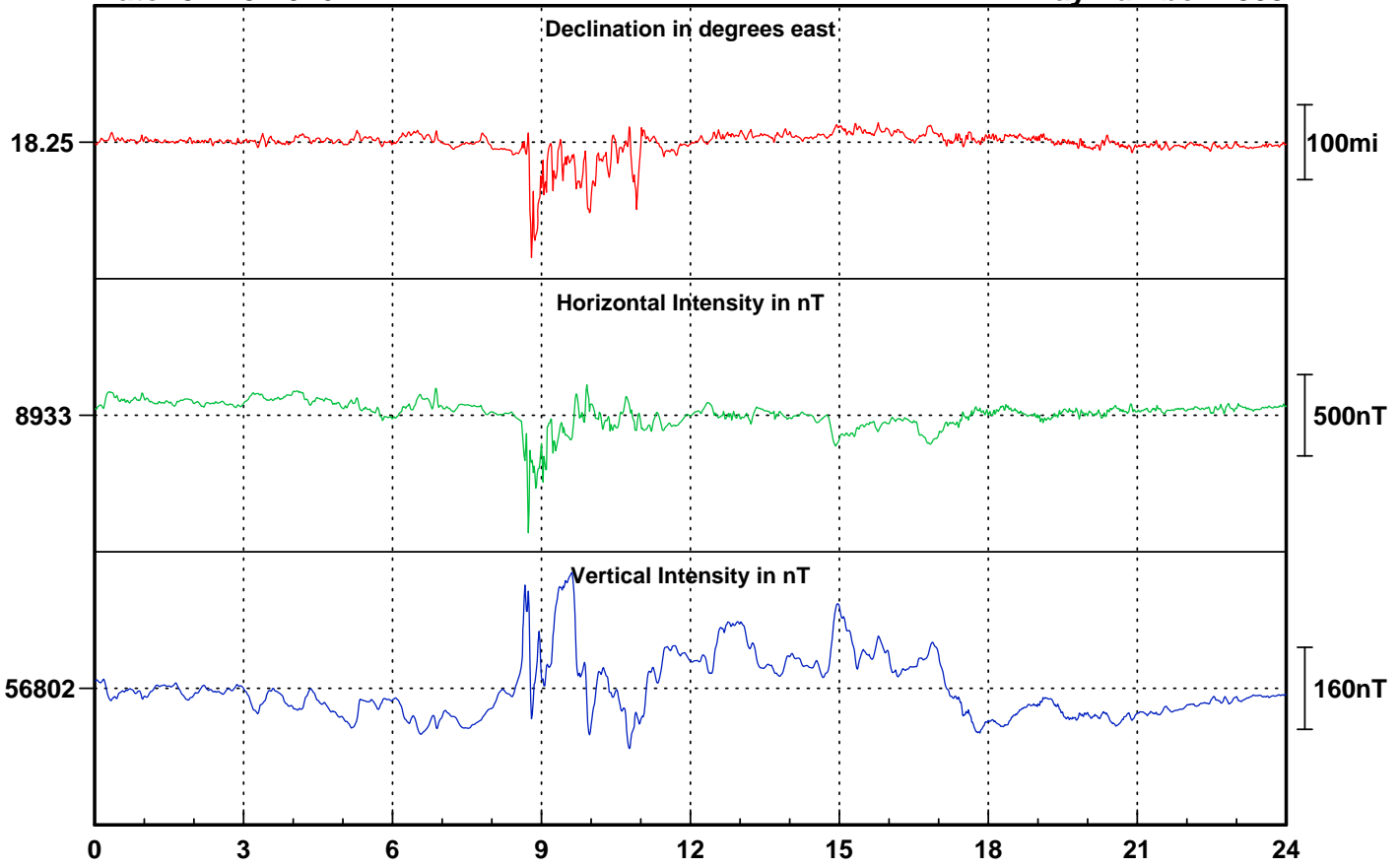
Day number: 304



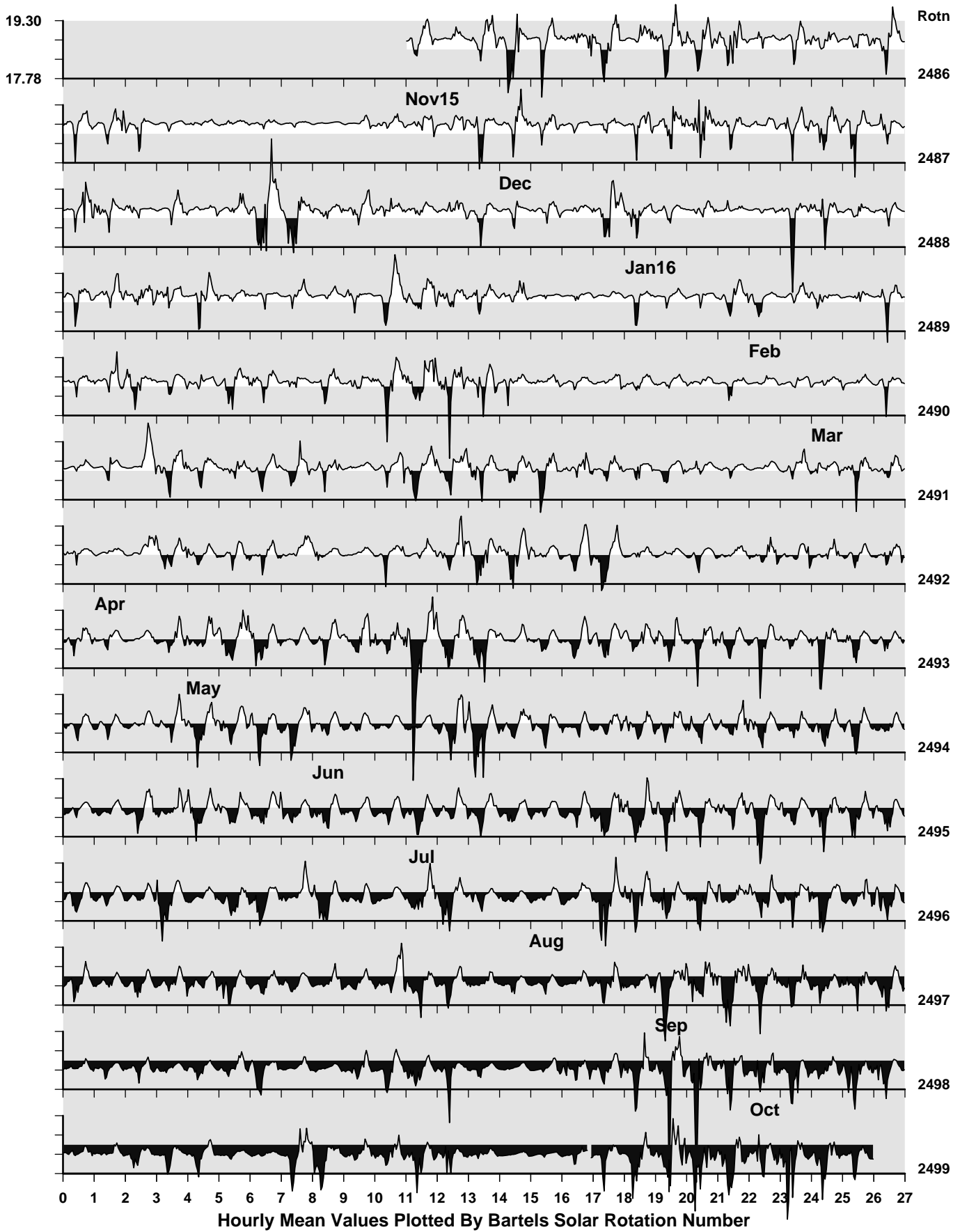
Date: 31-10-2016

Jim Carrigan

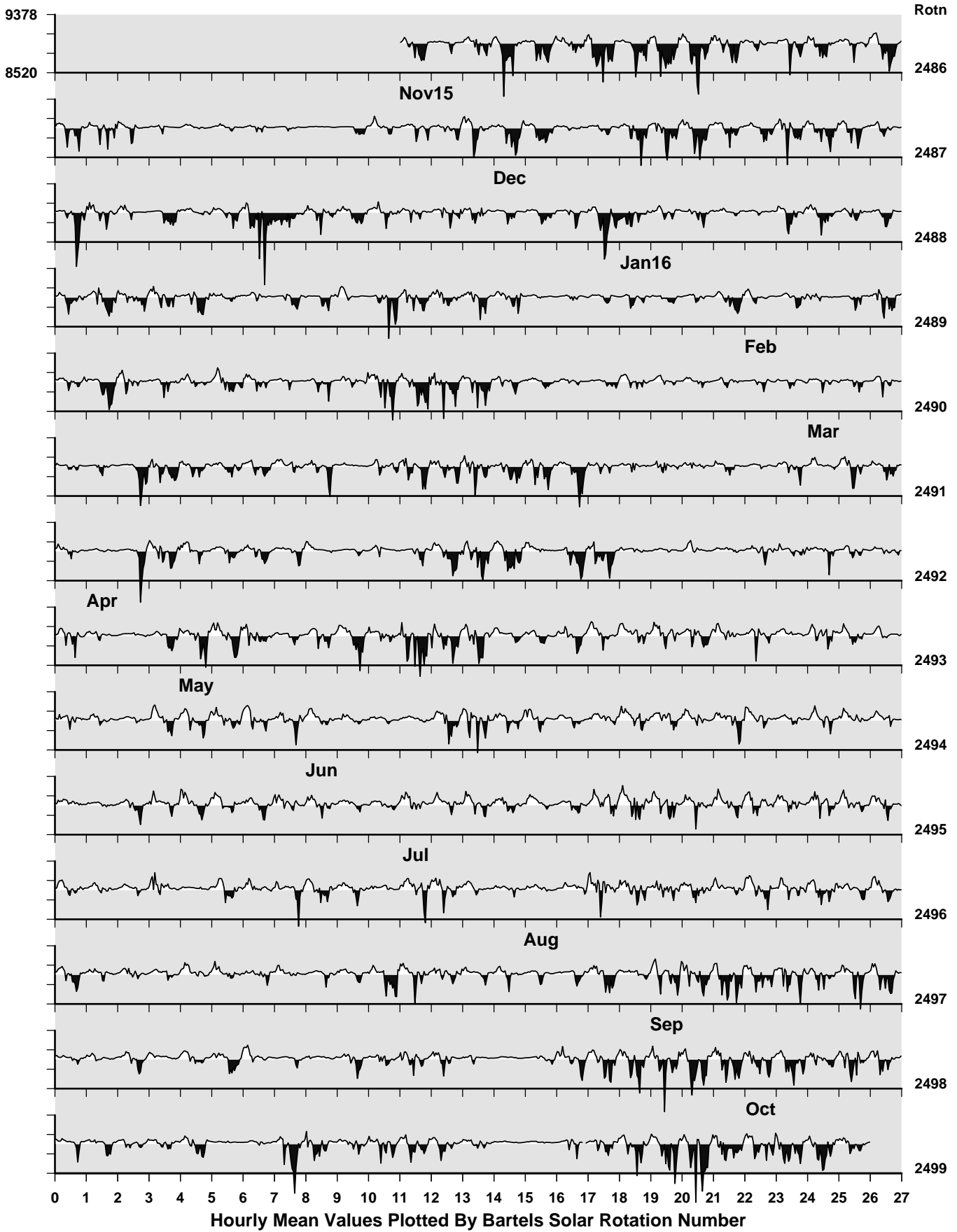
Day number: 305



Jim Carrigan Observatory: Declination (degrees)

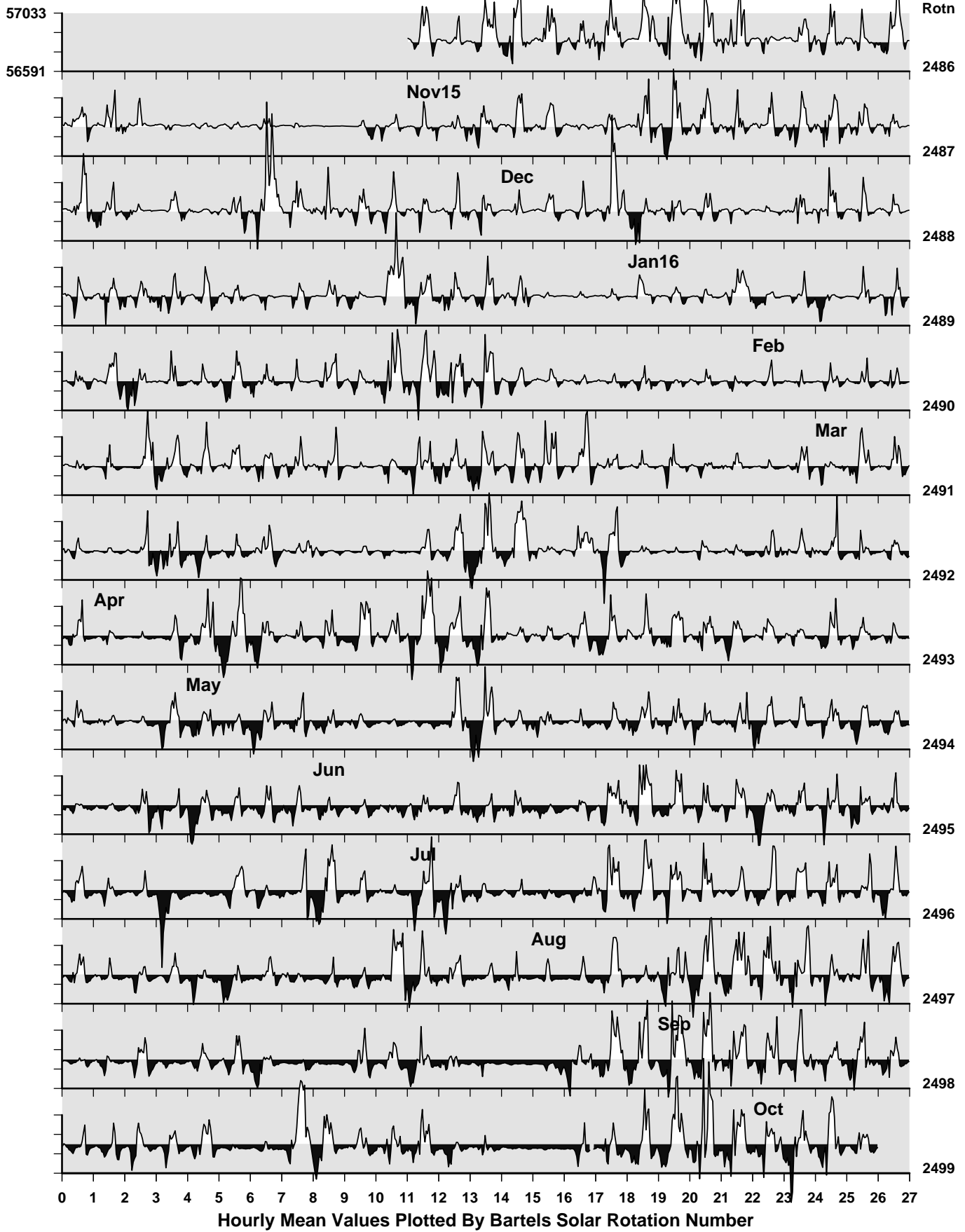


Jim Carrigan Observatory: Horizontal Intensity fhTŁ

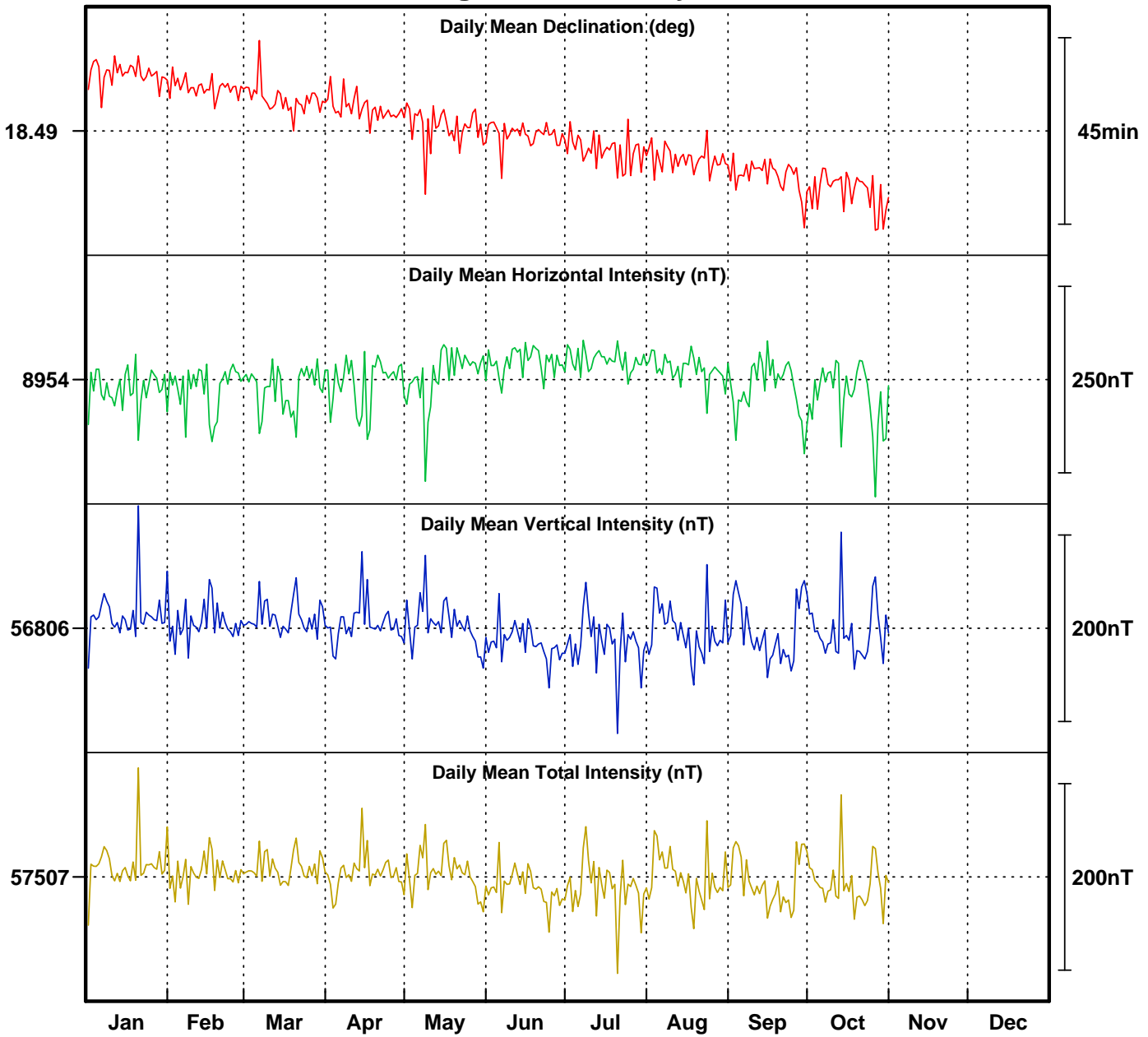


Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

Jim Carrigan Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Jim Carrigan Observatory 2016



Monthly Mean Values for Jim Carrigan Observatory 2016

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	18° 43.2′	8941 nT	81° 3.4′	8468 nT	2870 nT	56821 nT	57520 nT
February	18° 39.9′	8944 nT	81° 3.2′	8474 nT	2862 nT	56811 nT	57511 nT
March	18° 37.1′	8943 nT	81° 3.3′	8475 nT	2855 nT	56817 nT	57517 nT
April	18° 34.9′	8950 nT	81° 2.8′	8483 nT	2852 nT	56811 nT	57511 nT
May	18° 30.4′	8960 nT	81° 2.2′	8497 nT	2844 nT	56809 nT	57512 nT
June	18° 28.7′	8978 nT	81° 1.0′	8515 nT	2846 nT	56790 nT	57496 nT
July	18° 24.7′	8980 nT	81° 0.9′	8520 nT	2836 nT	56790 nT	57496 nT
August	18° 22.7′	8969 nT	81° 1.7′	8511 nT	2828 nT	56803 nT	57507 nT
September	18° 18.6′	8943 nT	81° 3.2′	8490 nT	2809 nT	56803 nT	57503 nT
October	18° 15.0′	8933 nT	81° 3.8′	8483 nT	2797 nT	56802 nT	57500 nT

Note

i. The values shown here are provisional.